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KASHMIR WILL RESIST U. N. O. PLAN

Decision Denounced: No Surrender To Slavery

NATIONAL CONFERENCE CALL TO PEOPLE OF STATE

But Security Council Members Are Optimistic Of Success

SRINAGAR, April 22, (API):

THE General Council of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference unanimously rejected the resolution on Kashmir passed by the Security Council. It called upon the people of the State to oppose any attempt to enforce the decision and asked the Popular Administration to be prepared for any eventuality.

Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir State, presided.

DECISION TO RESIST

The Council characterised the resolution as a positive proof of power politics and said: "The Security Council resolution aims at forcing the people of Jammu and Kashmir into slavery" and added that "the National Conference is not prepared to tolerate any outside interference in the freedom attained by the people of Kashmir after seventeen years' struggle. We have made tremendous sacrifices for achieving our present freedom and we will bear still more sacrifices for safeguarding it. The U.N.O. has no right to force upon it an unfair decision against the wishes of the people".

The resolution, also stated that India's representatives had done well in refusing to accept "the unjust and onesided proposal" of the Security Council.

COUNCIL MEMBERS OPTIMISTIC

LAKE SUCCESS, April 22. (Reuter): A friendly settlement of the Kashmir dispute, despite the opposition expressed by both parties to the Security Council's resolution, is regarded with considerable optimism by Council members.

While it is recognised that both parties still have strong objections to certain parts of the Council's proposed terms of settlement, it is believed on good authority that neither India nor Pakistan will categorically refuse to co-operate with the Security Council's Commission.

Although the final decision on this point remains with the Governments at Delhi and Karachi, there are strong indications that the Commission may soon be at work on the spot.

It is emphasised in Council circles that the terms of settlement proposed in the Council's resolution were never intended to be final or mandatory and that when the Commission reaches the field it will be able to discuss matters of detail with considerable elasticity.

Council members recall that in the settlement of the Indonesian dispute it was found that some difficulties which appeared insoluble during the Council deliberations were smoothed away when the "Good Offices" Committee started its practical work in the field.

The Council now has to establish the Commission of five members.. one to be chosen by India and another by Pakistan. A third member would be designated by the two so selected, while the remaining two should be appointed by the Council President.

A time-limit of 10 days is established for the creation of the Commission.

India originally proposed Czechoslovakia as its choice for delegate, but it is understood that it is now possible this choice will be changed. Pakistan has not yet indicated whom they prefer for their delegate.

(See Page 5.)

Gopalaswami For London

Indian Delegation To U.N. Returning Home

LAKE SUCCESS, April 22. (Reuter): The Indian Delegation to the United Nations, which has been handling the difficult Kashmir dispute for over four months, is beginning to break up for return home.

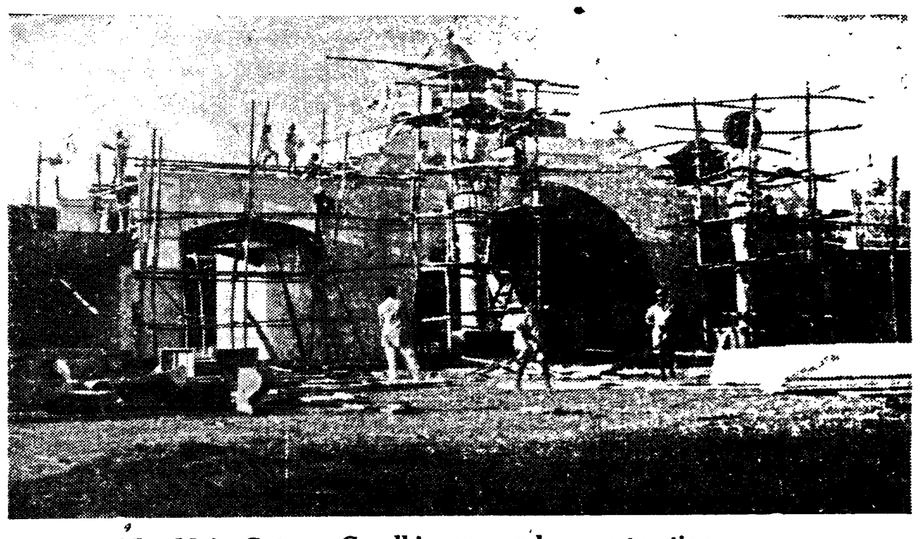
It is learned here that the chief Indian delegate, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, is leaving New York by air on Friday evening for London where he will spend a few days before going to India.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad is expected to leave New York today, while Sir Girja Bajpai may leave tomorrow.

VELLODI TO REMAIN BEHIND

Mr. M. K. Vellodi will remain behind to deal with the remaining India and Pakistan issues still before the Security Council. Messrs. Ayyangar and Vellodi are at present in Washington where, it is understood, they may have conversations with American political personalities, though not necessarily on the Kashmir issue.

GANDHI NAGAR AT MARINE DRIVE



The Main Gate to Gandhinagar under construction.

Parliamentary Board Not To Be Appointed By A. I. C. C.

Nine-member Standing Committee To Report On Economic Condition: Leaders Arriving Today

NEW DELHI, April 22, (API): The Congress Working Committee met for three and a half hours this morning and adjourned till 3 p.m. after concluding its discussion on the new draft constitution of the Congress, which was accepted with certain minor modifications.

As a result of the discussion on the Labour situation, a five-member committee with Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Shri Shankerrao Deo as President and Secretary respectively was appointed to look into the labour condition of the country and assist the Labour Department of the AICC.

The committee ended its two—day session in this afternoon when it discussed for three hours the economic programme of the Congress and also the situation in Hyderabad and Kashmir. The Committee will reassemble on April 24 at 8 a.m. in Bombay.

Following the discussion on the report of the Economic Sub-Committee, the Congress Working Committee appointed a Nine-Member Standing Committee to submit detailed reports on the economic condition of the country from time to time.

As regards the modifications the Working Committee has introduced in the draft constitution of the Congress, which was finally considered by the committee at its morning sitting and accepted, the Working Committee has not accepted the recommendations of the Constitution Committee that Hindustani (Nagri) Script) should be the language in which the proceedings of the Congress shall ordinarily be conducted and recorded that the Working Committee has retained Hindustani without any mention of the script.

The Working Committee has also rejected the recommendation of the Constitution Committee for an increase in the personnel of the Working Committee from 15 to 20.

Rejecting the recommendation of the Constitution Committee for the formation of a Parliamentary Election Committee and a Parliamen-

(Continued on Page 7)

Two More States Mergers

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, April 22.

Two other mergers of States have been decided upon and will be announced this week. One merger is that of Central India States to be called Malwa Union. It will have 28 States, including Indore and Gwalior

The second merger is that of the Punjab Sikh States of Kapurthala, Faridkot, Nabbha, Jind, Malerkotla and Kalsia. Patiala will stand out for the present.

MERGER OF CUTCH WITH UNION?

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, April 22.

Knowledgeable circles reveal the possibility of Cutch state being directly attached to the Indian Dominion as a centrally administered area owing to its strategic position, though the question of its merger with Saurashtra has not yet been ruled out. Political circles strongly critise the United Nations' latest resolution on the Kashmir issue and consider that the continuance of the presence of Indian troops is essential for the maintenance of law and order.

All Control Over Cloth And Yarn To Go

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENT IN A WEEK

Concern Over Soaring Prices: Warning To Merchants

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, April 22

The Government of India have decided to remove practically all controls from cotton textiles, including those on distribution of yarn, mill stores and voluntary control of prices. Inter-provincial movement of cloth, however, will be retained, it is stated.

WARNING TO TRADE

There will be no voluntary fixation of prices by mills, but ex-factory prices will continue to be stamped on cloth, in order to enable the consumer to have an idea of the correct prices.

Government, however, are greatly concerned with the rising trend in the prices of cloth and it is emphasised that, if this tendency is not checked, they will review the situation after three months with a view to considering the desirability of re-imposing controls.

An auxiliary problem which has arisen in the textile industry concerns the handloom cloth industry, in which a considerable slump has resulted recently as a direct consequence of the decontrol of mill cloth.

In view of the unemployment of thousands of handloom weavers as a result of the slump and the stress which the Government of India are laying on the building of cottage industries, this question is seriously engaging the attention of the Government.

Another question which Government are examining relates to the large profits made through blackmarketing in cloth in recent months. It is believed that the Government may set up some machinery to investigate the extent of such profits and to recommend to Government the best methods of absorption of these illegal profits in Public Exchequer

It is suggested by textile interests that the rise in the prices of cloth is due to a rise in the price of cotton (Deshi by 20 and Egyptian by 100 per cent) but it is emphasised that there are other artificial factors for this increase, namely, hoarding of large stocks by millowners in expectation of an increase in price and a large increase in the number of middlemen dealing in the cloth trade, particularly refugees from Pakistan.

An announcement of the Government's decision is expected in a week

Sir Homi Mehta Buried

WOKING (Surrey) April 22. (Reuter): Millionaire banker and industrialist Sir Homi Mehta victim of last week's air disaster at Shannon, Eire, was buried to-day beneath an arch carved with sacred Parsee texts in the Parsee section of the Brookwood Cemetery near here.

Among the mourners who heard two Parsee priests recite the Avesta (Parsee scriptures) while sandalwood incense burned in an urn were Mrs. B. P. Mehta (daughter-in-law) and Mr. J. H. Oomrigar (nephew), and personal friends of Sir Homi and Lady Modi and Colonel H. Grandy.

Also present were Sir Alexander Gray, former Manager of the Bank of India Mr. A. D. Shroff Director of Tata and Sons Limited and Sir Frederick James, (Director of Tata Limited, London).

Wreaths from India bore the names of Lady Mehta Mr. and Mrs. Pali Mehta and family Mrs. Ratu Mehta and the directors and staff of H. M. Mehta and Sons, Limited of Bombay.

Some 250 Parsees have been buried in the cemetery since the one and a half acres were consecrated in 1860.

INDIAN TROOPS INTENSIFY ACTIVITIES IN KASHMIR

Evidence Of Raiders' Inhuman Deeds Found In Rajaori

JAMMU, April 22. (A.P.I.): Indian army troops have intensified their activities in Jammu and Kashmir with the advent of summer. Our patrols are active in all sectors and penetrate daily into raider-infested areas where Indian troops are welcomed by the local population, both Hindu and Muslim, who relate to our troops the tyranny perpetrated by the raiders and plead for early liberation of their villages.

Indian army troops in the Rajaori sector are daily coming across further evidence of the horrible and inhuman deeds perpetrated by the raiders. Our troops yesterday discovered a considerable number of dead bodies in an area near Rajaori. One could see that most of these souls were tortured and maimed to death by the raiders.

DOCUMENTS SEIZED

Our patrols in Rajaori area attacked a raiders position. Eight raiders were killed and wounded and their store of rations, large quantities of signal, cable wire and a bundle of documents pertaining to raiders' activities were seized.

Fighter aircraft of the Royal Indian Air Force, while on reconnaissance over the Mirpur area, encountered anti-aircraft fire. Our aircraft successfully hit raiders' concentration.

Our mobile columns encountered three large bands of well armed looters from across the Pakistan border into Jammu Province. Fifty of them were killed and the remainder fled across the border into Pakistan territory. Another band of looters armed with rifles was intercepted by our border patrols and in the encounter which ensued, eight looters were killed while the rest ran for shelter into Pakistan territory.

STATE FORCES' ACHIEVEMENTS

Officers and men of the State forces who successfully launched an attack on the raiders and captured the Lapri hill on April 15 have been congratulated by Brigadier Krishna Singh, Commanding the Jammu Brigade. In the eight-hour battle which ensued, the State forces inflicted heavy casualties on the raiders.

By the capture of Lapri hill, a commanding feature on the peak which is the hightest in the Riasi sector has fallen into our hands.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY
NEW YORK, April 22.

Previous closing	38.05
Today's opening	38.08
Difference	+3
Today's closing	37.74
Difference	—31

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, April 22.

Cotton Jarila May	Rs.	719	8	0
Silver Bullion forward	Rs.	169	0	0
Silver chamber forward	Rs.	169	8	0
Gold forward	Rs.	115	8	0
Sovereign	Rs.	73	8	0

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, April 22.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda copper mining 38-1,8,
General motors 56-7|8.
United States steel common unquoted.
United States steel preference unquoted.

Wider Field For Scindias

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Advice has been received from London stating that the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Limited, have been admitted member of the India-U.K./Continental Conferences, which will give them the right, as Conference member, of regularly berthing steamers between ports in India and Pakistan and ports in U.K./Continent. The Company proposes to engage eight of its modern steamers in these services.

M. A. MASTER FOR LONDON

Delegate To International Maritime Conference

BOMBAY, April 22 (API): Mr. M. A. Master, one of the members of the Indian Delegation to the International Maritime Conference for the safety of life at sea, left for London this morning. The conference will be held on April 23.

The Indian Delegation will be led by Mr. V. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India in London and Mr. R. S. Mani, Deputy High Commissioner, and Capt. S. A. T. Bullock, Nautical Adviser to the Government of India are other members of the delegation.

The conference will discuss questions relating to standards of ship construction, provision of life saving and fire appliances on board ship, radio aids to navigation and carriage of dangerous goods.

OOTACAMUND, April 22 (API): A Delegation of the Government of India from the Ministries of Defence Finance and Education are now here conferring with the authorities of the Lawrence Memorial Royal Military School at Lovedale to decide the future of this institution. A report will be submitted to the Government of India on the subject before the end of this month.

Socialist Research Institute

CALCUTTA, April 22. (U.P.I.): The Socialist Party of India has decided to set up an institution to conduct researches into the political, economic, social and other allied problems that face India and the world to-day.

The Party has appointed the first Council of Governors to carry on the work. On the Council are Sri Jaiprakash Narain Acharya Narendra Dev, Dr. Lohia, besides a number of professors of eminence. The Institute will be known as the "Khoj Parishad", with its centre at Calcutta. Its sphere of work will be East India comprising Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar and the United Provinces, although it will enter into relations of alliance or affiliation with similar institutions elsewhere.

Japanese Trade Delegation

NEW DELHI, April 22 (UPI): The Japanese Trade Delegation under the leadership of Mr. D. R. Eaton, a high official of the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers' office, will arrive in Calcutta on April 27 and visit different places in India, meeting representatives of cotton textile and other industries.

During the course of discussion with the representatives of Chambers of Commerce and trade Associations and others, the Delegation, it is learnt, will try to explore possibilities of exchanging textile machinery for raw cotton, jute, etc.

It is learnt the Delegation will visit, among other places Madras Bombay and New Delhi.

Stop Press

HYDERABAD DETENUS RELEASED

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) April 22 (A.P.I.): Over 3,000 political prisoners in Hyderabad State including some 600 detained in the Hyderabad and Secunderabad jails have been released during the past 24 hours.

Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress is not among those released, nor other top-ranking state Congress leaders nor members of the Independent Progressive Party.

The releases are stated to have been ordered "after liberal examination of individual cases"

ARABS RESISTING HAGANAH ATTACKS

JERUSALEM, April 22. (Reuter): Although their main defences crumbled under the weight of Haganah mortar and machine gun fire, Arab defenders in Haifa to-night were still bitterly resisting fresh attacks and were struggling to retain their positions after the Jews had stormed and taken Palestine's chief seaport under almost complete control.

KASHMIR MINISTERS IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, April 22. (U.P.I.): Mr. Ghulam Mohammed Bakshi, Deputy Prime Minister of Kashmir, accompanied by the Revenue Minister, Mr. Mirza Mohammed Afzal Beg, arrived here from Srinagar last night.

It is understood that these two senior members of Sheikh Abdullah's Cabinet are visiting Delhi to hold consultations with high-ranking Civil and Military officials of the Government of India.

It is further learnt that besides meeting Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, they will meet, Sardar Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister.

PARIS COAL MINERS' STRIKE

Over 1 Lakh Come Out Of Pits

LILLE, April 22 (UPA): While an estimated 130,000 miners walked out today in the northern coal mining districts of France in a flash strike called by the Communist—controlled Miners Union the strike was almost general in the big Nord and Pas de Calais departments. All pits were closed in the Brusy and Nethune districts. Only a few surface workers remained on the job.

PARTY TO CENTRAL INDIA RULERS

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel gave an 'At Home' on April 20 to meet the Rulers of Central India. Sardar Patel is seen greeting the guests. Beside him is H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir.

GOVERNMENT ORDER ON B.E.S.T. DISPUTE AWARD

Failure To Honour Terms Made Penal Offence

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Government of Bombay, in a Gazette Extraordinary published on Tuesday, have issued an order enforcing the award given by Sir Harisidhbhai V. Divatia, in the dispute between the BEST Company and its employees.

Sir Harisidhbhai has also given a supplementary award

The Government order lays down that the terms of both the awards are binding on the company and its employees. Failure to comply with them either by the company or the employees is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

Text Of Government Order

Following are details of the Bombay Government's order enforcing the award in the B.E.S.T. workers' dispute given by Sir Harshidbhai V. Divatia:

Whereas an award has been made on the 19th November 1947, by Sir Harsidhbhai V. Divatia (President of the Industrial Court), who was appointed as adjudicator to adjudicate the trade dispute between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited, and its Employees.

And whereas a further award (hereinafter called "the supplementary award") has been made on the 5th April 1948, by the said Sir Harsidhbhai V. Divatia, clarifying the said award;

And whereas in the opinion of the Government of Bombay it is necessary for maintaining services essential to the life of the community to enforce the said award read with the said supplementary award;

Now, therefore, in virtue of the powers vested in the Provincial Government the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

The said award read with the said supplementary award shall bind the said Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited (in liquidation) and its scheduled employees and the said Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited (in liquidation) and its scheduled employees shall carry out the terms of the said award

Neither the said Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Ltd., (in liquidation) nor any of its scheduled employees nor any other person shall contravene or abet the contravention of any term of the said award read with the said supplementary award as aforesaid.

NOTE:—If any person contravenes or abets the contravention of the said award read with the supplementary award he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years as with fine or with both.

The Supplementary Award

The following is the text of the Supplementary award referred to in the Government order:-

"In the dispute between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways and its scheduled employees which was referred to me for adjudication on 20th March 1947 I made my award on 19th November 1947. The said award was published in the "Bombay Government Gazette," Extraordinary, dated 27th November 1947 In that dispute the Scheduled Staff Union did not take part in the proceedings before me, and appearance was field on behalf of 478 employees only. I left it to Government to decide whether the award was to be made applicable to those 478 employees only or to be extended to those who were parties to that adjudication but did not wish to appear before me. On 17th December 1947, Government made an order making the award binding on the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways and its scheduled employees. It appears that some of the employees were dissatisfied with the decisions on demand No. 1 relating to scales of pay and grades on the ground that their scales were not revised. The employees moved Government to refer the award back to me for clarification. Accordingly Government issued an order No. 5907/34-I, dated 5th February 1948 referring the award back to me and to clarify the said award in order to make it determinate and enforceable generally and with special reference to the following:—

"(A) In the award the maximum of the lower grade C5 has been raised from Rs. 141 to Rs. 220 but nothing is said regarding the consequent changes entailed in the following grades:—

(i) Grade C1 and C2, C3 and C4.
(ii) Grades C7 and C8 (Memo Clerks, etc.)
(iii) Grades C10, C11, C12, C13 and C14, (Sepoys, Hamals, Head Sepoys, etc.).

(B) Percentage increase in wages of Scheduled employees other than those in 'Schedule 'C'."

Notices were issued to the parties to the original dispute including the Secretary of the Scheduled Staff Union and the Municipal Commissioner for further hearing. At the hearing no appearance was put on behalf of the Municipal Commissioner and Mr. Sule asked permission to appear on behalf of the Scheduled Staff Union. An objection was raised by the other side to his appearance on the ground that in the proceedings before the award of 19th November 1947, the Union did not care to appear and did not want to take part in those proceedings, that the Union had not moved Government for clarification of the award although the award was made binding by Government on employees in general without making any exception in spite of my observations in paragraph 1 of the award, I upheld the objection and ruled that the Union was not entitled to appear in these proceedings about interpretation and clarification as the Union was not a party to the award originally made unless it was made as such by an order of Government. The Union by its letter, dated the 24th March 1948, has written to Government saying "that the Union has decided under protest not to take part in any of the further proceedings concerning the interpretation of the said award." The letter was endorsed to me for information by the Secretary of the Union.

SCALES OF PAY.

In revising the scales of pay of the scheduled employees I directed that from 1st January 1947 till 6th August 1947 they should get the same salaries which I had fixed in the municipal adjudication, and that adjustments in their salaries should be made on the principles accepted by me in the municipality's case. The scales awarded in the municipality's dispute were as follows:—

Clerks:—Rs. 75—5—95—6—125—7—160—E.B.—8—200—10—220.

Head Clerks:—Rs. 220—10—260.

Chief Clerk:—Rs. 260—15—320.

Except these recommendations, the demand No. 1 was rejected. The minimum of the grade of the clerks according to my award is Rs. 75 rising up to Rs. 220. The employees in their original demands had asked for revision of the grades C5, C6 and C7 from the minimum of Rs. 80 to the maximum of Rs. 250. The employees therefore in C5, C6 and C7 ought to get the grade for the clerks awarded in the municipality's dispute. The present grade of C3 is Rs. 180 to Rs. 220 and for C4 it is from Rs. 150 to Rs. 175. For C2 the grade starts with Rs. 225 and ends with Rs. 300 and for C1 it begins at Rs. 310 and goes up to Rs. 400. The grievance of the employees appears to be that the grades of clerks for C5, C6 and C7 having been revised from Rs. 75 to Rs. 220. C4 and C3 which were originally higher grades than C5 and C6 should also have been revised consequently. At the time of argument when the original dispute was heard it was pointed out to me that C1, C2, C3 and C4 were all supervisory grades, that there were no Head Clerks ' or Chief Clerks in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways corresponding to such grades in the municipality and therefore I had not changed those grades. But Mr. Shantilal Shah who appeared for the employees urged that C3 and C4 employees must get the corresponding salaries of municipal servants, viz., those of Head clerks or Chief clerks. The municipality at present is giving the same salaries to C3 and C4 employees which was paid by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways before the award. Since the concern is taken over by the Municipality with effect from 7th August 1947, it is for the municipality to make the necessary adjustments of the grades C1, C2, C3 and C4 and fix their scales vis-a-vis the scales of other municipal employees in the light of my awards dated 19th November 1947 on the disputes from the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways, and the municipality. I do not think there was any omission is leaving the scales unrevised for these four grades.

Disappeared In Berlin

BERLIN, April 21 (Reuter).—The United States Military Government published today a list of 49 persons who have disappeared in Berlin since the occupation in 1945.

They gave the time and place in which each person was last seen and available details of the circumstances.

The list included persons from the American, British and Russian sectors and persons who reached Berlin from the Soviet zone.

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Tondiarpet, Madras-21.

"ALWAHID" EDITOR ARRESTED

KARACHI, April 22 (API): Mr. Abdul Gaffoor Sitai, editor of "The Alwahid" a leading Sindhi Muslim League paper, was arrested today under the Sind Public Safety Ordinance. Under the same ordinance the paper was ordered on Tuesday last to suspend publication for a month.

"Indian Express" Copies Seized

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) April 21 (API) Copies of "Indian Express" of Madras, which arrived here by air today, were confiscated by the police on the ground that the issue of the paper was alleged to contain "objectionable" material.

Underground Communist Worker Arrested

Mr. U. P. Choudhary a city Communist, who is alleged to have gone undergound after the arrest of members of the Communist Party of India, was arrested under the Public Security Measures Act in a restaurant at Rampart Row, by the Bombay CID, on Thursday afternoon.

Czech T. U. C. Protest To India Government

PRAGUE, April 22 (Reuter): The Czechoslovak Trade Union Council protested today to the Indian Government against the arrest of Communist leaders of the Indian Trade Union movement.

"TIMES" PESSIMISTIC ABOUT CHINA

Stresses Need For Putting Through Drastic Reforms

LONDON, April 21 (Reuter)—The London "Times" commenting today on the election of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek as first President of China under the new constitution, asserted that unless reform of the most drastic kind were put through, even the Generalissimo's great qualities could not save the Nanking regime.

"The difficulties which confront him are so formidable that many observers doubt whether the Nanking Government can last very long in its present form", the paper wrote.

"The best efforts of the Generalissimo have so far failed to stem the Communist advance, even with American aid.

"The dismal story of military reverses and economic deterioration shows no signs of coming to an end, but so long as the Generalissimo controls the Government there will be no compromise with the Communists."

ULEMA'S NEW PROGRAMME

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Maulana Hifzur Rehman, General Secretary of the Jamiatul-Ulim-e-Hind told pressmen this morning at the Taj Mahal Hotel that with the attainment of independence and the abolition of communal electorate the Jamiatul-Ulema had decided to stop all its political activities and confine itself to reigious, cultural social and educational upliftment of the Muslim masses.

He said that the Jamiatul-Ulema was started in 1919 at Amritsar with an object of giving a lead to the Muslim in the struggle of India's independence and to light the separatist forces among the Muslims. Today that object having been achieved they had decided to change their policy. Henceforward they would consider the Indian National Congress as their political platform.

Today, he said, as in the past the Hindu-Muslim unity and harmony was very important. Without communal peace and amity, free India could not make any substancial progress. He pointed out that the recent communal disturbances had made many youngmen feel that religion was the cause of the communal bitterness and hatred. Religion was not a thing that created hatred and enmity but love and brotherhood. He added that they would fight these anti-religion feelings and endeavour to create communal harmony through religion.

Discussing the programme of cultural and educational upliftment among the Muslims, he said that they did not inted to create among the Muslims any separatist tendency, but wanted to stress the need of religious study for the Muslim masses. With the spread of education to the Indian masses, he said they would work to preserve and develop the culture of the Muslims of India.

Talking of the attitude of the Jamiatul-Uleima on social reforms among the Muslims, he said that they did not approve of the propagation of the western ideas and aimed at building up society on the Islamic principles. They would give political, economic and educational opportunities for women but could not grant complete equality according the Quran. He added that purdah was essential for the Muslim women.

The Muslims in U. P. and other provinces had realised the folly of the outlook in the past. The recent events had made them feel that their policy was detrimental to the interest of the Muslims and the country. The Muslims were slowly changing their views and methods. He added that they would not make the Muslims follow a particular party but endeavour to make them loyal to India.

Concluding, he protested against the policy of the U. P. Government in making the Hindi the state language. He said that it was against the views of Mahatma Gandhi and the declared policy of the Indian National Congress which considered Hindustani was the lingua-franca of India.

NEW YORK, April 21, (Reuter): Dr. Amaranatha Jha, President of Benares University, arrived by air from Bombay, today, on his way to Quebec City to attend the Rotary International Convention, opening on April 24. He is a Governor nominee of the organisation.

INDIAN MERCHANTS CHAMBER WELCOMES INDUSTRIAL POLICY

Assurance Of Whole-hearted Co-operation With India Government

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have issued the following Statement on the Industrial Policy of the Government of India.

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have given their careful consideration to the Resolution on the Industrial Policy of the Government of India presented to the Dominion Parliament on 6th April 1948.

"The emphasis laid on the primary need for expansion of production, both agricultural and industrial, and in particular on the production of capital equipment, of goods necessary for meeting the basic needs of the people and of commodities, the export of which will increase the earnings of foreign exchange of the country, is indeed welcome.

"Government further show a refreshing sense of realism in recognising the limitations of the mechanism and resources of the State for undertaking the above tasks and in acknowledging that private enterprise has a valuable role to play in the process of exploiting the latent resources of the country for securing an improvement in the economic conditions and for promoting a rapid rise in the standard of living of the people.

WHOLE HEARTED CO-OPERATION

"The Chamber, as an organisation representing commercial and industrial interests in the country, wish to assure Government of their wholehearted co-operation in their efforts to achieve the above objective.

"The attempt to demarcate and define the respective spheres of activity of the State and private enterprise in the furtherance of the above central aim and purpose will no doubt carry a measure of reassurance to the commercial and industrial interests and to some extent assist in dispelling the apprehensions caused by certain recent developments.

"The Committee, however, are unable to agree to or acquiesce in the views of Government implicit in the scope and purposes of the policy that in deciding to permit private enterprise to continue to function in the fields in which they already function, Government are guided by the consideration that the limitations inherent in the existing state of affairs would not permit the State to function forth-with in industry as widely as may be desirable.

"Government shoud, at all events, give an assurance that in the same sector where private-owned and State-industries are functioning and are in operation side by side, both will be expected to work under the same terms and conditions and that every effort will be made to ensure that no preference, administrative or otherwise, is extended to one group to the prejudice or disadvantage of the other.

"Again, the period of immunity of ten years for existing enterprises is too short to make any real development or expansion possible. In order to assist the existing units to look ahead and plan schemes for expansion, Government should categorically announce that as a matter of general policy, they have no intention of acquiring existing industries in this group and that the time limit mentioned in the Resolution of Policy was meant only as a safeguard to be acted on in exceptional cases.

PLEA FOR ADEQUATE COMSENSATION.

"The assurance that as and when Government find it necessary to take over existing private-owned industries, fair and equitable compensation would be paid, is heartening. The Committee trust that in determining the basis of compensation, due account will be taken of the market value of the assets, the reserves and the good-will built up by the concern, its potential earning capacity and other accepted similar factors influencing the valuation of fixed assets and property.

"The Committee welcome the proposal to establish a National Planning Commission to formulate the country's programme of development and to secure the execution of that programme. The Committee express the hope that in selecting the personnel of the Commission, Government will no doubt give adequate importance to the need for including non-official men drawn from the sphere of trade, commerce and industry with the necessary background of practical experience.

"As Government rightly emphasise, maintenance of stable and friendly relations between capital and labour is essential for securing an increase in over-all production. Committee hope that the efforts of Government to extend reliefs and secure additional amenities and rights to labour will evoke the necessary measure of response and that the Industrial Truce would be scrupulously observed and acted on by interests representing labour.

The assurance that the system of taxation will be reviewed and readjusted where necessary to encourage saving and productive investment will evoke feelings of satisfaction. The start made by the changes in direct taxation effected in this year's Central Budget has to some extent helped to revive confidence in investors. Committee hope that the process will be continued and that a tax structure appropriate to the needs of an expanding economy will be evolved without much delay.

WANTED ASSURANCE.

Committee wish to reiterate that Government would be assisting to create greater enthusiam for their plan and policy by a categorical assurance that in the sector normally to be left open to private enterprise, Government have no intention of interesting themselves, progressively or otherwise, and that the immunity in respect of the existing industries under the second group will not automatically end after a fixed period of years.

The Committee concludes by giving an assurance that the industrialists as a whole are earnest in their desire to secure the rapid and full development of the economic resources of the land and given the necessary opportunity and encouragement they can be expected to play their role in the process faithfully and whole-heartedly."

Lawful Head Of Yemen Govt.

British Govt. Recognises King Seif Ahmed

LONDON, April 21 (Reuter).—The British Government has recognised King Seif al Islam Ahmed as lawful head of the Yemen Government, a British Foreign Office spokesman announced today.

His accompanying statement, however, that conditions in Sanaa, the capital were "normal" clashed with press reports from Aden drawing a picture of widespread disorders in the secluded Arabian kingdom.

These reports said trade in the country was at a standstill, hundreds of merchants had been reduced to penury by looting and arson, and refugees were constantly pouring into the Aden protectorate.

The Foreign Office spokesman made no comment on these reports, or on the forecast that new regime may not long survive.

Seif al Islam Ahmed recently regained control of Sanaa from the leading statesman, Abdullah al Wazir, who seized power after the death of the 85-year-old Imam Yahia early this year.

Abdullah al Wazir has since been executed for the presumed murder of Imam Yahia and for his part in the rising which followed.

The Foreign Office spokesman added today that King George the Sixth and Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin have sent telegrams of congratulation to Seif Al Islam Ahmed on his assumption of power.

LATE SIR HOMI MEHTA

A joint meeting of the staff of Messrs. H. M. Mehta & Co., The Mill Stores Trading Co. of India Ltd., The Gaekwar Mills Ltd., and The Navsari Cotton & Silk Mills Ltd., was held at Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on Monday the 19th day of April 1948 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) under the chairmanship of Seth Gopaldas P. Parikh. Mr. Vinodchandra R. Parekh proposed the following resolution and the same was passed unanimously all standing:

"There are few who has worked so hard for the welfare of humanity and industrialist-politician.

GOOD NEWS

FOR BOMBAY PIECEGOODS MERCHANTS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Solve your problem of storing your non-hazardous goods. Pucca-built godown available in Dongri Street, 2nd Flank Road, New Chinch Bunder, Bombay at the very competitive and moderate rate of Annas Four per package per week and part thereof. Please contact immediately.

NATIONAL GENERAL AGENCIES,
11,12, Tinwala Bldg., Tribhuwan Road, Bombay 4.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We have Pleasure in Announcing the Opening of our WHOLESALE DEPOT at

ROOM No. 411, ADELPHI,
3, QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY 1.

For the Convenience of our Constituents in Bombay City and Province.

HIGGINBOTHAMS.
McGRAW-HILL AGENCY DIVISION

By using
"CHYAVAN PRASH AVALEHA"
Prepared from fresh Amla and many other life-preserving ingredients, the Avaleha keeps premature aging at bay, makes you healthy and strong
Available in 1/2, 1/4 & 1 lb. packings.
PREPARED HYGIENICALLY BY
THE JAMNAGAR SARANGDHAR LABORATORY LTD.,
P. B. No. 14, Bedeshwar Road, JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar)

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IT'S HAUNTING
The MUSIC of course!
JEEVAN Picture's
ARSI
MEENA, AL NASIR
Asha Posley, Pran, Ajmal
3rd WEEK from tomorrow
MAJESTIC
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sat., Sun., Mat., at 12-30
Booking 10 to 12 and 5 to 6
A JAISINH Release

From TODAY!
CITY-LIGHT
(MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30.
PANCHOLI Picture
Pagdandi
AKHTARI, GOPE, DURGA MOTA

PIANO RECITAL
by
Miss PATRICIA MARSHALL
at
GOVERNMENT HOUSE
in the presence of H. E. the GOVERNOR & RANI MAHARAJ SINGH
on
FRIDAY 30th April, 1948, at 6-30 p.m.
The entire proceeds to go to the Milk Centre for children run by Government House.
Tickets 10/-, 7.8, 5/-, 3/-, & 2.
Booking at Rose & Co.
This space is donated by
E. HISCOCKS & CO.

3rd WEEK
3 Great Stars!
in
MUN-MANI
RAGINI SABITA DEVI
and Jairaj
KAMAL
Daily: 4, 6-30 and 9-30
Sunday 1 p.m.
A SUNRICH Release

EXTENDED BY
POPULAR DEMAND
'THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD—BAPU'
Depicting GANDHIJI'S LIFE
SEE IT ALONG WITH
Producer-Director: K. B. LALL'S
SAMRAT Ashok
VEENA, SAPRU, SHAMIM
Daily 3-15, 6-30, 9-45
7TH WEEK AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
A DIAMOND Release.

8TH CROWDED WEEK
RAKAISH PRODUCTIONS'
ZANJEER
with Begum Para, Jagdish Sethi, Latika & Gope.
at KRISHNA
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
also showing a complete film of Nasik Session of the Socialist Party at KRISHNA
A LIBERTY ART release

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
(Every Seat a Cool Retreat)
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CROSBY, HOPE AND 3 DOZEN OTHER STARS
in
VARIETY GIRL
Paramount's Mammoth Musical
Tomorrow Morning at 10
METRO CUB CLUB SHOW
"National Velvet"
Admission As. 15 and 9.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"KITTY"
At Reduced Rates

STRAND
Daily 3-15, 6-15, & 9-15 p.m.
THE PICTURE THAT'S MEANT FOR You!
Jeanne CRAIN · Dan DAILEY
in
YOU WERE MEANT FOR ME
with
OSCAR LEVANT · BARBARA LAWRENCE
Directed by LLOYD BACON · Produced by FRED KOHLMAR
Sun., Morn., Show at 10-30
LORETTA YOUNG,
HENRY WILCOXEN
in CECIL B. DeMILLE'S
"CRUSADES"
at reduced rates.

OPENING TODAY—
FRIDAY, 23rd April at
CENTRAL
RANJIT'S
PIYA GHAR AJA
Starring: MEENA KUMARI, KARAN DIWAN, AGA
Directed by: PRAHLAD DUTT
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30. Sun. Matinee 12-30
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
A W.I.T. Ltd. Release.

REGAL
Air-cooled and comfortable
Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
16 song hits in Warner's Jubilee of Joy.
GORGEOUS GIRLS! COLOR & DANCING!
WARNER BROS.
"MY WILD IRISH ROSE"
DENNIS MORGAN AND A GIANT MUSICAL CAST
with ARLENE DAHL · ANDREA KING · ALAN HALE · GEORGE TOBIAS · GEORGE O'BRIEN · BEN BLUE · SARA ALLGOOD
Directed by DAVID BUTLER
Sunday morning at 10
"YOU'RE IN THE ARMY NOW"
JIMMY DURANTE, JANE WYMAN
BRING THE KIDS ALONG!

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 15, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 12, 1367.
Parsi: Avan 23, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-16 a.m. Sunset: 18-59 p.m.
Hightide: 12-04, 23-58. Lowtide: 05-39, 17-59.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 20 Byculla (West) will meet near Morland Road Junction Ripon Road today (Friday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), to go round the Ward.

The residents of the ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Discussion on "Memory of Past Lives" today (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

JAMIAT ULAMA, BOMBAY: Public meeting will be held today (Friday) at 9-30 p.m. at Jail Road West (Khadey-ki-Bari) when Moulana Hifzurraheman, the General Secretary of All-India Jamiat Ulama, and other leaders will address the meeting.

HINDUSTAN SCOUT ASSOCIATION: All Scouters and Scout Officers from Sind will meet Shri R. K. Sidhwa, Provincial Scout Commissioner, Sind at tea and discuss about the property, assets etc., of Association in Sind today (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Fellowship High School, Gowalia Tank.

PRABASHI JUBA SANGHA, PAREL: "Agami Kal", a Bengali Drama will be staged by local amateur Bengali artists at 7-30 p.m. today (Friday) in the Damodar Thakersey Hall, Parel.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Talk on 'Bharathi's Contribution to Tamil' by Mr. A. G. Sharma, at Sangham premises, tonight 8-30 p.m. Telang Road, Matunga.

PEOPLE'S ANTI-CORRUPTION LEAGUE: The office of People's Anti-Corruption League will be shifted to Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, from today (Friday).

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, BOMBAY: The results of the Fellowship Examination of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay, held on the 5th April 1948, will be declared in the Office of the College on Friday the 30th April 1948, at 5 p.m.

AMRITLAL COMPANY LTD. EMPLOYEES' UNION: The workers have approached the Government for conciliation of the dispute with the management and if the Labour Officer fails to intervene the workers will go on strike shortly, for which a decision has already been taken at a general meeting

ANDHERI PRIMARY MUSLIM LEAGUE TO BE DISSOLVED

In view of the directions given by the Bombay Suburban District Muslim League and in view of the fact that all primary leagues within the district have ceased to function and exist only in name this meeting of the Working Committee of the Primary Muslim League hereby resolves to dissolve itself.

A.I.S.A. KHADI BHANDAR: A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar Kalbadevi and Bombay Upanagar Jilla Gramodyog Sangh will remain open for sale on Saturday 24-4-48 and Sunday 25-4-48, from 8-30 a.m. to 1-0 p.m. on account of A.I.C.C. meeting in Bombay

"BOMBAY, HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE:— Meeting at 'Dayamandir' Pydhownie, between 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. on Monday April 26 when Rashtrapati Dr. Rajendra Prasad will unveil the marble bust of the late Dayalankar Sheth Lallubhai Dipchand Jhaveri, Father and Founder of the League."

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: All the members and recruits of the Bombay National Guards are hereby requested to be present at Azad Maidan at 4-30 p.m. today in full uniform to attend the duties in A.I.C.C. Session.

Telegraph Notification

With immediate effect all telegrams to Palestine will be accepted at the sender's risk only. Acceptance of cheap rate (letter) telegrams for Palestine classed "NLT" and "GLT" will also be suspended from 25th April 1948, until further notice.

TODAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, April 23.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. G. R. Nimbargi (Violin), 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G), 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H), 8-30 G. R. Nimbargi, 8-45 Naraharibuwa Patankar, 12-0 p.m. Mahila Mandal, 12-45 News (M), 12-50 News (G), 12-55 Misra Sangeet, 1-25 News (H), 1-30 News (E), 1-40 'Fats' Waller and His Rhythm, 2-0 Hidegarde, 2-15 Duke Ellington and His Famous Orchestra, 4-20 Shankarrao Golatkar & Party, 4-35 Krishnabai Hukkeri (Vocal Music), 5-0 G. R. Nimbargi, 5-15 "Jantar Mantar", 5-45 News (K), 6-0 News (E), 6-10 News (H), 6-15 Sardar Mansoor (Thumri), 6-30 Shankarrao Golatkar & Party, 6-45 U. M. Maniar, 7-0 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local, 7-15 Sardar Mansoor, 7-30 Chitrapatancha Duniyet Digdarshan (Talk in Marathi by K. Narayan Kale), 7-45 Abdul Karim Khan, 8-0 News (M), 8-15 News (G), 8-30 N. S. Patankar, 8-45 Student's Forum, 9-0 News (E), 9-15 News (H), 9-30 BBC News Relay, 9-40 Musical Interlude, 9-45 Chahani Pyali, 10-0 Krishnabai Hukkeri (Vocal Music), 10-30 S. B. Shastri.

VARIATIONS
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
5-45 p.m Bhavgeeten, 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
7-45 p.m. Commercial News, 8-0 U. M. Maniar, 8-15 S. B. Shastri, 9-0 S. B. Shastri, 10-0 Melody Trio, 10-30 Show Tunes of George Gershwin.

NURMOHMED CHINOY DEAD

BOMBAY, April 22 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Nurmahomed Chinoy, brother of Sir Sultan and Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, died of heart failure at his residence in Bombay at 9 this morning.

Mr. Nurmahomed was connected with a number of firms and banks, and was a Director of Messrs. F. M. Chinoy and Company and the Central Bank of India. He was sixty years at the time of his death.

The funeral will take place at 4-30 p.m. today.

BRIEF LIFE SKETCH

Mr. Chinoy was a prominent businessman in the motor trade and was Chairman of the Motor Manufacturers' Association, and of the Western India Automobile Association in 1939-40. He was a member of the Council of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association

Late Mr. N. M. Chinoy, Former President of the Federation of Motor Transport Association.

and was Chairman of the Bombay Branch of the Association for five years. He was the sole delegate who represented this country at the Transport and Communications Commission of UNESCO and attended its first session at Lake Success in 1946.

Mr. Chinoy was also connected with many firms in the city. He was a director of the Central Bank of India and was president of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank, Ltd. He was a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation from 1926 to 1929.

The funeral will leave Meher Buildings, Chowpatty, at 4-30 p.m. The "Ziarut" ceremony will be held on Saturday at 10-30 a.m.

City Fathers' Tributes

BOMBAY, Thursday.

As a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Noormahomed Meherally Chinoy, who was a member of the Corporation from 1926 to 1928 the Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned its meeting today at 4-30 p.m. without transacting any further business.

Dr. M. U Mascarenhas, Mayor, Mr. A. A. Mirza, leader of the Muslim League Party, Mr. S K. Patil, leader of the Congress Party and other party leaders, including Messrs. Harris and Bharucha paid tributes to the deceased's freedom from communalism his healthy cosmopolitanism and the proud record of public service rendered by the Chinoy family.

Stimulate Construction Of New Buildings

Earlier, several members of the Corporation took part in the debate over a proposal moved by Mr. Jehangir D. Daruvala requesting the Mayor to "represent to the Government of Bombay the considered opinion of the Corporation that the various orders and restrictions issued by the Government on new constructional works have practically completely stopped the erection of new buildings in the city and have greatly aggravated the existing housing shortage and to urge upon the Government the desirability of reconsidering their orders in the matter so as to stimulate construction of new buildings particularly for residence so as to relieve the very tense situation of housing in the city"

Mr. B. A. Dalal (Congress) suggested that the matter should be referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee Mr N. C. Pupala thought that despite shortage of building materials we could go ahead and construct houses for "did not our forefathers live in the houses made of brick and lime?" Mr. Rohit Dave (Socialist) moved an amendment asking the Government to remedy the inadequacy of control machinery and overhaul the existing defective administration of controls. Mr Dave felt that some amount of control was essential in view of the existing shortage of steel and cement He suggested the appointment of a Committee representing all interests to advise the Government on remedial measures with regard to granting of permits and priorities. The matter was adjourned at this stage.

The Corporation elected Messrs. G G. Morarji and V. B. Gandhi on the Bombay Port Trust Board

Tapase For Bezwada

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries, Fisheries and Backward Classes will leave for Bezwada, via Guntkal, on Sunday, April 25, to attend the All India Depressed Classes Conference, and will return on the morning of Friday, April 30.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday:

The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh attended by Mr. L. M. Nadkarni, I.C.S., Private Secretary, and Lieutenent K. N. Bahl, A.D.C. returned from tour.

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 22 (API): The following is the weather summary for Thursday, the 22nd April 1948.

The Western disturbance has passed away northeastwards throukh Kashmir. Thunder-rain has been local in Assam and the Madras deccan. A few thundershowers have also been reported from Hyderabad, Mysore, southeast Madras and the north Madras coast. Day temperatures were appreciably above normal in the United Provinces, East Central India, the Northeast Central Provinces, Chota Nagpur, Bihar and West Bengal.

Forecast until the 23rd evening: Thundershowers will occur locally in Assam, the Madras Deccan and Malabar. A few thundershowers may also occur in the Eastern Pakistan, sub-Himalayan Bengal, along the Orissa-north Madras coast, in East Hyderabad, Mysore and Southeast Madras.

Weather Chart

POONA, April 22, (API): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hrs. from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08.00 hrs. I.s.t. on 22nd April 1948 Ahmedabad 104 78 0 0 0 Ahmednagar 103 70 0 0.1 minus 0.3 Bangalore 95 66 0.3 0.6 plus 0.6 Baroda 105 78 0 0, Belgaum 96 66 0 1.9 plus 0.6. Bhuj 104 76 0 0 minus 0.1 Bombay 91 77 0 0 0. Calcutta 94 80 0 0.1 minus 1.1, Delhi 98 71 0 0 minus 0.9 Hyderabad (Dn.) 100 80 0 0.7 minus 0.3, Karachi 76 0 Mahabaleshwar 91 81 0 1.0 0 Mangalore 91 81 0 1.0 0 Raichur 104 72 0 0 minus 0.4 Rajkot 104 73 0 0 0 Sholapur 106 78 0 0 minus 0.3 Simla 69 54 0 1.7 plus 0.4 Surat 102 77 0 0 0.

Concert In Aid Of Matunga Gymkhana

Karnataki music lovers will have a rare opportunity of hearing M. K. Thyagaraja Bhagavatar the well-known film star and Vocalist at a concert to be held on Sunday 25th inst. at Matunga in aid of the Indian Gymkhana pavilion fund. Though the Bhagavatar enjoys established reputation in Madras Music circles, this is his first appearance in Bombay. The Indian Gymkhana authorities have erected a special pandal at the Gymkhana grounds for tre occasion and expect music and sports fans to support their sporting cause. The Gymkhana building is already nearing completion, and when completed, will be the pride of North Bombay.

A.I.C.C PUBLICATIONS ON SALE

The Publications Department of the All-India Congress Committee announces that all their publications will be available at the A.I.C.C. Pandal, Gandhinagar, Marine Drive, Bombay on the 24th inst, and subsequent days. The public of Bombay are requested to visit the publications' stall of the A.I.C.C.

It has been decided to allow a fair margin of discount to booksellers on sale of the above publications. The publication Department has started an office in the A.I.C.C. Pandal and all necessary informations can be had from the officer-in-charge.

Kerala Congress Leaders In City

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Messrs. K. Moidu Moulvi, and S. Ebrahim, two prominent Congress leaders of Kerala, arrived here yesterday, to attend the forthcoming A.I.C.C. meeting and Jamiat-ul-Ulamae-Hind Conference.

Mr. Ebrahim, a journalist, as the brother of late Janab Mohamed Abdurahiman Sahib, the veteran leader of Malabar Nationalist Muslims.

Kalyan City Congress Committee

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, April 22:

The resignation of Mr. S. J. Bajpai Secretary, Kalyan Congress Committee (Socialist) has been accepted by the Executive Committee at an urgent meeting held yesterday and Mr V.V. Subba Rao and Mrs. Kamalabai Bhide have unanimously been elected as Secretaries of the Kalyan City Congress Committee.

Constructive Workers of Maharastra are meeting in a Conference at Ambernath on the 27th and 28th April.

A Committee has been formed to collect funds for presenting to Sri Ramchandra Mahadeo Patwardhan, an old and ardent Congress and Harijan Worker of Kalyan.

The Kalyan City Congress Committee has also passed a condolence resolution for the sudden and untimely death of Shet Saowji Jetha Raja, a Congress worker. Shet Sowji Shet died suddenly of heart failure on the night of Sri Rama Navami.

Mr. Narsinh G Morarji who recently returned from U.S.A. after obtaining bachelor's degree in Mech. Engineering from M.I.T. and Master's degree from the University of Illinois. His special subjects were refrigeration and air-conditioning. He is the son of Mr. Gordhandas G Morarji.

Kurla Selected As Site For Technical Institution

BOMBAY April 22 (UPI): It is learnt that Kurla has been selected as a suitable site for the proposed Western Region Higher Technical Institute, to be established by the Government of India. Members of the All-India Council of Technical Education, who are now in Bombay for the meeting of the Council, will visit the site at Kurla tomorrow.

RIVOLI
Matunga B B & C I Rly
Daily 3-30 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee on Sunday at 1 P.M
NAVIN YAGNIK, HARI KASHMIRI and DULARI. in
"AHINSA"

REWARD £500
'Be Young in 24 Hours'

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS gives surprising increase in vital and energy within the first 24 hours. It makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, weak memory and body nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, insomnia, giddiness, mental or physical exhaustion, etc It will increase your height from 2 to 4 inches and your weight will be increased from 5 to 10 lbs. The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. OTOGEN improves your looks, puts sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old man. Use of "OTOGEN" (Tonic) in severe cases of falling hair dandruff and baldness, is highly recommended.

"OTOGEN" was tried by Prof. A. P. PARKER in SWITZERLAND upon emaciated male patients aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that a patient of 100 years of age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For males in their period of youth, "OTOGEN" wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

It is wonderful invention of the Twentieth Century and the EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD. After taking "OTOGEN" ladies get back that Rose-Bud Beauty and charming figure of school-girl age, lighter, brighter, luckiest days are in store for both men and women who start using "OTOGEN" Start taking "OTOGEN" immediately and live for 100 years young, fit, strong and healthy with roses on the face. It makes appetite so keen that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more butter every day. The great scientists and experienced doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results by this wonderful Tonic "OTOGEN".

"OTOGEN" is the only Tonic of its kind which is being used by men and women all over the world. It is wonderful invention ever prepared in the history of Medical Science. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover before commencing the test weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN".

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India the price is to be Rs. 5 only per box with directions for a very short period after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order today for tomorrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of present conditions

GUARANTEE:—A cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "OTOGEN" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the extremes of heat of Tropical Summers as in Winter or any other mild and temperate climate

Under the burning heat of SUMMER SUN when you are at ZERO, "OTOGEN" is also an Excellent Restorative.

We have removed our BRANCH from LAHORE and our Office has been shifted from ENGLAND to INDIA from the 15th August, 1948.

SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS OR AVAILABLE DIRECT FROM:—
Stockists:—Messrs. MARSHALL & CO.,
Druggists, 171, Hornby Road Fort Bombay.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES
INDIA OFFICE: POST BOX 447, BOMBAY.

Gleanings From The Urdu Press

Return Of "Mahajarins" Raises New Problems

Qazi Mukhtar Ahmad has published an article on "Pakistan and after" in the "Tej", Delhi, in the course of which he states that the only way left open for the Muslims of the Indian Dominion at this critical time is to follow the lead of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who has always been, in the true sense of the word, a prophet of patriotism. The Muslims should acknowledge him as their virtual leader, and follow his lead implicity. If they had followed his advice at the very outset when the partition of India was being discussed they would not have had to suffer so much loss and humiliation. Even now they can regain the lost ground by rooting out the Muslim League from their country. A political association that has done so much harm to the Muslims has no right to exist. The Hindus do not insist on its abolition because they are now convinced that it cannot harm them in any way, they being in majority and at the helm of affairs; whereas the Muslims have realised clearly that the existence of the Muslim League would prove more detrimental to them now than it has been hitherto. The writer advises the Muslims to join the Congress movement "en masse" and without any hesitation to prove their loyalty to the Indian Dominion more by their deeds than by their words. This is the only way which can save them from further ruination. The writer seems to be convinced of the fact that during Mr. Jinnah's life-time, the Pakistan movement would fizzle out.

No More Emigration To Pakistan

The "Inqilab", Lahore, says that the annual meeting of the Jamai-e Arabia was recently held in Mominpura in Nagpur. All the great divines and Muslim priests unanimously decided and gave their verdict against the exodus of the Muslims from their native land, Central Provinces. They resolved that henceforth every attempt should be made to dissuade them from migrating to Pakistan. They have clearly realised to their dismay that those who have left their hearth and home have been utterly wrecked and ruined. Therefore, it is in their own interest that they should remain in their homeland and be loyal to their Government.

The same paper reports that a mixed deputation of Hindus and Muslims from South Africa is going to visit the Indian Dominion and Pakistan to acquaint the authorities of the two Domiilons of their present miserable condition and to pursuade them to suggest the African Government to convene a round table conference in which all the controversial tled.
issues be discussed and finally settled.

Value Of "Oaths"

The 'Riyasat', Lahore, in one of its recent issues published a very interesting comment on the "Value of political leaders' Oath," in which it says that the daily newspaper 'Azad' has published the text of the oath which the Imam of the Shahi Mosque, Lahore, is reported to have taken during the course of his sermon to which thousands of Muslims accorded their assent and responded. The exact wording of the oath is as under:—

"We, the Muslims, having performed our ablution, standing before Qibla and in presence of God the Almighty, in this holy place, solemnly declare that if, the Punjab were partitioned, we shall lay down our life against this division, and we shall never accept any scheme which entails separation of this province." The editor, 'Azad' pertinently asks as to what has happened to this oath taken by the Imam and the Muslims present in the Mosque when Punjab has actually been partitioned? The editor, 'Riyasat' says that acting contrary to the solemn oath is not confined to Muslims alone. Many years ago, Master Tara Singh took a similar oath that he and his followers would not rest content it the Maharaja of Nabha was not reinstated in his "gaddi." The same Master Tara Singh took a similar oath to the effect that if Punjab was divided, he would cease to continue as member of the Sikh community. The 'Riyasat' warns its contemporary 'Azad' not to attach any value to the solemn declarations of the political leaders.

Abolition Of Zamindari

The "Hamara Akhbar", Allahabad, says that in the matter of the acquisition of zamindari interests by the Government, which was being talked about for long, the palm will be carried off by Bihar. The Legislative Assembly of that province has been discussing clause by clause the bill on the subject which is on the anvil, and it is hoped that sooner or later the bill, with modifications, will be passed into law. The East Pakistan Government has also before its Assembly the preliminaries of a proposed law on the subject. Thakur Hukum Singh, U. P.'s Revenue Minister, says that the Bill for the abolition of zamindari in this province is ready and will be published within a week. What stands in the way of its introduction in the July session of the Legislative Assembly?

The "Qaami Awaz", Lucknow, says: "On this occasion, too, as in the case of the non-Muslim exodus from Pakistan, U. P. is to be one of the provinces which will be called upon to bear the brunt of the renewed migration. It is not yet precisely known what percentage of the disillusioned Mahajarins have arrived in this province. But that their number is considerably large is evident from our Lucknow office despatch stating that Muslims from Pakistan are returning to U. P. in their thousands. The development has induced Shri Mahavir Tyagi to issue a timely warning to the Government of India. He has rightly posed the question whether we have space enough for all Hindus of India, Hyderabad and Pakistan and also at the same time for all Muslim domiciles who happened to be a party to the principle of "exchange of population". With the problem of space is also involved the problem of furnishing food and the means of livelihood. With all her charity and goodwill, India, and for the matter of that, U. P., are hardly in a position to saddle themselves with a fresh and unwanted responsibility."

Demand For Pathanistan

The "Haqiqat", Lucknow, reports that the Pathans received support from Afghanistan, which has more than one motive in supporting them. A united Pathan homeland gives Kabul access to the sea or something equivalent to it. Secondly, Kabul sees no reason why Afghan and Afghan should be separated for the benefit of Mr. Jinnah. So in Kabul, let it be known, the freedom of Pathans was a "vital" interest of Afghanistan, which meant that Afghanistan was prepared to go to war, if necessary. The Pakistan Government were in a fix. They had been building up Muslim solidarity against the "enemy" in Delhi. But now an "enemy" has turned up in the rear. Anything which happened in Delhi could be explained away as a "Hindu" conspiracy. How could anything which came from Kabul be explained away? The Afghans had accepted Islam nearly two years before the Qaid-i-Azam's ancestors did. They could teach the Pakistanis a thing or two in religious zeal.

So Pakistan climbed down. It has agreed to make a treaty with Kabul regarding the Pathans. There will be a Pathan homeland consisting of the present Frontier Province, Baluchistan and the tribal areas. It will be an autonomous state within Pakistan with a status different from that of Sind, West Punjab, or East Bengal. If Pakistan will be a centralised state, the centralisation will stop this side of Indus. Thus the Afghans have succeeded at last in reducing the referendum of last July almost to a nullity.

Headaches For Quaide-Azam

The "Ansari" Delhi reports that the agitation in the Pakistan Capital in favour of framing the constitution of Pakistan strictly within the four corners of the Islamic Shariat and making the people Arabic-minded continues to grow vigorously with the support of some leading Ministers of Pakistan and other League leaders.

The minorities in Pakistan were at first considerably re-assured when in his first speech delivered in Pakistan Consembly on the occasion of his being elected its President, Mr. Jinnan unequivocally declared that religion would not be allowed to interfere with the State, that religion was an individual's personal affair and that in Pakistan members of all communities or religions would cease to belong politically to their respective communities and would be one. But since then the changing and contradictory declarations and attitudes of Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Liaqat Ali and other Pakistan Ministers have confounded the minorities and caused considerable nervousness among them.

Addressing the students of Islamia College, Peshawar recently, Mr. Jinnah said that if individual and provincial interests were submerged and a wider outlook was maintained, Pakistan's greatness in the comity of nations would be achieved. What about Mr. Jinnah's own outlook? The ideal of a theocratic state, which the Muslim League leader has set before himself, is not compatible with a wide outlook.

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MORARKA'S BAIL PERIOD EXTENDED

BOMBAY, Thursday

Gokalchand Dwarkadas Morarka, Ramkumar Srinivas Morarka and Shantaram Ramchandra Dattar, who were arrested by the Bombay Police on March 30, under the High Denomination Bank Notes Demonetisation Ordinance of 1946, were again produced this morning before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court.

Asking for their bail-extension the police stated that the accused were arrested "for falsification of the records of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Company of which Morarka and Co., are the agents, after the publication of the Ordinance to enable the agents to be accommodated in the matter of 'unloading', high denomination notes, without having to answer awkward official questions with regard to their origin."

The applications further stated that "inquiries showed that accused No. 1 had committed similar breaches through the Apollo Mills, of which he is the Managing Director."

The bail periods of the accused were ordered to be extended to May 6, by the Magistrate.

ANOTHER DARING DACOITY IN CITY

Armed Men Tie Up Servant And Decamp With Booty

BOMBAY, Thursday

Hardly eight hours after the hair-raising exploits of a midnight marauder in the south of the City, another daring dacoity was committed by two burly, bearded Sikhs in broad daylight in the very heart of Bombay, yesterday morning.

The venue of the dastardly crime was a modest little flat in building No. 56, 2nd Agiary Lane, Zaveri Bazar, Bombay. The occupants of the flat had gone to the temple of their family deity.

In the kitchen of the top-floor flat, the servant of the household was busy cooking.

Suddenly he found the door forced open by two hirsute intruders who menaced him with a gleaming dagger.

He was ordered by the unexpected visitors to turn round and then gagged. They also tied his hands and feet to ensure that he was rendered thoroughly innocuous and safely locked him in the kitchen.

Thereafter they snatched away a bunch of keys that the servant had been entrusted with by his masters.

With the key-bunch in their possession, it was a case of "Open Sesame".

They laid their hands on whatever valuables they could pick in their desperate hurry and finally ransacked the almirah in which the cash of the family was secreted.

From here, they are said to have removed Rs. 1,000 and then quietly made their exit with the booty, leaving the unfortunate servant to his fate.

When the members of the family returned home, they were shocked to find the place in a terrible mess

Not a single neighbour was aware of what had transpired next door.

Inspector Honawar of the Princess Street Police is investigating into the matter.

ALLEGED CHEATING OF CLOTH DEALERS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Several handloom cloth dealers at Morland Road, it is alleged were cheated and deprived of cloth valued at Rs. 34,000/- by some socalled exporters, on a pretext of despatching them to Pakistan, during the month of March.

Abdul Razak Ramzan and Hassanalli Valli Mohamed, it appears approached Ahmed Kurban, one of the dealers, and telling that they had got an export permit, arranged with him to collect hand loom cloth, which would be exported on payment of annas four per yard as premium to be paid to them, before export. A few thousands of rupees were stated to have been collected as premium.

Abdul Razak and two others were arrested by Nagpada Police in this connection, and they were released on bail in the sum of Rs. 25,000/- at Mazgaon today.

Valli Mohamed the main accused is still at large.

COLABA SHOOTING OUTRAGE VICTIM DIES

BOMBAY, Thursday

Khan Sayd Amar, the watchman of Cushroobaug Extension injured fatally by bullets, shot by a trespasser, on the night of April 20, died in the G. T. Hospital yesterday.

Deo's Private Secretary Drowned

BOMBAY, April 22 (API).—Mr. Mohan Krishna Nakarni, Private Secretary to Mr. Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary to the A.I.C.C., was drowned while swimming in a lake in Lonavla on April 18

Mr. Nadkarni, whose marriage took place in Bombay a fortnight ago was on his honeymoon at Lonavla, when the tragedy occurred.

Fatal Kick

BOMBAY Thursday

Fazel Rehman aged 28 a groom at Mahalaxmi, while leading a troop of horses to a Railway carriage to be taken to Poona was fatally kicked by one of them, resulting in his subsequent death in the K.E.M Hospital, on April 20.

BAGHDAD, April 21, (Reuter): New 50 per cent high cost of living bonuses were announced for all Iraq Government employees by Finance Minister Sadir al Bassam here today. Government workers will now receive 150 per cent of their nominal salaries. The Government has asked all local and foreign firms to do the same.

CITY RETAIN CHAMPIONSHIP

Tommy Emar Gold Cup

BOMBAY, Thursday.

City 'A'	1
Grays 'A'	0

City 'A', holders of the Tommy Emar Gold Cup for women's hockey, instituted last year, earned the right to keep the handsome trophy for yet another year by their narrow victory over their old rivals the Grays by the margin of a solitary goal scored during the last two minutes of play by outside-right Miss Margaret Chisholm from a melee.

Mrs. Pansy Thomas alone stood between the city and certain defeat for the grays. Her inspired and brilliant display staved off defeat till the 1st minute, when she was beaten by a stray ball which proved to be the undoing of the challengers. Time and again she affected clever clearances which nullified the threat to their goal.

The winners certainly deserved to win on the run of play. Possessed with a distinctly better front line, they pressed into attack almost from the first. Mrs. Thomas however, was not easily by passed and most of their moves proved to be futile. Miss Yovonne Smith and Miss Phylis Badal were conspicuous in the attack and did much good work to wear down the persistence of the defence.

For the losers Miss Mabel Kubes played an almost lone hand, receiving spasmodic support from outside left Miss Ray Salway, whose somewhat indifferent centring took the edge of her turn for speed.

The teams:

City 'A':—Miss F. Bamber; Miss F. Freeman and Mrs. M. Elliot, Miss M. Joseph, Mrs. Lynn and Mrs. T. Milligan; Miss M. Chisholm, Miss G. Smythe, Miss Y. Smith, Miss P. Badal and Miss J. Hibbert.

Grays 'A':—Mrs. C. Carey; Mrs. P. Thomas and Mrs. L. Read; Miss P. Brown, Miss R. Hajioff and Mrs. D. Adams; Mrs. P. Hickson, Miss P. Agawa, Miss M. Kubes, Miss J. Coatti and Miss R. Salway.

Refrees:—Messrs. J. B. D'Souza and Desai.

Friday evening at 6 p.m. Bombay vs Madras (Ladies' inter-provincial Hockey).

Exhibition Hockey Match At Poona

POONA, April 22, (A. P. I.): Faridkot Hawks will play an exhibition hockey match against the Maharashtra Combined Eleven on the Poona cub-area ground at 5-30 p.m., on Sunday, April 25.

The following players will represent Maharashtra XI: Ramdass: J. Phillips (Capt.), Lingam: Permal, R. Gabriel and Yusuf: E. Gabriel, M. Pillay, Dadu, G. Nimal and Gulab.

C.P. Team For Women's National Hockey

NAGPUR, April 22 (API).—Following players have been selected to represent C.P. and Berar against Bengal in the Women's National Hockey Championship, to be held at Bombay on April 25; Jean Culloden (Captain), Opehlia D'Costa (Vice Captain), Ailsa Froster, Patsy Conroy, Behula Bowie, Gladys Harben, Marie Tobin, Iona Clarke, Marjorie D'Souza, Olga Vaz, Doreen Robinson, Brenda Smythe, Maureen Conroy, Audrey Jacobs, Barbara Fernandez, and Amy Driver.

HOLKAR ALL OUT FOR 146

Ceylon's Bad Start In Second Innings

COLOMBO, April 22 (Reuter): The Holkar XI were all out today for 146 runs, establishing a lead of 35 runs over the home team's first innings score.

In fine weather, Sarwate and Jagdale resumed their overnight innings, with Selvadurai and Da Silva in charge of bowling.

Jagdale pulling Selvadurai for two equalled the home team's score of 111.

But after the addition of six more runs to the total, Jagdale was caught at extra cover off Selvadurai, and Sarwate was out l.b.w. at the same total, 117.

Ceylon's bowling was on the top.

Gaikwad was clear bowled by Selvadurai when the score stood at 123.

Bhaya and Saleem, however, added 23 runs before they fell victims to today's successful bowler, Selvadurai.

NIMBALKAR'S BOWLING

Nagendra and Fernando opened Ceylon's second innings to the bowling of Gaikwad and Nimbalkar within half an hour's play, the home team was in even a more deplorable position than yesterday, as Negendra, Fernando, Sathasivam and Kuthdoss were all back to the pavilion with only seven runs to the score.

Nagendra was clear bowled by Gaikwad when the score was only one and Holkar's speed Merchant, Nimbalkar claimed three wickets, a ridiculously low cost at lunch time, Ceylon had lost 4 wickets for 15 runs.

HOLKAR (1st Innings) ALL OUT 146

SCORES

Bhandarkar b. Da Silva	4
C. S. Nayudu c Abeyasekera b. Selvadurai	8
Sarwate lbw. Da Silva	37
Mushtaq Ali st. Fernando b. Gunasena	32
Nimbalkar c. Fernando b. Kelaart	17
C. K. Nayudu b. Gunasena	8
Jagdab c. Fernando b. Kelaart	17
Bhaya c. Kuthdoos b. Selvadurai	16
Gaikwad b. Selvadurai	4
Saleem Khan c. Kuthdoos b. Selvadurai	9
Waide (not out)	0
Extras	5
Total	146

FALL OF WICKETS: 6/117, 7/117, 8/123, 9/146.

Bowling Analysis:—

D Silva 18/8/31/2
Selvadurai 33.4/8/38/5
Kuthdoos 8/2/9/0
Gunasena 16/4/40/2
Kelaart 12/3 23/1

C. C. A. ELEVAN 15 for 4 at LUNCH

Nagendra b. Gaikwad	1
Fernando c. Jagdale b. Nimbalkar	4
Sathasivam c. Sarwate b. Nimbalkar	0
Kuthdoos b. Nimbalkar	0
Abeyasekera (not out)	4
Aldons (not out)	6
Extras	0

Total at lunch 15 for four
Fall of wickets: 1/1; 2/2; 3/4; 4/7.

RESTRAINT ORDERS ON NEWSPAPERS

Under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947, the Government of Bombay has issued orders against the editor, printer and publisher of the "Nava Zamana," a Gujarati Weekly newspaper of Ahmedabad and the keeper of the press at which it is printed, restraining them from orinting and publishing, for a period of two months any matter bearing directly or indirectly on the communal situation or on any communal question.

The Government has also issued similar order against the editor, printer and publisher of the "Arama" a Gujarati weekly of Ahmedabad restraining him from printing and publishing, for a period of one month, any matter bearing directly or indirectly on investigations into any crime.

Kripalani Answers Critics Of His Hyderabad Statement

His Views On Communal Situation Endorsed In Letters From "Muslim Friends"

NEW DELHI, April 21, (UPI): Acharya J. B. Kripalani, ex-President of the Indian National Congress, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"There have been some adverse comments on what I said with regard to Hyderabad and the duty of the Indian Muslims thereto in my speech made at the public meeting in Delhi held on April 13, Jalianwalabagh Day. I spoke in Hindustani. There have been various versions in English in the Press. The nearest approach to a correct rendering of my thoughts in summary is what appeared in the "Hindustan Times" of the 14th instant.

HAPPENINGS IN HYDERABAD

"Any body reading that will find that the report is an effort to summarise what I said at some length. One thing, however, is clear and it is that I was voicing the common man's (the man in the street) feelings in the matter. In public affairs the common man's feelings can be ignored only at great national peril. He would be a bold man who would deny the existence of this feeling among the common people. I believe it can be removed most effectively by the Muslim community in India mobilising itself against what is being done by its co-religionists in power in Hyderabad. In the past, the Muslim community, with the exception of small sections carrying little influence, acted as a group, organised itself and mobilised its forces for the accomplishment of its cherished goal of Pakistan. If they acted so in the past and succeeded, is it not up to them, at this time of communal tension and national peril again to organise themselves and bring the weight of their right opinion and organise strength upon those of their coreligionists who are responsible for the atrocities committed on the Hindus in Hyderabad? Is there anybody in India either inside or outside the Government who does not feel that the happenings in Hyderabad are adversely affecting the communal atmosphere which in spite of Gandhiji's martyrdom is yet in an unstable equilibrium? If that is so and I believe it to be so, I have merely suggested to my Muslim brothers their duty to organise opinion in their community. They alone can do this. If they do it, they will not only be helping their own community but also the whole country. This will truly be patriotic service which, I am sure, will be very greatly appreciated and will carry conviction to the common man.

WHAT IS "LOYALTY"

"Some of my critics have understood me to say that for the purpose of putting pressure on Hyderabad I want a kind of exodus of the Muslims from India. This is so absurd that only interested critics could have credited me with such stupidity. All that I suggested was that authorised representatives of the Muslim community should undertake the job of coercion which would involve some risk and sacrifice. Surely this is not to expect too much from a great community.

"It is quite possible that some friends may hold that the word 'loyalty' used in the speech was a sore point with our Muslim countrymen and it should not have been used by me. But at critical times it behoves public men sometimes to speak the truth and the whole truth even at the risk of being misunderstood. At the risk of being dubbed a Hindu communalist I have given expression to what I consider the truth in the interests of the country and, I sincerely believe in the interests of the whole Muslim community residing in both parts of geographical India. I am therefore glad that a recently there have appeared statements in the Press from prominent Muslims in India condemning what is happening in Hyderabad and indicating the likely repercussions on the communal situation here. I have myself received letters from Muslim friends endorsing my view that Muslims must organise themselves here and send strong and representative deputations to Hyderabad to influence Muslim opinion there and bring pressure upon the Ruler to see that the right thing is done. Therefore the risk of being misunderstood that I have taken has not been taken entirely in vain. However the situation requires much more than mere condimnatory statements good as they are far as they go.

"This is all that I have to say to my critics. So far as I am concerned the controversy is closed because any further argument about it will embitter communal feelings."

Government Working For People's Happiness

Excise Minister Expounds Ministry's Policy And Replies To Critics

MANMAD, April 22.

The Khandwa Passenger steamed into Manmad station and Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, was received amidst a tumult of applause and national slogans by the local leaders, officials and people of Manmad.

The occasion that had brought the Minister to Manmad was the foundation ceremony of a public hospital donated by Seth Khivraj Deepchand of Manmad.

In his address delivered at a large audience, Mr. Patil said that a man could not be called rich merely because he had succeeded in amassing a good fortune but that the real richness lay in the way he spent it for the welfare of the public. "The wealthy members of society must realise that the nation has a right to share the benefits of their wealth and if they utilize a part of their wealth for the welfare of the masses, they will become wealthier still inasmuch as they actually help increasing the wealth of the nation at large." Mr. Patil promised the people of Manmad that he would look into their grievances regarding insufficient water supply, limited revenue resources of the Manmad Municipality, etc. The Minister visited the offices of the City Congress Committee, Railway Federation, Sri Ambedkar library etc. He advised the workers to unite under the national tricolour and achieve their aims and objectives through constitutional means.

THAT SHAMEFUL BLOT

In the evening, a public meeting was held under the Chairmanship of Mr. Wamanrao Yardi, Secretary District Congress Committee, Nasik, when about 5,000 people attended.

"India is at last free and now we are citizens of a free nation. This change in our national history has brought along with it various new and arduous duties and responsibilities that have to be faithfully and efficiently carried out by us" said Mr. Patil. "Freedom is a means which alone can lead us to a far greater end of our goal which is the happiness, welfare and prosperity of the people." he continued. "On the foundation of the Swarajya we have to build up the magnificent edifice of cultural, economic, social and political progress of the Indian people. The first duty of every individual is therefore, to be faithful to the established Government which represents the masses.

The Central Government with Pandit Jawaharlal as its Premier and the Provincial Ministries are exerting to the fullest to alleviate the sufferings of the 'kisans' and the 'mazdoors' whom they represent. All these Governments realise that they do not represent any communal or feudal minority. They realise that they have been elected by the vote of the peasants and workers and that it is their sacred duty to run the administration in a memner that can prove beneficial to the interests of the masses. They have, therefore, passed various legislative measures like the Rent Restrictions Act, Tenancy Act, Moneylenders Act etc, and have launched the Prohibition and other scheme which will lead to the general uplift and happiness of society.

ROLE OF OPPOSITIONIST PARTIES

The Minister then made a reference to groups like the Communists, Socialists and Bahujansamajwadis who, he said, had been trying to exploit the situation of the nation's difficulties in their own party interests. These parties maintained that they alone be able to run a Government representing the proletariat, the Minister said. But this outward and simulated solicitude for the masses was just a camouflage which, in the case of the Communists, concealed their lust and designs for power. In the case of the Bahujansamajwadis, it marked their communal ambitions. Referring to the Socialists, the Minister said that they had been brought up on the lap of mother Congress and now that they had grown up, they were calling her names like a son who starts abusing his mother when he is infatuated with his young enchantress. The Minister said: "The Congress as father of the nation, had fought for their freedom and finally achieved it. But the grown-up Socialist sons are now telling him that he is fool and that he should now retire from active life. They are saying that his days are numbered.

All these parties, on the one hand, claim that they are out of fight against social injustice and inequality while, on the other hand, they oppose the nation-building administration of the Congress. This anomaly in their reasoning is only too obvious to the public." The Minister warned his audience to be careful and cautious in making friends and still more so in changing them. The people supported the Congress all these days because they had had faith in the integrity of the Congress leaders. If they allowed a reasonable time for the disturbances to settle down and normal conditions be restored, they would find that the Congress could and was already doing everything necessary and possible that could at last bring peace, harmony and happiness to all.

AUGMENTING FOOD PRODUCTION

Rural Boards To Formulate Schemes

The Conference of Vice-Chairmen and Secretaries of the Rural Development Boards in the Bombay Province, which met in Poona under the presidentship of the Honourable Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, on Monday, April 19, held discussions on various important problems confronting the workers in that field, at present. The lines on which close liaison should be kept between the District Rural Development Boards and the Agricultural Department were laid down. The various Grow More Food Scheme of the Bombay Government were discussed in detail. The need for the public workers in the districts taking a more active interest in the Grow More Food Campaign was emphasised. It was decided that all the District Rural Development Boards should formulate comprehensive schemes for their own districts for augmenting the production of food.

The indiscriminate cutting down of trees for the past many years has caused serious damge to the countryside. The Conference therefore recommended that a "Tree Planting Week" commencing from the Independence Day, namely August 15 each year should be observed throughout the Province. The Conference also decided that in order to give a stimulate to the campaign for utilising all the farm refuse and other waste material as manure by the composting process a 'Compost Week' should be observed every year at such time as is suitable for the purposes according to the climatic and other conditions in each district. The dates to be fixed by each District Rural Development Board.

A Sober Life

PRAGUE: (Reuter)—The new National Front Government of Czechoslovakia has submitted a draft Bill to parliament providing for the prevention of alcoholism and "the cure of persons who have fallen victim to that passion."

The Bill empowers local authorities to ban alcoholic drinks altogether in respect of persons whose work or profession involves danger to the life, health, or bodily security of others.

Persons who become intoxicated frequently may have to submit to a cure and local authorities may prohibit the consumption of drinks other than wine or beer on certain days of the week.

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Despite Objections From India And Pakistan

U. N. O. Adopts Resolution

FIVE-MAN COMMISSION TO VISIT KASHMIR

LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 22, (REUTER): THE SECURITY COUNCIL ADOPTED THE JOINT RESOLUTION ON KASHMIR.

The Security Council has agreed to the appointment of a five-man "good offices" commission to go to Kashmir to supervise a plebiscite on the state's future.

The plan was adopted last night despite objections by both India and Pakistan.

Dr. Alfonso Lopez, President of the Security Council, appealed to the two dominions to "extend their wholehearted co-operation to the Commission."

He hoped they would, on due consideration, find the terms of the resolution "an adequate and satisfactory method of restoring peace" in Kashmir and of "holding a free and impartial plebiscite on the question of accession."

Before the Council adjourned Sir Zafrullah Khan (Pakistan) reminded the President that there were still three questions pending between India and Pakistan, namely Junagadh, genocide and the failure to implement agreements. The President said he would discuss that at the next session of the Council to-morrow.

After the debate Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Chief Indian Delegate, said "I would prefer not to comment on the Security Council's action as this is a matter for my Government to deal with."

Sir Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Chief Delegate said "I can see no chance of a free and impartial plebiscite being held with armed forces of India within the State and the same forces being used for control of the plebiscite."

When the debate opened Syria announced she would oppose the joint resolution.

FRIENDLY APPROACH NEEDED

The President, Senor Alfonso Lopez (Colombia) said it had never been the understanding of the sponsors of this resolution, nor their wish, to restrict the right of any member to submit any amendments they might wish to propose.

He added, "it is a matter of great disappointment to us that both parties seem to think we have not given enough to their side, but we still hope that a spirit of friendly approach will prevail and the superior interests of the Sub-Continent will decisively influence the parties to consider these recommendations as favourably as possible before doing anything which would in any way widen the breach between the two Dominions.

"We believe it is so clearly to their interests to make every effort to reach an understanding that we are confident when this discussion is ended they will see their way to remedy whatever shortcomings this resolution may have with a view to finding a way to work in agreement to have a free and impartial plebiscite.

The Council then proceeded to take a vote on the joint resolution, paragraph by paragraph.

The French Delegate proposed an amendment which would add to the penultimate paragraph the words "under the control and authority of the Security Council."

After some discussion the French delegate withdrew his amendment and the preamble was passed in its original form by nine votes in favour, none against, with Russia and the Ukraine abstaining.

ARGENTINA'S SUGGESTION

Dr. Jose Arce (Argentina) commenting on paragraph one A, said it asked Pakistan to do everything to secure the withdrawal of tribesmen. "I doubt whether the tribesmen, if they do not agree to withdraw, can be made to do so. I consider Pakistan should have the right to use force, if necessary, to secure withdrawal.

"If therefore Pakistan and India are to be on an equal footing in this matter it should be said in the resolution that Pakistan should be entitled to use police and the army to enforce the decision".

Sir Gopalaswami Ayyangar (India) very strongly opposed the suggestion of Argentina stating "I am afraid if that suggestion is accepted it will be an invitation to the continuance of the strike and conflict in Kashmir".

Sir Zafrullah Khan (Pakistan) said he could not see how India arrived at this conclusion "some arrangement will have to be made to supervise the withdrawal of the tribesmen. Any force that might be supplied by Pakistan for that purpose would be placed under the full control of the Security Council Commission.

Mr. Philip Noel Baker (Britain) commenting on paragraph 2 A said no mention was made of troops for defence because it was assumed that when all measures had been taken for maintaining law and order there would be no need to make further provision for the defence of the territory. "In this respect I support the remarks made by the Chinese delegate at the last session".

Mr. Noel Baker explained that the term 'forward areas in paragraph 2 A meant areas nearest to the lines of battle while "base areas' referred to those outside the valley of Kashmir.

Mr. Ayyangar then said. "I wish only to say that after hearing the interpretation of the words forward and base areas by the British representative my objection to this part of the resolution is even greater than before"

Voting on paragraph 2 was eight in favour with three abstentions on sections A and B. On section C France joined Syria, Russia and the Ukraine in abstaining.

Paragraph four was passed by nine in favour with Russia and the Ukraine abstaining.

Commenting on paragraph 5, Dr. T. F. Tsiang (China) said the words "local forces" were intended to cover all forces which were inside Kashmir including state and police forces and any remaining Indian forces. "It was our intention that the maintenance of order should be done primarily by the state and police forces under the direction of the administration".

Dr. Jose Arce (Argentina) proposed taking two votes on paragraph five One vote would take the paragraph without the words "subject to the agreement of both the Government of India and the Government of Pakistan." The second vote would be on the paragraph as it stands.

Faris al Khoury (Syria) supported this idea, which he said would give the Commission freedom to call on forces from either Dominion without having to obtain the consent of both Governments. Faris al Khoury added that it would be safer to allow Hindu areas to be policed by Indian forces and Moslem areas by Pakistanis.

Two votes were then taken and the net effect was that paragraph five was passed in its original form in the resolution without dropping the subclause suggested by Argentina. Voting in the two votes was firstly, eight in favour with three abstentions, secondly, seven in favour with four abstentions.

Of paragraph six Mr. Warren Austin (United States) said an attempt was made to find a solution as fair as possible. It was hoped both parties would make it work. "They will have the help of the Commission who will ultimately report whether the plebiscite was fair. The purpose of the paragraph is that there should be organised an interim administration which will command the confidence and respect of all people in the state. It will be a symbol that the Government of the state is officially neutral.

"Each of the three political groups should be given the right to designate an equal number of representatives to create the council of ministers. Also it is not intended to mean that the present Government can offer only token representation in the ministers. It is also not our thought that any undue advantage should be given to the party now in power. It is clearly our intention that the words "on a ministerial level" means that persons designated should form a council of ministers. We have not suggested the Security Council should do more than lay down the principle on which the proposed coalition should be formed.

"We assume in this paragraph, as in all the others, a degree of cooperation between India and Pakistan".

Sir Zafrullah Khan, commenting on paragraph nine, said it would be logical that any forces required by this paragraph should be drawn from forces under the direction of the Commission rather than the forces of the Indian Government.

WHOLE HEARTED COOPERATION EXPECTED

President Alfonzo Lopez, winding up, said: "It is my duty now to request the representatives of India and Pakistan to communicate the resolution just adopted by the Council and to convey to their Governments our earnest hope that upon due consideration they will find its terms an adequate and satisfactory method of restoring peace in Kashmir and of holding a free and impartial plebiscite on the question of accession.

"I also confidently hope that the Governments of India and Pakistan will extend their wholehearted cooperation to the Commission of the Council and that the Council will prove a very useful and efficient instrument of cooperation with them to help decide the dispute in mutually satisfactory terms".

At the end of the Kashmir proceedings Mr. Warren Austin proposed an early meeting of the Council on the Palestine truce He said the Council would wish to determine what specific steps had been taken to implement the truce by Jews Arabs and the Mandatory powers. The President decided to hold the session on Friday.

Mrs. Aung San Back In Rangoon

RANGOON, April 21 (Reuter).—Mrs. Aung San widow of the assassinated Premier, returned to Rangoon today after a five-day visit to Delhi as the guest of Lady Mountbatten.

Burmese Afraid Of China

LONDON, April 21 (Reuter).—Major General Sir Hubert Rance, a former Governor of Burma today said that one of the chief causes of anxiety among the Burmese was fear of their "powerful" neighbours, especially China.

Burmese leaders, he added when addressing the Royal Empire Society here, had not forgotten the last occasion when Chinese forces entered Burma.

'HONEST ATTEMPT TO END DEADLOCK'

"Times" Comment On Security Council's Plan For Kashmir

LONDON, April 20 (Reuter)—The influential London "Times" today described the United Nations Security Council plan to send a mediation commission to Kashmir and to arrange plebiscite there as "an honest attempt to end he deadlock."

It offers a basis for fresh discussion", the paper said in a leading article.

"Although both find in it features they dislike, neither India nor Pakistan can fairly claim that it is politically impracticable.

Whether the two dominions can be induced to accept it is another matter. The plan itself may be too elaborate to be readily accepted or quickly applied. It is not an award; neither India nor Pakistan has the satisfaction of international approval for her case, and the resulting disappointment may lessen its chances of success.

ONLY CHANCE LEFT

Moreover, events in Kashmir are moving so fast and so far that something like a partition of the state into pro-India and pro-Pakistan areas is already taking shape. Even so, the only chance of an amicable settlement since the two parties cannot agree, is for the impartial influence of the United Nations to be brought to bear on the spot, as the Security Council has suggested."

Work To Start On New Moscow University

MOSCOW: (Reuter)—Work is to start this year on the construction of a new Moscow State University on the Lenin Hills with living space for 5,250 students, 750 post-graduates, and with 200 apartment for professors and teachers. It is expected to be completed by 1952.

The building, 20 stories high in the central part, will contain 700 laboratories, an assembly hall for 1,500 people; a library, a number of museums and 160 auditoriums.

A botanical garden will be laid out in the grounds which will cover nearly 250 acres.

PORTSMOUTH, April 21 (Reuter): The 1,350 ton Indian naval sloop "Sutlej" leaves for home tomorrow, calling at Gibraltar, Port Said and Aden and arriving at Bombay on or about May 20.

U. N. COVENANT ON HUMAN RIGHTS

United States Delegate Attacks Article 17

GENEVA, April 20 (UPA)—The United States attacked an article in the proposed United Nations covenant on human rights today on the grounds that it countenances government repression of the press.

William Benton, chief American delegate, told the plenary session of the international conference on freedom of information and the press that the United States cannot accept Article 17 as drafted by the conference Legal Committee.

The article would give contracting states the right to impose penalties liabilities or restrictions, clearly defined by law, on the freedom of ex-

Mountaineering In Antarctic

SYDNEY: (Reuter)—Despite high winds and frequent snowstorms, much has been accomplished by the Australian scientific party wintering on Heard Island, states a report received from the leader of the expedition (Mr. Aubrey Gotley.)

He says that a bearing taken on the dome of "Big Ben", the dominating feature of the island, gives its height as 9,960 feet.

A mountaineering party, comprising Dr. Gilchrist, R. Dovers (surveyor) and F. Jacks (physicist), after establishing a base camp for the operational party 1,000 feet up the side of Mount Oslen, continued on in a 60-mile per hour gale to reach a peak 2,070 feet above sea level. For a brief moment mount Oslen shed its usual cloud canopy and the party saw snow-capped peaks, extensive glaciers and snow-covered sides falling sheer to the sea. Later Gotley and the wireless operator, L. Macey, from the base camp made another attack on Mount Oslen, but from 1,300 feet they were driven back by a blizzard and hurricane-force winds.

The Wyatt Earp, mother ship of the Australian Antarctic expedition, says that supplies of fresh meat have been exhausted aboard ship and a seal meat is now part of the diet. Seal meat is regarded by dietitians as equal in calories value to beef, mutton or fish, and the ship's company is enjoying it.

The Wyatt Earp will return to Melbourne soon.

Pakistan Army In Kashmir May Clash With Indian Troops

Gopalswami's Correspondence With U. N. Council On Redrafted Formula

LAKE SUCCESS, April 21 (Reuter).—India's Chief Delegate, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, has sent the following letters to the President of the Security Council, Senor Alfonso Lopez, it was disclosed here today.

The first letter, dated April 20th, says: "I invite your kind attention to the alternative draft resolution which was circulated towards the end of yesterday's meeting to members of the Security Council by Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan.

"That draft is really the superseded re-draft of March 30th with Pakistan amendments of April 7th worked in. In the course of our discussions both we and Pakistan had suggested amendments to the March 30th re-draft which were, I believe, only considered by the six members of the Security Council who sponsored the resolution.

"As Pakistan has now formally circulated its amendments among the members of the Council I would, for the purpose of completing the record and enabling members being placed in possession of the reaction of both parties to the March 30th re-draft, request you if you see no objection to circulate to members copies of my letter to you dated April 5th and the statement enclosed with it. Copies of these are enclosed.

PLEA FOR AMENDMENTS

It is not my intention, as I stated in my speech yesterday, to ask the Council to consider any specific amendments of ours before it votes on the resolution now being debated."

The second letter dated April 5th, said: "I attach for convenient reference a statement which shows in parallel columns the text of the resolution as finally presented to us by your predecessor and amendments which we require should be made therein before we can accept.

TSIANG'S RE-DRAFT

"Dr. Tsiang's latest re-draft, which is dated March 30th, 1948, itself incorporates a number of amendments to the resolution which he placed before the Council on March 18. Such of the incorporated amendments as we have left untouched in the statement may be treated as acceptable to us, but we desire to make it clear that this acceptance is subject to an overall settlement being arrived at.

"I think it desirable also to emphasise that unless Pakistan is prepared to accept the framework of the original Chinese resolution there can be no question of our accepting any amendments. You may also find it convenient if I restate briefly the views that I expressed to you the other day on the following points:

INTERIM GOVT.

"Firstly, the composition of the Interim Government. The present head of the Government, Sheikh Abdullah, is prepared to include in his Cabinet two or three persons belonging to other political parties. He has already taken a member of the Muslim Conference Working Committee and is endeavouring to find another.

"We regret that it will be quite impossible for us to agree to the provision in the revised draft that the 'Government of India undertake to ensure that the Government of the State invite the major political parties to designate responsible representative to join in the conduct of the Administration at Ministerial level and that they have a full share therein."

"Secondly, the powers of the Plebiscite Administration. We cannot accept the proposal that the Plebiscite Authority should exercise control over the State military, police and magistracy. A provision that such control should be vested in the Plebiscite Authority will be found in Clauses 8 and 10 'C' of the revised Chinese draft.

Thirdly, Army. India must retain in the State of Jammu and Kashmir such forces as are required, not only for the maintenance of Law and Order, but also for the defence of the State.

DEFENCE OF KASHMIR

"Provision for the defence of the State by forces of the Government until the result of the plebiscite is known was provided in the original Chinese draft and is essential because of the proximity of the State to tribal areas, the traditional proneness of tribesmen to resort to violence and the absence of any authority in the tribal areas themselves to control the tribesmen.

"Equally there can be no question of our permitting Pakistan forces to enter and participate in restoring or maintaining order in any part of Jammu and Kashmir State.

Not only is this constitutionally the responsibility of the Government of India, to which Kashmir has acceded, but there is a grave risk of a clash between India and Pakistan forces if the latter are admitted into State territory.

"I shall be glad of the opportunity to see you again at your earliest convenience in order to ascertain your future plans for the consideration of the Kashmir issue.

"We consider it to be of paramount importance that this issue should be disposed of before April 16, when the United Nations Assembly is to meet in special session to discuss the Palestine problem."

First Step Towards Ceylon's Army

COLOMBO, (UPA)—The Defence Force of Ceylon will be reorganized in terms of the Defence Force Ordinance, and the fact that it is formed on a voluntary basis, was stressed by Col. R. J. F. Mendis, Commandant of the Ceylon Defence Force, in the course of a broadcast talk on the reorganization of the Force.

"To my mind", he said, "the grant of Dominion Status means not merely the regaining of independence with its added rights and privileges, but also increased obligations and duties. We have to face the fact that the entire responsibility for the management of our affairs, including the defence of the Island, is ours, and what is more, the country has a right to call upon its citizens to fulfil the obligations that increased responsibility necessarily entails."

The approximate strength of the Defence Force decided on at the moment is 175 officers and 3,000 men. The Force had 578 officers and 11,730 other ranks on its pay roll during the war years.

"The question of establishing a Ceylon Army, I have been asked to announce", said the Commandant, "is receiving the active consideration of the Government."

TWO KILLED AND FOUR INJURED IN CAR CRASH

Accident Near Havleshwar Village

SHOLAPUR, April 21, (A. P. I.): Two persons were killed and four injured when the jeep following the Excise Minister Mr. L. M. Patil's car on tour crashed into a tree on the Phandarpur-Sholapur Road near Havleshwar village today.

Some members of the District Prohibition Committee were stated to have been travelling by the jeep and are believed to be among the injured.

Following the accident Mr. Patil has cancelled his Sholapur programme today. He was to have attended a meeting of the District Prohibition Committee here and later addressed a public meeting in connection with the Government's prohibition policy.

DR. KARVE FELICITATED

POONA, April 21, (A. P. I.): Dr. D. K. Karve, Founder of the Indian Women's University was today felicitated by the citizens of Poona at a meeting held to mark his 91st birthday and pay tributes to his services for the education and uplift of women. An address on behalf of 75 institutions including all the prominent educational societies in Maharashtra, was presented to him on the occasion Dr. M. R. Jayakar, Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University presided.

Amongst those who spoke at today's functions and eulogised his services were Sir B. P. Paranjpye, former High Commissioner in Australia, Mr. K. M. Jedhe, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Rani Saheba of Phaltan.

Dr. Jaykar described Dr. Karve as one of the greatest man Maharashtra had produced. His services in the field of education, he said, should prove a source of inspiration and guide the work of the University of Poona when it started functioning. The Poona University would be based on broad cultural foundation and would not be a copy of other universities.

Dr. Karve in his reply assured of his full co-operation and support for the promotion of the Poona University.

Referring to the situation in the country in general, Dr. Karve appealed to the country not to let communalism raise its head again if the nearly won freedom was to be preserved.

ADULT EDUCATION CAMPAIGN

With a view to launching the adult education campaign on a bigger scale, the Government of Bombay had recently appointed three Regional Committees for Gujerat, Maharashtra and Karnatak. The Post War Reconstruction Scheme for Adult Education sanctioned by the Government contemplates the opening of 165 centres of Adult Education during the period of five years ending 1951-52. In order to ensure that the large amount of money to be spent is properly spent and also to enable the Regional Committees to function satisfactorily and speed up the adult literacy campaign, the Government considers that there should be an organising agency to attend to the Special problems and difficulties of adult education.

The Government has accordingly sanctioned the creation of the nucleus organisation consisting of five posts of officers in the Bombay Educational Service Class II as a temporary measure, for a period of four years in the first instance with effect from April 1, 1948. Out of these five posts four will form part of the offices of the Regional Adult Education Committees, and will be under the administrative control of the Educational Inspectors of the Divisions concerned.

MEDICOS' DEMAND 'ABSURD'

DACCA, April 20 (API): In a press note on the Dacca medical students strike, the East Bengal Government outlined today the steps taken to meet the grievances of the students and expressed the hope that the strike would be given up. Today was the third day of the strike.

According to the press note a section of the students who had gone on strike were squatting in the house of the Minister for Public Health and in front of the Surgeon-General's office and the Mitford Hospital.

The press note adds: "At first, one of the main demands of the students was that they might be given certificates without having to pass examinations, or in the alternative they should be given a definite guarantee that none of them would fail.

Realising the absurdity of these demands they then presented the Government with certain other demands which, if conceded will greatly lower the standard of medical education.

Government cannot allow ill-qualified persons to play with the life and health of the people. Other countries will also refuse to recognise our degrees and certificates if our standards do not come up to the prescribed minimum."

Persecution Of Journalists In Hyderabad Condemned

All India Editors Conference Urges Nizam To Desist From High-handed Action

NEW DELHI, April 21, (API): The following resolutions were adopted by the Standing Committee of the All India Newspaper Editors Conference at its 35th meeting at Constitution Club, New Delhi on April 19, 1948.

"This meeting of the Standing Committee of the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference hereby places on record its deep sense of grief and sorrow over the tragic martyrdom of Mahatma Gandhi.

It recalls with pride that in the discharge of his great mission to which he had dedicated himself, namely that of liberating of his country and elevating of its people, he worked ceaselessly as a journalist for nearly 50 years. In his work as an editor and as a writer, he set up standards of precision, veracity, fearlessness and fairness to opponents which have served as a model to all those who belong to the profession

"This meeting hereby tenders its respectful homage to the memory of the father of the nation, whose lofty ideals commanded universal respect, whose methods evoked universal admiration and whose legacy is an abiding inspiration to all mankind"

"This meeting of the Standing Committee of the All India Newspaper Editors Conference heard with pain and surprise complaints from press correspondents working in Hyderabad (Deccan) that they are being harassed and intimidated by police officials with prosecutions and threats of prosecution over reports sent by them to their head offices. The Committee feels that these correspondents are being persecuted because the local officials are anxious that their nefarious activities should not be made known to the public outside. Such suppression of news will only embitter an already embittered situation. The Committee trusts that the Nizam's Government will issue to their officers suitable instructions asking them not to hamper bonafide press correspondents in the discharge of their legitimate duties and to withdraw the prosecutions already launched.

This Committee also draws attention to the indiscriminate banning and seizure of newspapers arriving in the state on the mere ground that they contain news and views unpalatable to the Government and calls upon the state to desist from such arbitrary and high-handed procedure."

Roving Ambassador For E. R. P.

WASHINGTON, April 21 (Reuter).—Mr. Averrell Harriman, United States Secretary of Commerce, will be appointed roving Ambassador for the European recovery plan, it was announced today.

Iqbal Day In Karachi

KARACHI, April 22 (APD).—The tenth death anniversary of Dr. Sir Mohammed Iqbal, the national poet of Pakistan, was celebrated in Karachi in great pomp and enthusiasm All Government offices and public institutions were closed yesterday.

ALL-INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE

7, Jantar Mantar Road NEW DELHI

Telegrams: "CONGRESS". Telephone: 40320

PUBLICATIONS

		Rs.	a.
1	*Constitution of the Indian National Congress (1939)	0	2
2	Congress and War Crisis ..	1	0
3	The Indian Federation	0	8
4	The Indian National Demand	0	2
5	India's Stand: Rammanohar Lohia	0	2
6	*Presidential address—J. B. Kripalani (54th session) ..	0	4
7	Annual Reports of the General Secretary A.I.C.C.: (a) For the year 1938-39 ..	0	8
	(b) For the year 1939-40 ..	0	8
	(c) For the year 1940-46 ..	1	0
8	Resolutions passed by the Congress: (a) I.N.C. 1930-34	1	4
	(b) I.N.C. 1939-40	0	8
	(c) I.N.C. 1940-46	2	0
9	Non-violent Revolution: J. B. Kripalani	0	6
10	The Parting of the Ways: Jawaharlal Nehru	0	2
11	Milestones of Liberty	0	2
12	27 months of Service	0	4
13	The sinners of Sind	0	4
14	A Political Outrage	0	4
15	The Pathan Votes Against Pakistan	0	4
16	What Congress fights for: Being the Election Manifesto (1945-46)	0	2
17	The Country Votes Congress: Being a brief analysis of the Results of the Central Assembly Elections (1945-46)	0	2
18	Freedom Speaks: Being a resume of the Ideals of the Indian National Congress—1885-1945	0	8

		Rs.	a.
19	*Report of the Proceedings of the Conference of Provincial Presidents and Secretaries (Feb. 47, Allahabad)	0	8
20	+Congress Hand-Book 1946	2	8
21	Cottage Industry in Indian Economy: K. Mitra and P. P. Laksman	2	0
22	Congress Ministries at Work 1946 April—1947 April)	2	0
23	Congress and the Problem of Minorities (Resolutions adopted by the Congress, the Working Committee and the A.I.C.C. since 1885 and connected matter	2	8
24	Congress and Labour Movement in India: P. P. Laksman	2	8
25	Democracy by Dr Tarachand	0	2
26	Economic Freedom & Economic Planning	3	0
27	+Seva Dal Manual	0	8
28	*Report of the Economic Programme Committee of the A.I.C.C	1	0
29	CONGRESS BULLETINS incorporating the proceedings of the A.I.C.C., Working Committee, etc., and important circulars and statements by the President, General Secretaries and the A.I.C.C. Office. (Annual Subscription Rs. 4-, Single copy as. 8). Back Numbers of Congress Bulletins from 1940 are also available. Bulletins from 1946 can be had in Hindi and Urdu at the same rates.		

*Hindi and Urdu renderings of these publications are also available.
+Hindi renderings of these publications are also available.
N.B.—Postage and packing charges extra.

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The Bombay Chronicle

The best and greatest among mankind are those who do themselves no worldly good. Every successful man is more or less a selfish man. The devoted fail.

—Thomas Hardy

INDIA STILL OBJECTS

The Security Council, for all the assurances that the six-nations resolution was not an award or an imposition, has decided to carry it through in spite of the objections of Pakistan and the rejection of India. The five-member "good offices" Commission is to proceed to Kashmir to give effect to the plebiscite proposals of the Security Council. How this is to be done the Security Council has not troubled to consider. The "good offices" Commission had become a burden on its hands. There was no one to take it off gracefully. Therefore, the Security Council has unceremoniously unloaded the Commission on India and Kashmir—and hopes piously that somehow the parties concerned will reconcile themselves to it. Writing sometime in 1934, Lord Halifax commended the 1935 Constitution in the American Press on the ground that Indians were given to haggling over abstract proposals but, once a concrete plan was put forward and set in motion, they might be trusted to settle down to work on it. Events have proved Lord Halifax completely wrong. But evidently there are still some misguided individuals in the international field who share his illusions.

The Commission comes out to India with a specified programme. It has first to call upon Pakistan to discourage the raiders and to do everything in its power to withdraw such raiders as are now in Kashmir. Next, it will call upon the Government of India to reduce gradually its forces in Kashmir. When it is assured that conditions permitting a plebiscite exist in Kashmir, it will invite the Governments of India and Pakistan to help it in setting up a plebiscite administration with adequate authority and a reconstituted coalition Government of all the major parties in Kashmir State. There are many difficulties which the Commission will have to overcome, particularly in view of the opposition of Pakistan and India. Apparently the decision to go ahead with the plan has been taken by the Security Council in the expectation that in each stage of its work the Commission might count on the assistance of at least one of the two Dominions. But it has overlooked one important point: As Pakistan's presence in Kashmir is unauthorised and unadmitted, its objections might be ignored. It will not have the opportunity to obstruct the Commission. But India is in Kashmir by virtue of the State's accession to the Union and its request for assistance in repelling outside aggression. By virtue of the fact that the Commission contemplates enforcing a plebiscite which differs radically from the plebiscite promised by Kashmir and the Indian Union—the Commission's plebiscite is to be under an administrator named by the Security Council, whilst the Kashmir-Union plebiscite was to be conducted by the Kashmir Government—the very presence of the Commission in Kashmir may be denounced as an act of aggression. It is unlikely that India will follow such a policy—particularly after declaring her willingness for a plebiscite under U. N. observation but there are no less effective ways of expressing displeasure.

The Security Council has miscalculated the possibilities and it is heading for disillusionment. It will then assume an air of injured innocence and try to place the blame on India and Pakistan or one of the two. Therefore, it is the duty of India to make known its own attitude of total rejection and to tell the Commission before it starts that India will bear no responsibility for the work of the Commission. For the rest, India, having rejected the Security Council's solution and refused its mediation on the narrow terms of the six-nations resolution, should go ahead with her plans for ridding Kashmir of the raiders, for restoring normal conditions, and for holding the plebiscite. The presence of the Commission will be useful as providing five observers from the Security Council.

There can be no turning back now just because the Security Council has ignored the Indian protest. The rejection of the resolution by Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar was a considered act. The resolution has not become the more acceptable because the Security Council has failed to notice the rejection. It is a surprising fact that no attempt was made to answer the objections of India beyond a vague assertion by the President that her fears were needless. The persistence of irresponsibility in the Security Council is proof that its members do not want to face realities. The Union Government cannot follow them in this carelessness by accepting the Commission. It is reprehensible that an international body professedly seeking peace should thus send out a Commission under conditions which virtually ensure its failure and most ignominious failure at that. If the raiders are egged on to fresh excesses by the folly of the Security Council, it would be no surprise to Indians. The Union is left with no option but to press on with its Kashmir campaign with redoubled vigour and to relieve the people of Kashmir of their afflictions.

Hair-Splitting

The All-India Trade Union Congress is nothing if not original and self-centred. The three delegates at the Delhi Industrial Conference have corrected the Government statement that all parties had agreed to an industrial truce. The nature of the truce resolution, they insist, was such that responsible workers' representatives could not say "yes" or "no" without risk of their position being misunderstood. So what they did say was—"perhaps". In other words, they insisted on certain conditions as essential for increased production and agreed to co-operate in the machinery devised by Government in furtherence of the scheme with a view to get the best out of it for the workers. The unsophisticated might ask, if the Government is satisfied that this means acceptance, why should the three delegates object?

It is not a sudden attack of conscience which has overtaken the A.I.T.U.C. delegates. It is an anxiety to have the best of all possible worlds. They do not wish to be left out of the truce. At the same time, they are anxious that the workers should not feel ignored by their leaders. It is this desire to run in opposite directions which has led the delegates into a masterpiece of muddled thinking. Do they suggest that other workers' representatives have accepted the truce with a view to serving capitalist interests? It is the essence of an agreement between contending parties that each side continues to fight for its rights. All that a truce suggests is that neither party will resort to extreme measures or rudely break off relations. The correction does nothing except prove that the A.I.T.U.C. leaders do not understand what a truce means.

The public will not be deceived by these cheap tactics into accepting the A.I.T.U.C. as the best leaders of the workers, even though the correction tries to impress on it the high sense of responsibility of the three delegates and of their organisation. Nor will the workers be carried away by such hair-splitting. The delegates might take the next opportunity to explain how exactly they intend to use the Government machinery for advancing workers' interests and whether this is not a tacit tribute to the machinery itself. After all, it does convey that the Big Three of the A.I.T.U.C. had convinced themselves that some good could be extracted from the scheme propounded by the Government. If there is fairness in politics, credit for devising a good machine should go to the Government—and also for devising it in such a way that stalwarts like Joglekar, Gandhi and Saxena could use it for the workers' good. As this will not serve the purpose of the trio—which is obviously to snatch all the credit for themselves and distribute the blame for any failure among the other parties, Government, capitalists and other Labour leaders—there is not a word of appreciation.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Whither Cotton?

Sir,— India's beloved Bapu, relying upon the good sense of his people, was anxious to see the country return to normalcy without waiting indefinitely. In doing so Mahatmaji implicitly trusted in the good sense and fairness of those responsible in the handling of the cotton industry as a whole and successfully advocated the lifting of controls on cloth which had to be accompanied by a similar freedom to cotton as well.

It was a tragic irony of fate that shortly after bestowing this freedom, Mahatmaji himself should depart from us and the cotton market opening after the national mourning period at Rs. 512/- for the May contract should soar up to Rs. 712, i.e. a jump of Rs. 200 within two months. The unfortunate part of it is that in the present economy of this country there is no room for such a rise and the Government certainly did not remove the floor and ceiling on cotton for such a ruthless exploitation. Events have proved that speculation, greed and self-interest are yet too dangerously strong to deserve any complete freedom in the marketing of raw cotton or the sale of cloth, both of which have become suddenly extremely expensive and scarce with open announcements from bullish quarters that in conformity with the world demand for cotton, they were justified in cornering and continually boosting up the prices, their goal being yet higher and very far away.

Unless protective measures are promptly enforced by the Government it is only too plain that cotton will soon become completely monopolised by those who have got it in their grip and cloth far from becoming more freely available at reasonable prices would become more difficult and expensive to obtain than during the period of control—Yours, etc,

C.M.K.

Cloth Prices

Sir,—The recent announcement by the Government of India that it would take steps for keeping down the cloth prices has not come too soon. When the Government made a gentleman's agreement with the mill-owners to maintain fair prices after the introduction of decontrol the public generally were doubtful about the success of the scheme and the later events have justified their fears. The rather over sanguine policy of the Government of leaving the sheep to the tender mercies of the wolf created misgivings in the minds of the public regarding the intentions of the Government. It is not surprising that the Government has been quickly disillusioned and it is to be hoped that prompt action will be taken to prevent further exploitation of the already overburdened consumer.—Yours, etc.

S. J. BHAVNANI

Wavell Blames Churchill For Early Burma Campaign Set-back

LONDON, April 22. (Reuter): Field Marshal Viscount Wavell, former British Commander-in-Chief in India, rebukes Mr. Winston Churchill's War Cabinet for its attitude to the war situation on India's eastern frontier in 1943, in a despatch published here to-night by the War Office.

The despatch reports on the last six months of Viscount Wavell's life as an active soldier before he became Viceroy of India in June, 1943—the period after the Japanese had made their furthest penetration westward and before the British had begun the counter-blows which recaptured Burma.

"During the operations recorded in this despatch I received neither encouragement, nor help, nor understanding of the difficulties, only criticism for the failure of a bold attempt to engage the enemy with inadequate resources, in hazardous circumstances," Viscount Wavell reports.

The despatch—written in 1944—continues with this justification of the Commander-in-Chief's policy during the period:

"That my plans were not unsound is, I think, shown by the fact that the plans adopted by the South-East Asia Command for the winter 1943 to 1944 have been practically the same as those I laid down for the previous winter; and that the long-range penetration groups, which were initiated by Maj-Gen. Wingate under my direction have been adopted and extended as a result of the experience I originated.

Field Marshal Viscount Wavell's complaint against the War Cabinet occurs in a testament, embodied in his despatch, introduced with the words: "This despatch marks the end of my active military career." He lists the fourteen campaigns, in Africa, Europe, the Middle East and the Far East, which he directed during the first four years of the war and then declares:

"I should like to express my admiration for the general strategy of the War Cabinet and for the bold and imaginative use made of our limited resources during these first four years of war.

"I regret to have one exception to make." The Field Marshal then makes his complaint of the War Cabinet's attitude to the situation on the India-Burma frontier in 1943.

TRIBUTE TO INDIAN SOLDIERS

Later he declares: "Next to the British, I have had most to do with the Indian soldier, and owe much to him. In this war he has shown in addition to his proved fighting qualities a remarkable ability to adapt himself to the complexities of modern war, and to learn new weapons and new methods."

Viscount Wavell's account of the fighting during the first half of 1943, is prefaced by a War Office statement that Japanese documents, which became available at the end of the war in Burma, established that the operations succeeded in their main purpose of preventing an offensive into India at a time when India was unprepared.

The Japanese planned, during the winter of 1942 to 1943, to make an offensive into India against the oilfield at Tinsukia, through the Hukawng Valley, and, with another force, to capture Imphal and then Dimapur, in order to cut off any Allied troops in the Tinsukia area, and to occupy Northern Assam.

An offensive by Indian troops in Arakan, and the penetration of Maj-Gen. Wingate's "Chindits" into Burma caused the Japanese to abandon these plans.

TRIPLE OBJECTIVE

Viscount Wavell laid down three objectives for the winter of 1942 to 1943, he reports. They were:

1. The capture of the island of Akyab, in Arakan;
2. Strengthening of Allied positions in the Chin Hills, in the centre of the front along the Indian border;
3. Establishment of forces on the Chindwin river, further east, between Kalewa and Sittaung. From such positions Japanese lines of communication to the east would have been raided and preparations made for a further advance into Upper Burma.

FOURTEENTH INDIAN DIVISION.

The fourteenth Indian Division was to carry out this operation, which was to end with a short-range sea crossing to Akyab island. Some troops actually drove through to the end of the Mayu Peninsula, from where the crossing was to have been made.

But Japanese in Donbaik and Rathedaung held out long enough for reinforcements to arrive and these two places were never taken, in spite of repeated assaults. Later the Indian troops began to fall back, until finally Maungdaw was abandoned, and, by the start of the monsoon, the Allied forces were back at approximately the positions from which they had begun their advance five months earlier.

LOSS IN PRESTIGE AND MORALE.

"We suffered some 2,500 battle casualties and probably inflicted at least as heavy losses on the enemy. The greatest gain from the campaign was experience, of the enemy's methods and of our own defects in training and organisation. The serious loss was in prestige and morale.

"On balance I shall certainly never regret that I ordered the campaign to take place in spite of lack of resources."

Viscount Wavell states that the intention of his proposed advance to the Chindwin river was to assist Chinese forces advancing into Burma from the east by engaging as many Japanese troops as possible. In the end, the Chinese troops did not advance and operations on this front were, therefore, limited to strong offensive patrols.

The despatch states that Viscount Wavell requested the services of Lt-Col. O. C. Wingate, famed leader of the Chindits, who later died in Burma. In May, 1942, Lt-Col. Wingate submitted a proposal to train a brigade for long-range penetration behind the enemy lines. Viscount Wavell approved the plan and made available forces which became known as Seventy-seventh Indian Infantry Brigade and which began jungle training the Central Provinces in July.

In February, 1943, the seven columns of the Brigade began to move into Burma. Their instructions were "to cut the main north and south railway line between Mandalay and Myitkyina; to harass the enemy in the Shwebo area and then, if circumstances were favourable, to cross the Irrawaddy and cut the railway line Mymyo-Lashio."

The main body of the brigade crossed the Chidwin without opposition and successfully destroyed four bridges of the Mandalay-Myitkyina railway, blasted thousands of tons of rock on to the lines, and cut the track in seventy other places.

After that, these forces penetrated eastward and crossed the Irrawaddy between March 9 and 18. They then encountered difficulties which led to abandonment of the plan to attack the Mandalay-Lashio railway. The majority of the force had returned to India by the first week in June, after four months in Japanese-occupied territory.

"The enterprise had no strategic value and about one-third of the force, which entered Burma was lost," Viscount Wavell writes.

AIR DEFENCE.

Writing of the role of the Air Force in the defence of India against air attack, the former Commander-in-Chief states: "In December, 1942 the enemy made a series of small raids on the Calcutta area. In response to my request for night fighters, a flight of 'beau fighters' arrived in Calcutta on January 14, 1943.

"On January 15 three enemy aircraft attempted to raid Calcutta and were all three shot down by a single 'beaufighter'. Four enemy aircraft made a raid on January 19, of which two were certainly destroyed and one probably.

"There was no further attacks west of the Brahmaputra."

During the period of these operations, Field Marshal Viscount Wavell prepared a plan for the offensive of the following winter. It provided for an offensive in three stages, the first a three-pronged advance on Mandalay, the second landings by sea on the western coast of Lower Burma to secure airfields, and the third a direct seaborne and airborne assault on Rangoon.

"The plan was admittedly a bold and hasardous one: but it was the only one which offered, to my mind, a chance of recapturing Burma in one campaigning season, between two monsoons; and this was what I had been instructed to do," the despatch stated.

Viscount Wavell states that the plan did not commend itself to Air Chief Marshal Sir Richard Peirse, the Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, or to Admiral Sir James Somerville, Commander-in-Chief of the Eastern Fleet.

WHAT WAR CABINET DID.

"I never received from the Chiefs of Staff or War Cabinet either approval or condemnation of the plan," he adds. "But the resources required to implement it were obviously not forthcoming. I had stated our requirements at 182,000 tons per month, beginning in March, if the plan was to be prepared and executed in the winter 1943 to 1944. The shipping programmes for March and April provided for less than half of this."

Later Viscount Wavell was recalled to London and attended a Washington Conference to discuss further steps in the war against Japan. "The War Cabinet did not favour the plan I had proposed," the despatch records.

KICKED UP!

While still in London Viscount Wavel was appointed Viceroy of India and command in India passed to Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Italy Votes Anti-Soviet

It was expected that Italy would return a broad anti-Communist verdict at the general election. But the defeat of the Communists has been unexpectedly decisive. This is due to many causes, for instance, the Czech revolution, the Pope, Mr. Marshall, and the generosity, actual and promised, of the Western Powers. There is no doubt that the general mass of the Italian people is essentially anti-Communist and the immediate causes served only to make the expression of its prejudices and preference conclusively definite. But this expression is, today, a matter of striking international significance. It is the first big check to what the West calls the advance of Russia and Russian communism and, therefore, a big international reverse for the Soviet Union. The Russians, who quite realistically anticipated the results, have, however, not yet shown their hand. How they will react in order to counter or compensate for this reverse is not yet known. But there are bound to be repercussions, not in Italy, but elsewhere in Europe.

"What Democracy?"

Meanwhile there is justified jubilation in the Western democratic camp. Italy has been saved for "democracy" and it is a historic event in the perspective of the current international conflict. But the question has yet to be answered: what kind of "democracy" has Italy been saved for and what will be the effect on the people of Italy as also some others of it? what will be the effect on the pro-social Democrats—one consequence of the East-West conflict has for sometime been an unfortunate tendency towards the weakening of democratic Socialism in Western Europe—they are in the nature of radical liberals. Signor de Gasperi has given the assurance that the victory of his party does not mean any danger to the interests of, say, the working class. But the assurance will need to be implemented.

A Serious Danger

A matter of more serious concern and interest to us in Asia is the possible effect of the Italian verdict on the colonial problem. Italy has been demanding the restoration of its domination—in another form, of course—over its lost colonies. This was, in spite of interested Russian support, an outrageous demand. It still is. The British and the Americans—but not the French, concerned naturally with inevitable psychological and political dangers to their own North African colonies—have, certainly, been opposed to that demand. But who knows, they may want now to reward de Gasperi and Sforza for the good work the latter have done for "democracy" with Libya and Eritrea. If this happens, Western Powers will be celebrating the victory of "democracy" with a grievous blow to that very democracy. And the matter will not end there, but will actually start a new and a big problem for them.

Secularism Vindicated

It is a striking tribute to the policy of the Government of India, that 18,000 employees of the pre-partition Indian railways who originally opted for Pakistan, have decided at one stage or another, to return to India. Although no figures have been published, it is well-known that Government employees of other departments have also been returning to India. The Indian Union has emphatically declared itself to be a secular state which shall neither recognise nor tolerate any discrimination against any of its citizens on the ground of religion. More. Its chief spokesmen have tirelessly worked to implement this principle in every department of life. This wise policy has yielded and will continue to yield rich results. The Government of India have defined their policy in the matter of employment of displaced personnel. The first claim on them is, of course, that of the employees who opted for India and who in many cases were obliged to leave Pakistan in a hurry even before proper plans could be made for their absorption. Those who voluntarily opted for Pakistan but changed their minds later can come only next on the list. But we must emphasise that, beyond the necessity to give priority to those who chose India in the first instance, there should be no kind of discrimination against the others arising out of any prejudice. We must also emphasise that, while the six months time limit which was agreed upon, is all right for people to decide which Government they will serve, there should be no obstacle of any kind against ordinary people who may want to come back and settle down in any other occupation. That is the declared policy of Government and we are sure that it will be implemented in a manner which can be held up as a shining example of the faith of the Indian people in a free and secular state

Science Research In India

India cannot, as Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukerjee so aptly put it, remain a mere spectator in the grand drama of human achievement, that is represented by the progress of science. Nor is it likely that she will be a passive spectator. Considering the meagre opportunities that have been available for research, India has produced scientists who can hold their own, with the best of other lands. But now a free India is bound to provide far greater opportunities and encouragement to her sons—all the more so because Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister is one of the most zealous protagonists of scientific and technical progress. Laying the foundation stone of the National Institute of Sciences of India at New Delhi, the other day, Pandit Nehru once again affirmed the determination of Government in this matter. There is no lack of men and materials and the Government is willing to help in making full use of the talent and opportunities available for the progress of science. This is particularly so in the branch of atomic research. India has abundant raw materials needed for nuclear research. India has also, in men like Sir C. V. Raman and Dr. Bhabha, men of outstanding achievement in fundamental research. Therefore, it is safe to assume that the foundation of the Institute of Nuclear Physics at Calcutta will mark the beginning of a new era in the scientific annals of India. And what is more important, India with her cultural and philosophic background is bound to work to harness atomic energy in the constructive service of mankind rather than for purposes of destruction.

Owners And Tillers

One more blow has been struck against privilege by the passing of the Bihar Acquisition of Zamindaris Bill. Whatever may have been the origin of these Zamindars and their rights under the laws made by men either belonging to or subject to the influence of their own class, it is clear that, in terms of public policy, they have no right to continue in their present position. Nor can their tall claims be sustained in terms of equity. But the Congress, as a national organisation and as a body believing in democratic and evolutionary processes, has already resolved to pay fair compensation to the Zamindars. The representatives of the landholders are reported to have walked out of the Bihar Assembly when the House voted on the Bill. This gesture of protest cannot but be futile. The Zamindars would be well advised to co-operate in making the transition as smooth and peaceful as possible rather than offer useless resistance. But we would like to emphasise on this occasion that the mere elimination of the Zamindari system is only the first step in the regeneration of India's land and its tillers. The final objective to be aimed at is to create a situation when the owner and the tiller are not two different persons with different interests. Even if it is not possible to bring about at once, the ideal situation where the tiller of the land is its owner as well, it is necessary to give the tiller a sense of security. This can be achieved by changing the tenancy laws so as to give the tenant protection against eviction on the one hand and excessive or illegal exactions on the other hand. Tenancy legislation along these lines has made great progress and has achieved good results in Bombay. It deserves to be studied and copied or adapted as the case may be, in other parts of India.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"We are living up to the ideals of communal unity and harmony, and those who indulge in carrying out baseless propaganda, should see the problem in the light of truth".

—Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister of Hyderabad.

* * *

The Syrian delegate on the Security Council did not vote for the six-nation resolution on Kashmir because Pakistan was not given equal facilities with India in the management of the plebiscite and other questions.

Even Sir Md. Zafrullah, a man so hard to please that the virtual Six-Power surrender to him did not satisfy him, can have no complaint against the Syrian delegate.

* * *

According to a Damascus report Arab army headquarters have declared that it has been definitely established that Russian forces are fighting beside Haganah in Palestine.

It is, however, not yet known that Paris El Khowry, the Syrian delegate, expects that Sir Md. Zafrullah would, in return, agree to induce his Six-Power admirers and their supporters to do something about it.

Or send a contingent of tribal raid—sorry, warriors to fight beside the Arabs in Palestine.

* * *

Speaking at Lahore, Choudhry Ghulam Abbas, the Muslim Conference chief, is reported to have thundered that if "by any chance the Hindu imperialists succeeded in tying Kashmir to the apron strings of India the whole of Asia would be enveloped in the flames of war"

Abdul Qaiyum of the Frontier Province was less terrible. But now that the Kashmir Choudhry has threatened India with setting fire not only to the Middle East but also China, Burma, Malaya, Ceylon, Indonesia, Philippines, Japan and, yet, Soviet Asia, there is nothing for it but to surrender unconditionally to—Ghulam Abbas or Ibrahim?

* * *

Acharya Kripalani has explained his previous speech. What he meant then, he says, was that it was essential that representative Muslims from the Indian Union went to Hyderabad and made them (the Ittehadi's etc.) see reason".

Will he now explain why he assumes that representative Muslims must, as such, be automatically brilliant psychiatrists?

* * *

But that is by the way. These representative Muslims should, as he says, go to Hyderabad and make the Ittehadis see reason, "otherwise" he insists, "their professions of loyalty, as any other virtue, must manifest itself in appropriate actions at the proper time"

If that is all that he meant and means, why, should an Acharya say what is school-boyishly obvious and elementary?

* * *

Says a London report: "The biggest British naval force to be mustered since the war will take part in surprise manoeuvres in the North Sea next month".

The manoeuvres will be so much of a "surprise" that all that the world has been informed of it a month in advance is (a) the exact dates and (b) the number and nature of the naval units and the aircraft.

Protection To Adiwasis

V. L. Mehta's Assurance On Behalf Of Bombay Government

(From Our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, April 22.

Inaugurating the agricultural exhibition held at Mahalaxmi village, 16 miles from Dahanu, Mr. Vaikunthlal Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay, said: "The world has not produced a greater philosopher than Mahatma Gandhi during the last 2,000 years. Gandhiji devoted his whole life to the service of the poor, weak and downtrodden. This exhibition arranged here is also an effort to serve the poor, exploited, Adiwasis of Dahanu Taluka. Gandhiji always remained a champion of the poor. He wanted Indian agriculturists to get the maximum profits for labour put in by them. He revolted against exploitation of man by man. "The present Government has accepted the Gandhian ideology and hence we shall always try to protect the interests of Adiwasis The Bombay Government has enacted legislations such as Tenancy Act, Agriculture Debtors Relief Act and Money Lenders Act to give the maximum help and relief to Adiwasis."

Indian Mangoes For London Exhibition

LONDON, April 22, (A.P.I.): Fresh mangoes specially flown from India will be exhibited at the British Industries Fair, which opens in London and Birmingham on May 3, it is learnt.

The Indian Pavilion, in the Commonwealth Section, will be situated at the Earl's Court, London. Besides the display of India's famous textiles, brocades, carpets, numdahs, leather goods, perfume, toilet articles, sports goods, brassware, silver filigree, shellac, lacs and mica manufacturers, for the first time India-made cigarettes and opium alkaloids manufactured at the Government Alkaloid Works, Ghazipur, will also be exhibited.

Now that Indian manufacturers can freely export their products to foreign countries, there is general expectation that a large number of orders will be placed in India as a result of this exhibition which closes on May 14.

Token Strike In Singapore

SINGAPORE, April 22 (Reuter): The Singapore Federation of Trade Unions to-day announced a one-day general strike for to-morrow in protest against the recent police raids on trade union premises.

Four hundred stevedores returned to work in the outer harbour after an agreement with individual contractors, leaving more than 2,000 still on strike.

The Singapore Harbour Board said that it stood by its reply of February 28 to the 31st demands for better pay and conditions by the Harbour Labourers Union.

The present strike arose from dissatisfaction with this reply.

LONDON, April 22. (Reuter): Viscount Addison, Governor spokesman in the House of Lords, said tonight that there would be a large reduction in the drawings by sterling area countries on Britain's dollar reserves in the first half of this year.

Haganah Takes Haifa By Storm

Arabs Asked To Surrender Arms: Clashes In Safad

JERUSALEM, April 22 (Reuter):—After sweeping down from the heights of Mount Carmel in a major offensive against the city's 60,000 Arabs, Jewish forces of the Haganah Northern Command were tonight in virtual control of most strategic points along Haifa's mile-long waterfront.

Haganah then laid down terms for a truce with the Arabs, asking them to surrender their arms and to deport from Haifa all "foreign fighting elements".

For 24 hours the crackle of machine gun fire and the crump of mortar bombs resounded through Palestine's main seaport as the Jews blasted Arabs out of their strong points.

BR. TROOPS WITHDRAW TO DEFENSIVE POSITIONS

British troops withdrew to defensive positions round the port.

The Jews occupied the telephone exchange and other buildings while their shell fire set railway headquarters and other buildings ablaze near the docks.

Khoury House, headquarters of the Palestine Railways, is reported to be completely gutted and all records destroyed after being hit by mortar shells.

ARABS IN PANIC

The Teeming Suk District, home of an estimated 20,000 Arabs were in panic as the first wave of Jewish fighters came in and, according to police reports, most Arab women and children fled for the beaches to try to reach Acre, northern Arab seaside town.

British Royal Marines were reported holding the port perimeter—main "gateway" for British evacuation—and British infantry guarded Kingsway, business centre linking Arab and Jewish quarters.

Any direct threat against British lines of communications will, it is learned, be met with the strongest measures, including the possible imposition of martial law.

All British security forces in Jerusalem were altered tonight, as news of the Haifa battle came through, in case Haganah is planning a similar drive in the Holy City.

FEW CASUALTIES

The U. P. A. Adds:

A Haganah spokesman said the offensive was carried out with a surprising small number of casualties—4 Jews killed, 34 wounded and Arab casualties not exceeding 20 dead.

Arab officials declined to announce their casualties, but said the Jews had shot down a large number of women and children attempting to flee from the Old City. A Haganah spokesman denied the charges and said the Jews would demand proof.

JEWISH TRUCE TERMS

The Jewish truce terms demanded that all Arabs give up their arms immediately, agree to a 24-hour curfew and permit Jewish forces to search all Arab quarters for arms. Arab road blocks were ordered removed from the streets. The Jews also demanded all armed Arabs who were not citizens of Haifa to be handed over to them. The Jews said they would be required to leave within 24 hours.

ARABS RAID BARCLAY'S BANK

Armed Arabs raided Barclay's Bank in Allenby Square, Jerusalem, today, held up the staff at gun-point and got away with £18,000, British sources reported, says Reuter.

Armed Jews occupied the Palestine Government's Migration Department offices in central Jerusalem which the Government vacated a few days ago

Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, said in Cairo today that the Arab League was prepared to accept the truce in Palestine "provided the United Nations can protect the shores of Palestine against Jewish immigration".

"Since the United Nations can neither dissolve nor disarm Haganah the only way to have peace in Palestine is to expel its units from the country", he added.

ARMED RUSSIAN INTERFERENCE IN PALESTINE?

DAMASCUS: Syria has told her delegates to the Arab League Political Committee in Cairo to ask for immediate action by regular Arab forces in Palestine before the end of the British mandate, official circles said today.

The Arab League had thought that untrained Arab forces could dominate the situation but recent Jewish massacres and "armed Russian interference" had changed the whole situation, it was added.

The Syrian Government considers that Haganah represents the armed forces of World Jewry and not the Palestine Jews.

Haganah, they said, is now opposed by Arabs guerilla forces of untrained men, without modern equipment or centralised command.

(Arab Army Headquarters here last night said it had been definitely established that Russian forces were fighting alongside Haganah).

ARAB LIBERATION ARMY UNITS ENTER SAFAD

ARAB ARMY HEADQUARTERS, NORTH PALESTINE, (Via Beirut), April 22 (UPA): Reports reaching this Headquarters said today that Arab Liberation Army units had entered Safad after the British withdrawal from the town, clashing in a series of bloody battle with the Jewish population.

The Arab population outnumbers the Jews by 4 to 1, but they are strategically dominated by the Jewish quarter on the heights overlooking the Arab section.

When the British withdrew, Arab Army forces who infiltrated immediately occupied the fort and were using this position to check any possible Jewish attack on Safad. The Jews reportedly were getting reinforcements from the Huleh valley and the strong nearby settlements of Ein Zeitim and Biriya.

Youthful Dr. Feisal, Syrian volunteer just back from Safad, said that clashes were taking place hourly and that several were dead or wounded on both sides in sniping, but most of the attacks were minor.

PEERS PASS PALESTINE BILL

LONDON, April 22 (Reuter): The Palestine Bill, providing for the ending of British jurisdiction in Palestine when the British mandate ends on May 15, was read a third time and passed by the House of Lords without discussion today.

As the Bill had already been passed by the House of Commons it only awaits the King's formal assent to become law.

MADANI INDICTS RAZVI

"Greatest Enemy Of Islam And Indian Muslims"

INDORE, April 22. (U. P. I.): Maulana Hussain Ahmad Madani, President of the Jamait Ulema-i-Hind, in his presidential address at the Central India Nationalist Muslim Conference held at Mhow, sharply indicted Kasim Razvi, Leader of the Hyderabad Deccan Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen for his irresponsible utterances and said that men like him were the greatest enemies of Islam and the Indian Muslims.

The Indian Muslims, he said, should not only refuse to play his game but they should stand four square behind the Indian Government in its action against the Nizam.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Syed Mahmood and other nationalist Muslim leaders sent messages of good wishes to the conference which was attended by delegates, from all States of Central India.

BURMA COMMUNIST RISING CHECKED

RANGOON, April 22. (Reuter): Burmese troops and police have controlled a Communist uprising in the interior.

According to semi-official reports here today, more than 400 Communists have been captured in the past few days, it was stated.

'VIKING' CRASHES IN SCOTLAND

20 Persons, Flung on Hillside, Make Their Own Way To Safety

GLASGOW, April 22. (Reuter): Twenty men and women, flung on to a desolate and storm-swept Scottish hillside when the 'Viking' airliner in which they were travelling crashed near Lags, Ayrshire, last night, made their own way to safety today, while four rescue parties searched for them in vain through dense fog.

The only casualty was one woman stated to be suffering from shock.

The first two to make the three hour journey in the face of a fierce easterly gale were the plane's captain and a passenger, who left the others huddled in around the charred hulk of the burntout plane.

The captain then led the first search party, which returned exhausted after several hours.

The plane hit the hillside in pitch darkness after it had overrun the airfield at Renfrew.

No Strike Pay For Teachers

AHMEDABAD, April 22. (A.P.I.): The Municipal School Board has issued a circular to all its schools not to pay salary to the teachers during the strike period of 33 days.

"Nenni" Incident In Parliament

LONDON, April 22 (Reuter): Conservative party leaders are to force a debate in the House of Commons on the "Nenni Incident"—the good wishes telegram from a group of labour members to Signor Pietre Nenni's Communist-supported Socialists in the Italian elections.

The debate, which will probably be held in the week after next, will be on whether any signatures were put on the telegram without consent.

The opposition's action followed a fresh Government refusal in the House of Commons today to allow an all-party inquiry into the incident on the ground that it was a domestic labour affair.

Government Forces Evacuate Yenan

NANKING, April 22, (Reuter). General Hu Chung Han, Chinese Government Commander in Shensi Province, may be replaced according to unconfirmed reports following the evacuation by Government forces of Yenan, former Communist capital.

Reports reaching here today said Communist forces were occupying the city—in which, according to a Government spokesman, all the main buildings had been wrecked before their troops made a strategic withdrawal on Wednesday night after holding it for 13 months.

Two of General Hu's best divisions were said recently to have been "annihilated" by attacking Communists.

Baroda Representative In New Delhi

BARODA, April 22 (API): The Government of Baroda is to have their representative in New Delhi who will attend to the day-to-day political and commercial problems arising between the State and the Central Government, it is learnt.

Mr. T. D. Walknis, who has been Chief Secretary to the Government of Baroda has been selected for the post and will be leaving for Delhi in a few days to take up his new appointment.

RUSSIA CUTS TRAIN LINK

Allied Passenger Traffic To Berlin Banned

BERLIN, April 22. (Reuter): Russia today announced measures to cut the last allied passenger train link between Berlin and the west by banning two coaches from the Nord Express.

The French have protested as the ban chiefly affects French passengers; Britain tonight planned similar action.

The coaches join the Nord Express at Osnabrueck, in the British Zone, and provide service for passengers travelling to Brussels, Paris and London.

The Russian announcement said the Nord Express connection to be severed tomorrow would not be restored until new arrangements had been made by the American, French and British with the Soviet authorities, or through the Allied Control Council.

Russian Road Block On Vienna Frontier

VIENNA, April 22 (UPA): Soviet authorities today imposed new security restrictions and erected a new road block on the thoroughfare from Vienna to the British zone of Austria, a British spokesman announced.

The spokesman said a jeep load of four Austrian employees of the British sponsored newspaper, Weltpresse, were turned back at Siebenhirten, five miles south of Vienna.

INDIANS IN BURMA AND CEYLON

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 22.

Mr. V. V. Giri, India's High Commissioner in Ceylon, has been here discussing with Pt. Nehru's Ministers, the draft of the reply to Ceylon Premier's letter received here last month. The letter makes suggestions in respect of issues which are the subject of controversy between the two Governments.

Burma Delegation headed by Mr. B. A. Singh is also here to discuss matters relating to Indian immigration into Burma. India would like greater freedom of movement to and from Burma for Indians who have not adopted Burman citizenship. India would also like permission for longer stay of Indians who go to Burma for business or as replacement in business houses. At present such permission is confined to three months.

Indian Commissioners For Br. Colonies

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 22.

His Majesty the King of England has agreed to India appointing her Commissioners to look after the interests of her nationals in East Africa, West Indies, Fiji and Mauritius. Government are at present looking for suitable persons for appointment. This is India's ten years' old demand which Britain has now met. But for Seth Govinddas' intervention, India's representative in East Africa would have been appointed before war. After his return from a visit to Africa Seth Govinddas it is to be recalled led an agitation against such appointment.

R. I. N. COMMISSIONED RANKS

19 Candidates Selected For Entry Into Permanent Cadre

NEW DELHI, April 22 (API): Nineteen candidates have been selected for entry into the permanent cadre of commissioned ranks of the Royal Indian Navy says a Press Note. Seventeen of them are already in the U.K. for training at R.N. College, Dartmouth. The term begins on Apr. 25, 1948.

The 17 candidates are: Rajendra Prasad Bhalla, Chitta Priya Roy, Patrick James Barron, Tahiliani Radhakrishin, Subimal Mukhopadhyaya, Vishwa Mehta, Jaipaul Sayal, Lionel Anthony Pereira, Y. N. Inamdar, Santosh Kumar Sinha, Prem Nath Kapur, Arvind Balkrishna, K. T. Raju, G. K. Nadkar, A. K. Gokhale K. K. Anand and V. Janardanan.

Two other candidates, Romesh Chandra and B. G. Mudholkar will be sent to UK. with the next batch of candidates for the term commencing on September 23.

Five of the 17 selected candidates are ex-Dufferin Cadets who qualified at the special examination held by the Federal Public Service Commission for Dufferin cadets in October, 1947 and the others at the open F.P.S.C. examinations held in November, 1947 and earlier; and were subsequently elected by the Services Selection Board.

REWA EX-RULER MAY BE SENT TO HILL STATION

NEW DELHI, April 22 (API): The Maharaja of Rewa and the Prime Minister, Mr. Ram Rao Deshmukh, saw Sardar Patel yesterday in connection with the detention of Sir Gulab Singh, ex-Maharaja of Rewa.

They expressed concern for his health and suggested that Sir Gulab Singh may be transferred to a suitable health station.

Sardar Patel, it is understood, promised to consider the suggestion sympathetically.

WELLINGTON, April 22 (Reuter): F. Jones, Defence Minister, announced today that the air service between New Zealand and Japan, operated by No 41 squadron of the Royal New Zealand Air Force, would be withdrawn shortly.

It is claimed to be the longest run in the world conducted by one crew.

Bose Wins Davis Cup First Round

HARROGATE, April 22, (U.P.A.): In the Davis Cup first round, Dilip Bose, India, beat Howard Walton, Great Britain, 6-3, 6-3, 6-2, confounding the forecasters.

Bose dashed Britain's hopes for a first day 2-0 lead, when with an attacking game from start to finish he cleaned the much fancied Walton, Royal Air Force Champion, off the court in three straight sets.

Bose dictated the terms of play throughout, while Walton had little reply. Walton frequently misjudged his shots and even missed hitting the ball.

Tony Mottram (Britain) beat Sumant Misra (India) 6-0, 6-3, 7-9, 7-5.

Development Of Liberia

NEW YORK, April 22. (Reuter): Mr. Edward R. Stettinius, Chairman of the Board of the Liberia Company, announced a programme here to-day which may turn backward Liberia, the "Black Republic" on the west coast of Africa, into one of the wealthiest and progressive of the continent.

Airlines linking with the international routes at Dakar and Leopoldville are among the projects agreed between Mr. Stettinius and President William S. Tubman in the negotiations they have just completed in Monrovia.

Petroleum, gold, diamonds, agriculture, lumber and land communications will be developed.

Liberia, founded 100 years ago by freed American slaves, was of strategic importance to Nazi desert and surface raiders.

The United States troops entered the country after the military alliance of 1942 and built a £1,500,000 airfield there.

It is one of the few remaining sources of natural rubber available to America.

Other agreed projects include application by Liberia for membership in the International Bank and International Monetary Fund, and formation of a national bank with power to issue currency.

The company, Mr Stettinius said, might be a pattern for developing other backward areas of Africa by private enterprise "to the advantage of the inhabitants and as a profit to the companies."

PROVISIONAL COUNCILS OF ARABS AND JEWS

Australian Move At U. N. Political Committee Debate On Palestine

LAKE SUCCESS, April 22 (Reuter): Australia today introduced into the resumed United Nations Political Committee debate on Palestine a resolution calling for the Palestine Commission to create provisional councils of Government for Jews and Arabs, and also militia forces in the areas concerned.

The resolution asked the General Assembly to call on the States of the Arab League to "prohibit their nationals from engaging in activities in Palestine intended to obstruct" the General Assembly.

Dr. Joza Vilfan, of Yugoslavia, opened the discussion today by opposing the United States plan for trusteeship. He said that Greece was an example of the kind of progress Britain and the United States brought to other countries and he waned to spare Arabs and Jews such a fate.

M. Alexandre Parodi (France) appealed for quick action to protect Jerusalem. "We want immediate measures to make Jerusalem into a refuge for all populations", he said. He proposed that the Trusteeship Council should immediately choose a chief of police who could immediately begin recruiting a voluntary police force throughtout the world.

M. Parodi submitted a resolution embodying the points he had made. He said that he thought the Assembly would not finish its work much before May 15, when the mandate ends, and asked the Political Committee to give priority to his resolution.

M. Vassili Tarasenko of the Ukraine urged the implementation of the partition decision and said that failure to carry out a decision of the Assembly could not be justified. He accused Britain of "seeking all kinds of means to wreck the decision of the Assembly".

POPE ON ITALIAN ELECTION RESULT

ROME, April 22 (UPA) The Pope, in a statement on the Italian election, said today that the result "quickened the confidence of all Europe and the whole world."

The Pope's statement was made originally in a special audience for representatives of threee American press associations, including Hugh Baillie, President of the United Press of America. It was released today by Myron Taylor, President Truman's special representative to the Vatican.

200,000 U. S. MINERS RETURN TO WORK

PITTSBURG, April 22 (Reuter): Two hundred thousand American miners responded today to the "return to work" call of their leader, Mr. John L. Lewis. At least 330,000 of the 400,000 miners who joined the recent stoppage are now back. Mr. Lewis made his appeal after being convicted for ignoring a court order to end the strike. He faces the court again tomorrow on a civil contempt charge.

BR. BOMBERS' TRAINING FLIGHT PUT OFF

LONDON, April 22. (Reuter): A training flight by British bombers, drranged for tonight, over north west Germany and northern France has been postponed because of unfavourable weather.

Gasperi Promises Extensive Land Reforms

New Italian Government Will Assure Freedom For All: Move To Join Western Union Pact

ROME, April 22. (U.P.A.): Alcide de Gasperi told a press conference to-day that "Italy wants to collaborate with the Brussels Western Union Pact" which he described as a pact of non-aggression consolidate peace".

De Gasperi promised that his new Government would bring about extensive land reforms.

He denied there would be any tension in the nation resulting from the elections as charged last night by Palmiro Togliatti, the communist leader.

De Gasperi said: "The Government intends to defend liberty for all, including communists, but on condition that it will not be abused nor protests engineered."

Veteran foreign correspondents in Italy, who attended a similar press conference in December, 1945, when de Gasperi first became Premier, found him greatly changed since then. Then he was lacking in confidence, but to-day he spoke not only as a very successful politician, but as a statesman.

De Gasperi said:

"The Western Union is no longer a mere phrase. It is a United States of Europe in the making. It is necessary for peace and for the prosperity of all peoples and, especially, the Italians who have a surplus population."

Underlining the already increasing unity between the Latin sisters, Italy and France, de Gasperi read a congratulatory telegram on his election victory from French Foreign Minister Bidault. The message said: "Italy has made liberty triumph. This lesson will be considered by all the great groups of mankind who are hoping for freedom."

POPE ON ITALIAN ELECTION RESULTS.

The Pope said that the Italian elections marked a "crucial moment" which will cause people all over the world to turn to God "with the prayer that He come to the defence of His cause against error and injustice."

The Pope said that he himself had been saddened in this period "by the spectacle of so many who, in their egoism or blindness, stubbornly hold to the path that can lead only to disaster for the soul and the body alike."

WESTERN POWERS WILL WELCOME ITALY.

LONDON, April 22 (U.P.A.): Whitehall sources said to-day that the Council of Ambassadors for the five Western Union Powers probably would consider the admission of Italy to the Brussels Pact when they meet here Saturday morning.

The spokesman indicated that the question of Italy joining the Western Union was certain to be considered.

Preliminary high level discussions, on the possibility of Italy becoming a member, it is understood, took place between British Foreign Secretary Bevin and Italian Foreign Minister Count Carlo Sforza at Paris during the 16 nations conference on the Europe Recovery Programme. Prior to this, Bevin had seen the Italian Ambassador in London and informed him of the British viewpoint.

One trend of opinion among the Member States has been, hitherto, according to diplomatic sources, not to expand the Western Union immediately, but to allow it to consolidate before extending invitations to other European countries.

Communists H. Q. In Milan On Fire

MILAN, April 21 (Reuter): Fires were raging in Communist Party headquarters here to-night and several persons were reported injured.

Fire broke out at a petrol refuelling station attached to Communist headquarters. Cause of the explosion was so far not known and little damage was done.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD NOT TO BE APPOINTED BY A.I.C.C.

(Continued from Page 1)

tary Board by the A.I.C.C. the Working Committee has suggested that the Congress High-Command will be empowered to appoint a Parliamentary Committee consisting of five members with the Congress President as Chairman for conducting general election campaign, selecting candidates for Central and Provincial Legislatures and regulating Parliamentary activities at the Centre and in the provinces. While appointing the appointment of the Credentials Committee, the Working Committee has curtailed its rights to the limit that it can only examine applications for qualified membership of the Congress and make a decision on them.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, Pandit Nehru and other members of the Working Committee will fly to Bombay tomorrow morning to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will not attend the A.I.C.C. on account of his illness.

Simultaneously with the Congress Executive meeting, the members of the Congress Constitution Committee will meet on April 24 at 8 a.m. in Bombay.

A. I. C. C. Session

Rashtrapati Dr. Rajendra Prasad Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Independent India's first Prime Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad arrive in Bombay on Friday and will be given a Right Royal Reception at the Juhu aerodrome. Friday will, therefore, be the most festive day and will virtually mark the beginning of the A.I.C.C. Session for the public.

On Friday Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Maulana Azad will receive the civic address at the Pherozeshah Mehta (Hanging Gardens in the evening.

On Saturday the A.I.C.C. session will begin in Gandhinagar. Sunday morning there will be the Flag salutation in Zenda Chowk in Gandhinagar.

NOTICE TO TICKET CENTRES

All Centres, where A.I.C.C. tickets are kept for sale and individuals or firms who have taken tickets for sale, are requested to attend the Congress House on Friday by 7 p.m. with the cash realised and unsold tickets. After that hour no unsold tickets will be accepted and the responsibility for payment will fall on those in charge of the centres and on the individuals or firms concerned.

TICKETS AT GANDHINAGAR

On Saturday A.I.C.C. visitors' tickets will be sold at the Gandhinagar, Marine Drive from 8 a.m. Those who wish to purchase tickets are requested to stand in queues and not to cause any rush.

A.I.C.C. PUBLICATIONS

The Publication Department of the All-India Congress Committee announces that all their publications will be available at the A.I.C.C Pandal, Gandhinagar, Marine Drive Bombay on the 24th April and subsequent days. The public of Bombay are requested to visit the publications stall of the A.I.C.C.

It has been decided to allow a fair margin of discount to Booksellers on sale of the above publications. The Publication Department has started an office in the A.I.C.C. pandal and all necessary information can be had from the officer-in-charge.

A.I.R.: The proceedings at the Hanging Gardens on the occasion of the presentation of a Civic Address to the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Malana Abul Kalam Azad will be relayed by All India Radio, Bombay from 6.15 p.m. onwards today (Friday).

PEOPLE'S MOBILE HOSPITALS

Jawahar To Inaugurate Three More Units

BOMBAY April 22 (UPI) Three new mobile units of the Peoples Mobile Hospitals, will be inaugurated by the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the 25th April at 9-15 a.m., at Gowalia Tank Maidan. Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla will preside over the function.

The Peoples Mobile Hospitals have so far treated nearly 1,20,000 patients with their two mobile dispensaries which have been on active work since the beginning of 1947, after they were inaugurated by the Health Minister of Bombay Dr M. D. D. Gilder. The units go to the very doors of the poorer section of Bombay public and give medical treatment on the spot free of charge.

In view of the popularity of the work, three more units are now being put on the road.

CHUNDRIGAR FOR AFGHANISTAN

KARACHI, April 22 (API): The appointment of Mr. Ismail Ibrahim Chundrigar as Pakistan's Ambassador to Afghanistan was announced today.

Circles close to the Government said today that the vacancy in the Cabinet caused by Mr. Chundrigar's new appointment is likely to be filled by Mr. Abdul Matin Chaudhry.

Typing In Chinese

It sounds impossible considering that there are 30,000 characters in the Chinese language. But Dr. Lin Yutang has now invented a machine, which has only 36 keys more than the average typewriter.

It can write not only in Chinese but also in Japanese, Russian and English. Read the story of this amazing invention in the next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly."

Operation Teachers

Britain is in need of thousands of teachers to put her new education plan into action. A vigorous recruiting and training drive is now on. An illustrated feature appears next Sunday.

Yoga for Health and Strength

The ancient science of Yoga is once again coming into its own. Its value in the cultivation of health, strength and even beauty is being now recognised and a number of institutions have been founded to popularise it. We publish photographs of the more important "Asanas" in our next issue.

Apart from this there are the latest news and photographs and our regular features.

Bombay Chronicle **Weekly** *Sunday, April 25*

NEW CHIEF JUSTICE FOR MADRAS

NEW DELHI, April 22. (A.P.I.): The Governor-General has appointed Mr. Justice Paka Venkata Rajamannar, at present Acting Chief Justice of the Madras High Court, as permanent Chief Justice of that Court vice Sir Frederick Gentle, who has resigned.

CHANGE IN ROYAL TITLE

LONDON, April 22 (Reuter): The King will shortly issue a proclamation announcing changes in the royal title due to the transfer of power to India and Pakistan, it was learned from authoritative London quarters tonight writes Fraser Wignton Reuters political correspondent.

The chief point will be the omission of the words "Emperor of India" from the royal style and title.

The British Government, some months before the transfer of power, started the constitutional processes necessary to make the changes. These under the Statute of Westminster, involved the assent of the other dominions.

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Sk. NABI ABDUL RAHIM was convicted and sentenced to 4 months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or, one month's rigorous imprisonment for selling bread without a coupon.

For unauthorised possession and sale of wheat, EBRAHIM ALLIBHAI was convicted and sentenced to 4 months' rigorous imprisonment on each of the two counts.

Purge Of Bombay City Police

Police Officers And Men Suspended, Discharged And Dismissed

The Government has maintained, with full vigour, its campaign of purging the Police Department of corruption, malpractices and inefficiency; and during the period of August 15, 1947 to February 29, 1948, 2 Inspectors, 3 Deputy Inspectors, 14 Sub-Inspectors, 4 Head Constables and 56 Constables of the Bombay City Police were suspended.

Out of these, 1 Deputy Inspector, 5 Sub-Inspectors and 4 Constables were dismissed, while 2 Sub-Inspectors and 10 Constables were discharged. Amongst the Constables, 1 was reinstated and warned, 9 including 1 Head Constable reinstated and reduced and 8 reinstated after the completion of departmental proceedings. The cases of other suspended persons are still pending.

The reasons for suspension, in the case of Officers, were involvement in illicit gratification, theft and smuggling ordering release of a bad character, allowing a notorious satta gambler to slip away and failing to attend to correspondence entrusted to the officer.

In the case of the constabulary, men have been suspended on as many as 23 charges which include negligence of, and inattention to, duty, drinking in a hotel, releasing gamblers and rash driving. The cases under review include those of 1 Head Constable and 2 Constables who were charged with being negligent in riot duty. One woman Constable was suspended for making contradictory statements. Two Constables were suspended for assaulting a townsman.

BOMBAY, April 22 (UPI): It is learnt that the Government of India are contemplating to set up one or two factories for manufacture of explosives for civilian needs in this country.

Seeing The Shows With "Sardi"

Paramount On Parade—Nostalgic Fox Musical—Enchanting Warner Picture

Regal

MY WILD IRISH ROSE (Warners)
Principal Players: Dennis Morgan, Andrea King, Arlene Dahl.
Dance Director: Le Roy Prinz.
Orchestration: Ray Heindorf.

I found this a captivating musical, imbued with the quaint Irish humour that has a fascination all its own. The song and dance numbers hold the scene of course; they have been "staged"—for this is a story of the footlights—with an eye on artistic as well as spectacular effect, particularly in the "Robert E. Lee" sequence.

Listening to such numbers as "Mother Machree" and "When Irish Eyes Are Smiling", is like opening an album of old songs. The groupings for the stage numbers are as enchanting as the colour used in their presentation.

The story is the picture's slenderest asset. It traces, rather sketchily, the career of the Irish-born singer who won fame as Chauncey Olcott. While yet unknown, he falls in love with a girl already engaged to another man. Of course her father will not even hear of his daughter marrying a minstrel.

The struggling youth finds fame via an appearance with Lillian ("Diamonds Lil") Russell who speaks, during her brief appearance, the truest line in the picture: "We stage people never kiss anyone or open our lips except with thoughts of furthering our career".

Olcott comes into prominence in an odd way: He "doubles" for a famous Irish singer, whose day is done with the advent of laryngitis, by ghost-singing back-stage while the older man simulates the lip movements. Finally the "has-been" hands over his mantle to him before the public. This scene is sentimental and yet moving, as also the one in which Chauncey's mother regrets not having encouraged her son's talent before the public acclaims him.

Dennis Morgan acts breezily as he becomes the part of Olcott. His singing is certainly a joy to hear. Unfortunately, he reveals the approach of corpulency. Watch your girth, Mr. Morgan! Andrea King is utterly and wholly charming as Diomond Lil, but newcomer Arlene Dahl, who plays the singer's lady-love, has yet to learn to act.

The story may drag at times, but there is enough lively humour to compensate for this. Anyway, you won't bother about the plot when you give yourself upto listening to and gazing at the effective musical numbers.

This rose exhales an enchanting perfume.

Olga San Juan and Bob Hope in "Variety Girl" (Metro).

Arlem Dahl—star of "My Wild Irish Rose" (Regal).

Strand

YOU WERE MEANT FOR ME
(20th Cen. Fox)
Principal Players: Dan Dailey, Jeanne Crain, Oscar Levant.
Director: Lloyd Bacon.

This picture takes its title from one of the songs, here included, from one of the earliest and most successful musical made after the advent of the Talkies. There is a nostalgic appeal to the film for those whose memories date back to the late twenties when the Charleston was in vogue, flirts a la Coleen Moore were known as "flappers", and Elinor Glynn coined IT as a description of today's "oomph" or sex-appeal and Clara Bow flaunted the daring quality on the screen.

How long ago! But then "the past doth take a glory from its being far ....." Apart from setting you reminiscing, the photoplay does little else. Even in the matter of reproducing the past, fidelity seems to have been sacrificed as a concession to modern trends, for the fashions in both men's and women's clothes are certainly not exactly what they were in the twenties.

The story is about a dance-band leader, a rival to the then famous Rudy Vallee, the Vagabond Lover, who sweeps a small-town girl, Peggy Mayhew, off her feet. Result?—Marriage; not "companionate" though, as you may be inclined to think, recalling how the custom made its bow in those days.

Poor Peggy finds marriage to her dream lover no bed of roses, because often a dance-hall seat has to be her bed while her husband tries out the latest zazz tune, at and past midnight. Then comes the Wall Street crash and with it the Wolf at the door. How depressing this "Depression", particularly when one things of today's soaring prices and "consumptive" salaries!

But be ye sure joy will prevail. The dance band's manager, who loves classical music and abhors jazz, actually turns into a businessman and thus helps to turn the Wolf away from the door. Peggy and her Chuck chuck care to the winds—for, after all, were they not meant for each other?

Jeanne Crain struck me as being particularly "gauche" as Peggy. IT girls may have wriggled their hips, but they certainly did not do it as ungracefully as Jeanne. Dan Dailey gets away with his nonchalant manner; but must he grin quite so much to display that upper row of over-prominent teeth? Dan's dancing and singing are certainly better than his looks or his acting.

Oscar Levant, as the manager of the band, is a delight to watch, with his facetious manner. His rendering of Gershwin's Piano Concerto in F Major is a treat worth listening to. But ah, did they have to make poor Oscar end up as a business man?

"Memory, Hold back the door!"

Jeanne Crain and Don Dailey in "You Were Meant For Me" (Strand).

Metro

VARIETY GIRL (Paramount)
Principal Players: Olga San Juan, De-Farrest Kelley, Mary Hatcher—and guest stars.
Director: George Marshall.

This may best be described as Paramount on Parade, for it presents a long list of the Company's leading stars against the background of Hollywood and the struggle of two screen-struck girls to see their names in neon lights.

Back-of-the-sets scenes and acts by the celebrated guest artistes, are supposed to give one a glimpse into the life of the tinsel city. If your taste runs to vaudeville, then here is enough variety of sketches for your entertainment. Bob Hope and Bing Crosby share many hilarious scenes—so says the Synopsis, which goes on to add that Ray Milland is shown as a conjurer pulling rabbits from his hat, Dorothy Lamour as an air hostess who sings and dances with Alan Ladd, Cecil B. de Mille directing Red Injuns, and William Bendix doing a skit on a screen test in the company of Olga San Juan who plays one of the film-struck girls.

The other screen aspirant is portrayed by Mary Hatcher, while De-Forrest Kelley plays a talent scout. Glen Tryon, the original Merton of the Movies and The Show-Off, makes a brief come-back.

Gary Cooper, Robert Preston, John Lund, Barbara Stanwyck, Paulette Goddard, Sonny Tufts, William Holden, Joan Caulfield, Burt Lancaster, Barry Fitzgerald and Billy de Wolfe are some more of the many stars on the Paramount roster here lining up to take a bow. Give them a hand, folks.

Paramount variety.

1947 Academy Award Winners

Holding the highly coveted "Oscar" trophies above, are: Best actor—Ronald Colman (left) for "A Double Life". Best Actress—Loretta Young (centre) for "The Farmer's Daughter". Producer of the year's best picture: Darryl F Zanuck for "Gentlemen's Agreement".

FAREWELL TO ASAF ALI

The Indian community of New York assembled at the Cunard--White Star pier on the 14th April to give a send off to the Indian Ambassador, Mr. Asaf Ali.

Excise Constabulary Strike 'Illegal'

In connection with the strike of the constabulary of the Bombay Central Excise Colleetorate, the Collector of Central Excise, Bombay, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

Some misleading reports have appeared in various newspapers about the strike of the constabulary of the Bombay Central Excise Collectorate. The correct position about the strike is that on the 22nd March, 1948, the Central Excise Employees Union gave a notice to the Central Board of Revenue that the constabulary of the Bombay Central Excise Collectorate proposed to go on strike with effect from the 15th April, 1948, until certain demands made in their letter were conceded.

The Collector of Central Excise, discussed the demands made by the Union with its President and Secretary on the 31st March, 1948 and a settlement was arrived at as regard most of the demands. As regards the Union's demand about the revision of pay scales, the Central Board of Revenue informed the Union through the Collector of Central Excise that if the strike notice were unconditionally withdrawn the Board would be prepared to discuss with the Collector the readjustment of the pay scale of the constabulary in the very near future. The Union decided to go on strike inspite of this assurance and some men have been on strike since the 15th April, 1948.

The strike is illegal under Section 23 of the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 and Section 5 of the Essential Services (Maintenance) Ordinance of 1944. The strike has not however, hampered the work of the Department which is being carried on. In certain Divisions men are now returning to duty unconditionally.

CENTRAL EXCISE CONSTABLES' STRIKE

The President, Central Excise Constables' Union writes:—

In connection with the strike of the Central Excise constables, which commenced on the 15th instant, it is learnt that according the reports received in the Union's office, more than 80 per cent of the staff are on strike. Reports from the Central Provinces and Berar and Sulgam Division have not been received out there the total staff is not more than 350.

None of the Union leaders has met the Collector or any other officer of the Department, during the strike period.

The Collector is said to have told the Press that the present strike is illegal but the Union has received no communication from the Government to say so. The principal point sressed by the Collector is that this is not a trade dispute and therefore, it can not come under the Industrial Disputes Act and consequently the strike becomes an illegal one.

It this connection it may be pointed out that since the service of the strike notice, Union has been asked by the Collector in more than one letter to withdraw the strike notice unconditionally. which proves that the strike notice was legal and was therefore accepted and eeyTT4 SR8t leec,Dseic cmw cmfwym that they were aware of the strike.

From reports appearing in the press the Union's demand of Rs 35-1-50. it will be seen, is very reasonable and it seems that the Government is prepared to revise the pay scales of Class IV employees in the light of this demand. If this is true it is difficult to understand why Government should not open negotiations by calling a deputation of the Union as desired by the Union long ago and settle the dispute, as this is the only main demand on which the Union is fighting.

SUPERFORTRESSES RETURN

MUNICH, April 22 (UPA) Three squadrons of Superfortresses which left their base near Munich at midnight on a navigational mission returned to their Furstenfeldbruck airbase tonight the Air Force announced today.

The planes carried out a non-stop flight covering approximately 3,600 miles to carry out simulated bombing attacks over the Suez Canal.

TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL DEFERS APPROVAL OF DRAFT STATUTE FOR JERUSALEM

LAKE SUCCESS, April 21, (UPA).—The Trusteeship Council of the United Nations today decided to defer final approval of the draft statute for the city of Jerusalem, though the action of the body was opposed by New Zealand, Australia and France.

By a vote of 8-0, with those three nations abstaining, the Council passed the American resolution referring the draft to the General Assembly for such further instructions as the Assembly may give.

An Australian proposal that the Council meet again on April 28 to take action on the statute in the event that the Assembly does not give further instructions was defeated when three nations voted for it, and three voted against it, and four the United States, Britain, Mexico and China abstained.

The General Assembly on last November 29 asked the Council to approve by April 29 a detailed statute for the city of Jerusalem.

At today's meeting of the Council it was decided to eliminate one paragraph from the American resolution which stated that the Council had formulated such a statute and was in position to approve the statute by April 29. The amendment was proposed by Belgium's Pierre Ryckmans and it was passed by a vote of 6-3, with Costa Rica and the United Kingdom abstaining.

ESTABLISH JEWISH STATE

LAKE SUCCESS, April 21, (UPA): The Jewish Agency, in a 15-page memorandum, today re-emphasized its determination to establish a Jewish state as soon as the mandate on Palestine ends in 24 days time, and also to fight a trusteeship if the United Nations tries to impose such.

It said that any trusteeship "will be faced with a process of virtual partition which has gathered such momentum in recent weeks that not even a considerable armed force could now arrest it."

U. S. IN CONSULTATION WITH BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, April 21, (UPA): Acting Secretary of State Robert Lovett said at a press conference today that the United States has been in consultation with Britain through "the usual diplomatic channels to seek a solution to the Palestine problem. But he declined to say whether these consultations were limited to urging Britain to retain its troops there after the May 15 deadline for withdrawal.

In commenting on press reports that Britain was considering retaining her forces beyond the deadline, Lovett said that, as far as he was aware, the British position on bringing an end to the mandate was unchanged.

He referred detailed questions on United States Palestine policy to Chairman Warren Austin of the United States delegation to the United Nations. However, high government officials concurrently explained that a "difficult legal problem is involved" in the trusteeship question, since Britain's mandate does not apparently pass automatically to the United Nations.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, April 22.

Buyers were encountered to-day in the Giltedged section of London Stock Markets.

Demand was for savings issues, but the whole market moved up to the extent of quarter per cent.

The announcement of granting credit by the United Kingdom to Poland brought firmness and activity to the foreign bond section.

Polish, Austrian, German and Hungarian loans moved higher, with Austrian four and halfes two points up at 68.

Selling of African and European corporation shares was occasioned by the announcement of the proposed capital reconstruction of this company: a six-Shillings fall was recorded at 86 Shillings.

Apart from this weak feature, Kafir market was generally better on support for the dividend payers, while there was also small buying of copper shares.

Among Dollar stocks, Canadian pacific attracted attention with a sharp rise at 22-1/8 reflecting the overnight firmness of Wall Street.

Speculation in Brazilian utilities has continued, and these stocks have to-day shown firmness.

Details of the Anglo-Brazilian financial agreement are expected to be published in the near future.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, April 22, (API): The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled quiet at the opening but improved at the close. The volume of business was moderate. The following are todays final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

Government Securities: Three per-cent loan 1986 98/11, three percent defence loan 1949/52 101/7, three per-cent loan 1951/54 102/4, three percent loan 1966/68 99/11.

Banks: Bengal Central 10/4 S O L, Hindustan Mercantil 34/8, Reserve Bank 108/-.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 10/8, Dunbar 262/-, New Victoria Ordy 5/5, Ditto Pref 5/10 ct s o l.

Coals: Bengal 526/-, Bharat Colliery 7/14, Burrakur 21/6, Pench Valley 29/10, Raneegunge 20/8.

Jutes: Anglo India 335/-, Howrah 79/8, National 29/7 Presidency 7/2, Satandard 322/-.

Engineerings: Indian Iron and Steel 29/6, Kumardhubi eng 11/1, Marshalls 7/2, Saran eng 9/-, Steel Corp 24/12, Textile Machinery 8/6.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corp 3/-, Indian Copper 2/11, Tavoy Tin 1/5, Dalmia cement 9/2, Sone Vally cement 8/13, Calcutta Electric 29/6, Alluminium Corp 7/-, British India Corp 8/12, Calcutta Trams 22/10, Eastern Investment 184/-, F. and C. Osler 10/2, Indian Alluminium 202/-, Indian Cables 33/6, Ivan Jones 5/2, Jardine Henderson 170/-, Metal Corp 5/8, National Tobacco 32/4, Rohtas Industry 9/15, British Burma Petrol 2/10, Shree Gopal paper 9/12, Titaghur paper 40/8, Midnapore Zemindary 101/8, Assam Sawg 6/12, India Steamship 12/4.

Sugars: Ramnugger Cane 22/4.

Teas: Betjan 43/8, Eastern Cachr 7/8, Naga Hills 14/8 st, Singtom 6/12.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, April 22.

Market moved both ways general trend being upward.

Calico opened 1355, highest 1362, lowest 1348, closed 1358.

Ambika opened 414, highest 418, closed 418.

Arvind opened 1665, highest 1680, closed 1676.

Deferred opened 1640, highest 1665, lowest 1638, closed 1660.

Closing quotations:

Arvind 1676, Ambika 418, Calico 1358, Jupiter 420, Marsdon 196, Monogram 188, Saraspur 740, Deferred 1660, Old Commercial 807-8-0, Bharat Suryodaya 140 Mahalaxmi 640, Mafatlal Fine 1805, Ashok 772-8, New Commercial 1280, Vikram 542-8, New Cotton 590, Nutan 647-8, Anil starch 375, Morris 34, Rustam Jahangir 185.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 22.

Cotton Sind N.T. 77, Punjab 289 F 93 LSS 69, Four F 65, May delivery 60-8.

Market ruled steadier with fair demand and on higher Bombay advices.

Spot business 2500 bales, arrivals 6893 bales exports nil.

Cotton seeds NT 6/8, Desi 7/8, market steady but quiet as local prices above export parity.

Copras 43, Copra oil 62, market firm. Gold tejabi 112, Sovereigns 75, Silver coins 130, Firm for gold but quiet for silver.

BHOPAL, April 22. (A.P.I.): The Bhopal Government have, by a Gazette notification issued today, banned all Communist organisations in the State. The police have arrested 12 labour leaders in the city including Khan Shakir Ali Khan, President, Bhopal Mazdoor Sabha and a prominent member of the Bhopal Prajamandal Working Committee. Government have also banned for one week the holding of any public meeting in the State without permission from the District Magistrate.

MIRABEN ON CATTLE-DEVELOPMENT AND SADHU-REFORM

PASHULOK, RISHIKESH, (By Mail): Shrimati Miraben, honorary Adviser to the Government of U.P., addressed a largely attended meeting.

Explaining why she has taken up her sojourn on the bank of the holy Ganges in the midst of the Himalayan forests, she said: "I have an instinctive love for all animals, and especially the sacred cow. When I visited Rishikesh for the first time, three years ago, I noticed the pitiable conditions of the cows here. I discussed the matter with Mahatma Gandhi and Central and Provincial Ministers at Lucknow and New Delhi. As a result of these discussions I took up the Government schemes which you now see being developed in the Bir Bhadra Forest Lands.

OLD AND UNPRODUCTIVE CATTLE

Explaining the first scheme, she said: "If we wish to improve the breed of cattle, useless types must be stopped from producing any more calves. Young bulls must be castrated and put to work on land. The rest should be put in comfortable cattlesheds, with plenty of grazing lands, and allowed peacefully to live out their natural span of life". The Government is building up concentration camp for these cattle belonging to the Rishikesh areas, and will charge nothing from their owners for their upkeep, she announced.

FEEDING THE COWS IN THEIR DRY-PERIOD.

She further added that in order to increase the milk-yield of the cow, they must be fed properly in their pregnancy. The Government has also made arrangements to provide facilities in this direction. Very shortly cows will begin to be kept under expert supervision during their dry period, which is about four months, and provided with grains, good grazing, concentrates and bulls to serve them. The owners will be charged a nominal sum of Rs. 12 per month.

SADHU-REFORM.

She also touched upon the problem of Sadhu-reform. Such reform is necessary, because, for one reason, the problem of cow-uplift is inextricably bound up with this problem at least in Rishikesh; secondly, because Mahatma Gandhi was interested in this problem, and only in December last, had expressed certain very definite wishes in the matter. She pointed out that "the arrangements for serving worthy Sadhus were neither satisfactory nor adequate, and that undesirable elements had developed. She invited the Khestras and the Sadhus to remedy this State of affairs.

GOSWAMI GENESH DUTTJI.

Goswami Ganesh Dutt, the veteran Sanatan Dharam Sabha leader of the Punjab who occupied the chair, congratulated Miraben for her life-long, self-less service to the cause of India. He painted a horrid picture of the shocking conditions of sorrow and neglect in which the cow lives. To-day, the cow is thin, lean, emaciated, and starved; and consequently the nation is lean, ematiated and starved. It is a far cry from the days of Lord Krishna, whom we all worship, but whose teachings and life-lessons we so badly and sadly disregard. The health and happiness of our children depend on the health and happiness of the cow.

MORE COSTLY MAN ARMY.

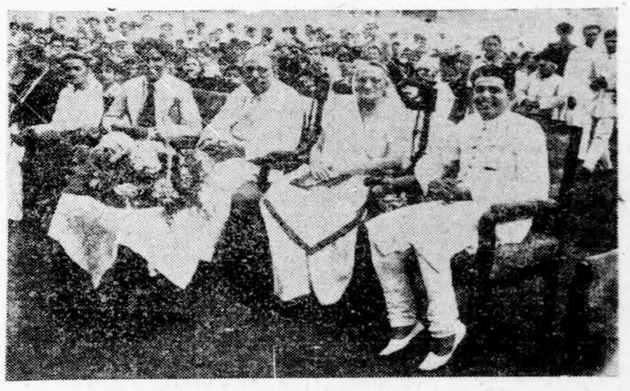
Speaking about the Sadhus, he said that India spends about 52 crores of rupees on them, a sum which is considerable greater than what she spends on her national army, thus showing the wastefulness of the draft on the nation's meagre resources. Continuing he said that while there should be better arrangements for the service of the worthy Sadhus, the ignorant and idle ones should be made to make themselves useful. Quoting from the Isa Upanishad, "Only performing works one should desire to live a hundred years", he exhorted them to work for their living. A life of idleness and sloth in which most of the Sadhus live at present is a crime against society and a sin against God.

SHRI PARIVARTANJI.

At the end, Shri Parivartanji, a zealous local Congress Worker, stood up and assured Shri Miraben and Goswamiji on behalf of the Sadhus of their fullest co-operation in whatever they were trying to achieve. But the different Khestras, he pointed out which were started by men full of idealism and service, have now fallen into the hands of rapacious, top-heavy, expensive groups who instead of serving the Sadhus for which the Khestras were originally meant, are now serving themselves. The sooner they are taken over by the Government the better. The suggestion was received admist great applause.

The meeting concluded with the shout of 'Miraben Zindabad'.

DR. GILDER AT MANDVI



HON'BLE MR. M. D. BILDER, MRS. GILDER AT THE MANDVI HIGH SCHOOL DAY CELEBRATIONS HELD ON THURSDAY.

GILDER AT MANDVI HIGH SCHOOL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works to the Government of Bombay was the chief guest at the School Day celebrations of the Mandvi High School this afternoon.

Dr. Gilder, in a speech on the occasion congratulated the authorities on the vast progress made by the school since it was started in 1937. He expressed great satisfaction that boys and girls of all communities were receiving education in the school in an atmosphere of mutual love and co-operation.

The Principal of the School in his report of the activities during 1947-48, stated that the school, which had only 11 pupils on the rolls when it was started, now had nearly 600.

The students of the school took part in a programme of variety entertainment.

Mrs. Gilder distributed the prizes to the winners of various annual contests.

MANILA, April 22 (USPA): Philippine Army officials said today that more than 200 000 men, women and children have filed past the bier of the late President Manuel A Roxes in the six days the body has lain in state at the Malacanan Palace.

TOLL OF COLOMBIAN REVOLUTION

1,500 Reported Killed 3,000 Wounded

BOGOTA, April 21, (U. P. A.): The Colombian Government today officially gave the American Red Cross representatives total of 1,500 dead, as a result of the April 9 revolution throughout the country.

Edward Russell of St. Louis, Missouri, who came here for the American Red Cross to help in the disaster, said the Government had told him that 1,200 died in Bogota and 300 in the rest or the country. The Government placed the wounded figure at 3,000.

AMERICAN STUDENTS CHEER PAUL ROBSON

LONDON, April 22 (UPI): Reports from Columbus (Ohio) state that over 2,000 students defied the University order prohibiting the famous Negro singer, Paul Robson, from speaking on behalf of Mr. Henry Wallace on the University grounds.

The students gathered on the streets outside the University and cheered Robson who spoke from a lorry urging the students to fight against "American Fascism".

SHARE PRICES RULE STEADY AFTER EARLY WEAKNESS

Further Rise In Cotton Prices On Active Buying

BULLION MARKET QUIET ON SCATTERED SELLING

BOMBAY, April 22.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quietly steady with prices unchanged. There was scattered business on either side which produced minor changes but later on prices developed hardening tendency under slightly increased buying. The improvement was of a routine character and attracted scattered realising sales. Cotton Mill Shares were in good demand.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 1,637 and prices moved between Rs. 1,630 and Rs. 1,640. Later on under improved buying Dfds. advanced at Rs. 1,660 and steadied at Rs. 1,655 Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 329 and after touching Rs. 328 improved at Rs. 330. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,105 and after advancing at Rs. 1,120 steadied at Rs. 1,115. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 654 and after hardening at Rs. 662 reacted at Rs. 658. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 637 and firmed up at Rs. 650 and steadied at Rs. 646.

Later on the market was quietly steady with restricted business and quotations were mostly unchanged. Tata Steel Dfds. were done at Rs. 1,653/12, while ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 330. Cotton mill shares were mostly unchanged. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 172. Burmas were quoted at Rs. 428/12 while Bellapurs were placed at Rs. 351. Constructions were steady at Rs. 217. Scindia shares stood at Rs. 28. Closing tone of the market was steady.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1117/8 Kohinoor 660 Swadeshi 646 Nagpur 336 Simplex 236 New Great 362 Gokak X.D. 331 Indore 537/8 Century 512/8 Colaba X.R. 180 Bleaching 169 Swan X. D. 370 Finlay X.D. 353 Morarji 525 Edward 630 Meyer 177/8 Apollo 3/14/6 I. U. Ordinary 15 I. U. Defd. 2/12 Madhusudan 250 Podar 185.

STEELS

Tata Steel Ord 333 Tata Steel Defd. 1657/8 Second 138/12.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger X. D. 172.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 428/12 Belapur 352 Shivrajpur 35 Scindia 28 Construction 211 Tata Chemical 16 8 Tata Oil 57/8 Indian Iron 29/6 Bengal 24/14.

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 153/8 Andhra X.D. 1380 Tata Power X.D. 1485.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphistone 89 Phoenix 458/12 Ind. Mfg. 4185 Koorla 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 200 Minerva 206/4 Bradbury 695 Bharucha (Defd.) 4/2 Bharat 43 Mysore 230/10 Madhavji 19/6 Model 197/8 Laxmi X.R. 800 Vishnu X.R. 312/8 Western 4060 Standard 520 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4310 Tata 75/8 Ahmedabad Advance 565 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16 Madhusudan E. 47 Srinivas X.R. 235 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 225 Simplex Cpn. 115.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad X.R. 121/4 Surat 141/4 Karach. 118 12 Broach 10/10 Ajmer 10/9 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 53/8 Poona 153/2 Bombay Suburban 161/4 Bombay Suburban New 131/4.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111 Imperial 2015 P.P 501/4 Central 85 New 84/8 India 254 Union 9/8 Baroda 157/8 Habib 152 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 63/8 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5400 Empire 785 New India 71 Jupiter 30 Vulcan 12 14 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 23/6 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 20/4.

RAILWAYS

C.P. 106/8 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 325 Steamer 545 Burma New 148/12 B.B Petrol 14 9 Mackenzie 85 Port Canning 74 Kemp 485 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust X.D. 99 Wimco 320 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 19 4 Acmonic 360 Supreme India 120 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 205 United Motor 74 ACC New 108 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100/8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press 310 Estrella Bat 51 Prince of Wales 625. Manmad Press 125.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 185 Andhra Valley 1237/8 Tata Power 1317/8 Hydro 122 12 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 630 Swadeshi 146 4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 98 Elphins tone 120 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec 130 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 123/12 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And Advance 160 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 102/12 B. Steamer 1950 104/8 Indian Hume Pipe 11 Tata Power 1951 103 Walchand Nagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDE ISSUES

Indian Copper 2/11 BIC 8/12 Burma Corporation 3 1 New Victoria Mill 5 New Victoria Pref. 6/4 Phalton 130 Gold Mohor 325 New Kaiser-e-Hind 385 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 230 Azamshahi 210 Air Services 11/12 Air Ambica 17 Air India Tata 162/8 Hind Motor 6/12 Indian Steam 13.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, April 22.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6
B. Dyeing 1095 1117/8 10 25 17/8 22/8 11/4 22/8 17/8
C. India 329 37/8 34 36
Elphinstone (Ord.) 89
Finlay 350 53 52 54 53 (Ex. Div.)
Gokak 328 32/8 31
I. U. (Defd.) 2/11/6 2/12
I. U. (Ord.) 14/13 15
Indore 537/8 42/8 36/4 37/8
Kohinoor 655 54 61 58 65 56 60
Phoenix 456/12
Podar 185
Simplex 231 36 35 37/8 35 36
Swadeshi 640 45 43 50 44 46
Swan 370 (Ex. Div.)
Tata Mills 76/8 75/8
Vishnu 312/8

BANKS.

Baroda 157/8 58/8 57/8
Central 84/8 85 84/8 85/8 85
Imperial (Old) 2025 10 15
India 247 54
Reserve 111
Union 9/7 9/8
U. Commercial 63/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 121/4
Ajmer 10/9
Andhra Valley 1382/8 80 85 80
Hydro 154/8 53/8
Power 1490 85 (Ex. Div.)
Power (Pref.) 1317/8 (Ex. Div.)

INSURANCE.

B. I. General 23/8 23/6
I. Merchantile 47
New India 72 71
Vulcan 13/8
Scindia 28 27/14 28/8 28 28/8 28

STEEL.

B. Steel 24/8 24/14 24/12 24/14
I. Iron 29 28/14 29/8 29/4 29/6 29/4 29/6
Tata (Defd.) 1635 30 55 40 61/4 40 57/8
Tata (Ord.) 328 32 29/8 31/8 30 32 30 33
Tata (IInd Pref.) 138/8 37/8 39 38/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 327/8 25
A. C. C. (Old) 172 72/8 72 73 72
A. C. C. (New) 108 7/8 8/8 8
Belapur 352 51 52
B. B. (Old) 420 18/12/29/12
B. B. (New) 146/4 48/12
B. B. Petrol 2/11/6 2/10/8
Dharamshey Chem. 36/8
Kemp Co. 485
P. Const. 206 16 9 13 11
Shivrajpur 34 33/8 35
Tata Chem. 16/8
Tata Oil 57/8 57/8
Walchandnagar 205
Wimco 320 22/8 20

SPECIAL.

Central Bank New 84/8
Harvey-Sabhapaty 310
Poona Elec. 153/2

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 22.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	10	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	1	0
2-1/2 p.c.	96	14	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100	3	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	7	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c. non Terminable	98	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con	98	11	0
3 p.c. 1948-52	101	9	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	1	0
3 p.c. 1953-56	102	3	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	100	14	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	99	12	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	99	7	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	105	2	0
4 p.c. 1945-52	101	10	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	105	0	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	113	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	116	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS.

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	6	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	6	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1940	98	14	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	99	10	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1961-66	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust.	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	116	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954.	118	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	100	8	0
5 p.c. B.P.T.	110	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, April 22.

The local cotton market opened steady today and declined on moderate liquidation. At the decline there was renewed buying which erased the early decline.

The market position is strong and with limited supply higher prices are expected by professional operators and they lend their support on all declines.

It is admitted generally that the present rise is not due to any undue manipulation by professional operators and naturally sellers remain cautious:

The market opened today at Rs. 706 for May delivery and declined at Rs 697 on moderate liquidation. At this level there was a fresh outburst of buying and May contract advanced at Rs. 708.

Thereafter there was moderate realising and May delivery declined at Rs. 701. The market will close at 2 p.m. tomorrow on account of Chaitri Purnima.

In the afternoon there was fresh outburst of buying and May delivery reached a new high level at Rs. 720. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. May	719	0	0
I.C.C. July	732	0	0
I.C.C. September	737	4	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, April 21.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
May	710	704	705
July	723	714-1/2	717
Sept.	727	718-1/2	722

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton May Contract is 1158 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY April 22

The Produce Market opened steady today and firmed up under active buying but later on prices declined sharply under increased long liquidation. Castorseeds May delivery opened today at Rs. 136/8 and firmed up at Rs. 137/12 under general buying but later declined at Rs. 136 under increased selling. September was quoted at Rs. 143/4. Groundnuts were very steady with Bold April/May placed at Rs. 32/2 and June/July at Rs. 32/6 Linseed was also steady with April/May business being done at Rs. 25/14 and June July at 26/2. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS

	Rs.	as.	p.
Khandesh quality	33	8	0
Coromanda, ready	33	4	0
Bold Ready	32	12	0
April-May	32	2	0
June/July	32	6	0

CASTORSEEDS

Ready	30	0	0
May delivery	136	3	0
September	143	4	0

LINSEED

Ready	25	14	0
April-July	25	14	0
June-July	26	2	0

OILS

Groundnut ready	17	6	0
Groundnut May	17	12	0
Groundnut June July	17	14	0
Linseed Oil	15	2	0
Castorseed First Pressing	19	4	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17	12	0

ITALIAN ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, April 22.

150 D. April	12	0	0
150 D. May	10	8	0
120 D. Ready	11	8	0

Pepper Prices

BOMBAY, April 22.

	Rs.
Chaitra	842 to 45
Vaishakh	822 to 829

Sugar Prices

BOMBAY, April 22.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Usual quality	108	4	0
Raja	111	8	0
Buland	116	0	0
May dely.	37	11	0
August dely.	37	4	0

Hessian Market

	Pics.
45X11.	
Ready	109-1/2
April-June	105-1/2
July-Sept.	101-1/2
D. W. 40X28.	
Ready	107 8 0
April-June	102 12 0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, April 22.

The Bullion Market opened quiet and declined under moderate selling At the decline there was renewed buying and prices hardened.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 170/8 and declined at Rs. 170/- on moderate selling but hardened at Rs. 170/12 on renewed buying. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 170/10. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 116/2 and declined at Rs. 115/13 but firmed up at Rs. 116/6 Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 116/2. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 73/12.

Later on the market was quiet with moderate selling. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	169	10	0
Forward Silver	169	12	0
Ready Gold	115	12	0
Forward Gold	116	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, April 22.

B O Rates T I D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/-5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B O Rates T T Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157 1/4
Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165-1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Dol 4 02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Pia 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java 71 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99.80-100.20
London Manila Pes 8.10/8-15
London Montreal Dol 4 02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4 03 1/4
London Oslo Kr 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60.
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
London Discts. 3 Mos 9/16 per cent.
London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, April 22.

Coiryarn Beyporre 140/150; Quillandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 110; Ungarbled 100; Cocoanut Raw 125/130; Dry 135/140; Cocoanut Oil 410; Copra Office 270; Dilpasand 280; Madrasnottam 300; Pepper Wynaad 960; Country 950; Dry Ginger Chernad 300; Ernad 290; Coffee Robusta 130; Timber Pali 50/57/8, Junglewood 25/35; Vellapine 45/50; Benteak 40/50; Teak 90/100; Mangoplanks 3/8/5 Teak 15/20; Rosewood 16/20.

CHICAGO GRAINS RALLY SPIRITEDLY

CHICAGO, April 21, (U. P. A.): Prices rallied spiritedly on the Chicago Commodity Exchange with corn leading. The fact that large scale shipments of bread grains have been earmarked for ERP plus continued dry weather in the winter wheat area put early sellers in a hurried retreat at the close along with commercial buying.

Closing prices included:—
May 2.53—2.53-1/4.
July 2.42-3/4—1/2.
September 2.40-3/4—1/2.
December 2.40-3/4—1/2.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO. April 21

May 2.53 to 2.53-1/4.
July 2.42-3/4 to 2.42-1/2.
September 2.40-3/4 to 2.40-1/2.
December 2.40-3/4 to 2.40-1/2.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 16th April:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,25,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Account	283,33,19,000
Sundries	1,42,01,000
Total Rs.	296,62,70,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	143,43,93,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,70,01,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	30,48,75,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	68,43,69,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,78,25,000
Dead Stock	1,54,00,000
Sundries	1,53,62,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	35,48,76,000
Balances with other Banks	4,24,68,000
Total Rs.	296,62,70,000

WOOL TOPS CLOSE STEADY TO FIVE LOWER.

NEW YORK, April 21, (U. P. A.): Wool tops closed steady to five lower to ten higher. April was quoted at 179 nom. May 179—179.5; July, 179.5—180; October 179—179.5; December, 178.5—179.2; March 1948, 177—178; May, 175.5—176; July, 174.5—175.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 21.

T. T. London on:—
New York selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325, Montreal selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Zurich selling 17.34 buying 17.36, Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, April 21.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

Cotton Export Allotments

NEW DELHI, April 21 (A.P.I.): Allotments for the export of cotton piecegoods under the newcomers scheme for July-December, 1947, have been completed says a press note. Applicants may approach the port export control authorities through whom they made their applications. quotas will be issued to those to whom allotments have been made.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, April 21.

American Telephone & Telegraph	156
Amerex Holding Co.	26
Anaconda Copper Mining	39
Chase National Bank	33-3/4
Sinclair Oil	19-3/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	46-1/2
General Electric Co.	35-3/8
General Motors	56-1/2
Ingersol Rand	136 bid
International Nickel	29-1/4
National City Bank of New York	38-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	16
Socony Vacuum Corporation	15
Texas Corporation	60-1/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	111-1/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	55-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	77-3/8
Western Union Telegraph	21-3/4

New York Cotton Prices Advance To New Seasonal Highs

BURST OF SHORT COVERING IN WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, April 21.

COTTON: After early losses on profit-taking and hedges, prices steadied on covering in nearby May option and trade buying evidently connected with actual or prospective exports. The new crops were sluggish, however, with some selling attributable to better weather conditions and the fact that farmers were aiming for a big acreage owing to the high prices. Prices advanced to new seasonal highs under the leadership of near months on active price fixing and short covering with contracts scarce influenced chiefly by export news. The formal authorisation of Japanese cotton credits was announced one minute before the close. The market closed strong. Sales are estimated at 325,000 bales.

WALL STREET MARKET.

Stocks were irregularly irregular reflecting the patchy resumption of soft-coal mining operations in face of Mr. Lewis' appeal. Motors were depressed reflecting the C. I. O. United autoworkers union sanctioning a strike against the Chrysler corporation. Steels, some lower priced rails and selected oils latterly improved. The averages were industrials 180.16 and rails 56.18. The early firmness of some sections brought a trifle better support for numerous other issues and the market rose slightly. Apart from selected issued changes otherway were fractional as traders watched the coal and labour situation and speculated on the chances of a poor coal output again hindering industrial operations. The industrial and rail averages reached new high levels for 1948 when a burst of short covering and replacement demand lifted the market bringing widespread gains covering two dollars The buying particularly favoured leading steels, rails, oils, containers and farm implements. The session closed firm.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Chicago Grains ruled firm under the leadership of wheat on commercial buying and local operators stimulated by the department of agricultural announcement of supplemental wheat and flour export allocations for may equivalent to about 5,073,000 bushels wheat. Lack of important moisture in the south-west, reports of Government flour purchases and indications that 89,000,000 bushels of bread grains will be shipped abroad under E. R. P. during the next ninety days were additional stimulants.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 21.

May	38.83+45
July	36.06+42
October	33.92+22
December	33.03+13
March	32.78+10
Spot	39.63+43

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 21.

May	38.82+45
July	38.04+44
October	33.91+27
December	33.07+21
Spot	38.45+40

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, April 21.

Gold Bars fine per oz. £8/12/3. Silver Spot 45d., Forward 45d.

Belgians Try Out New Runway

BRUSSELS: (Reuter)—Designed to overcome difficulties created by surface expansion and contraction and waterlogging caused by weather conditions, a new system of airfield runway construction has just been demonstrated here.

Entirely of Belgian design, an experimental strip incorporating the new methods has been laid at Brussels-Melsbroeck airport.

The traditional concrete slabs are replaced by small blocks of reinforced concrete No mortar or bitumen is placed between the blocks, to allow for the expansion of the surface in hot weather, while to allow for drainage of rain water the runway is laid over a grave bed.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 22:

S.S. THETIS

From Rotterdam:—

100 cases fine blue square cuts; 30 bags white shirting; 100 superior white doxture 1100 cases bloodcut tacks; 600 bales cotton. 1390 bags birch square cardboard; 712 bags birch square; 100 cases birch cut tacks; 137 cases loops.

From Antwerp:

392 cases bigian shee tshoe; 1229 bdls mill steel gal channels; 5230 cases bright iron wire nails; 164 cases paunch pins; 1594 coils galvanized iron wire 40 cases square blue art tacks; 150 bds wire screings 69 cases iron wood screws, sq bdls shafting bars; 214 cases wire nails squares; 100 cases cut tissue 99 cases cut tacks; 300 cases rivets.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

—S. S. TALLISE—

To Sydney:—

15 bales cotton piecefoods— The Bombay Co. Ltd., 5 bales cotton peicegoods— The India United Mills Co.

To Melbourne:—

13 bales cotton piecegoods— The Bombay Co. Ltd. 6 bales cotton piecegoods— The India United Mills Ltd.

—S. S. RUPIRA—

To Kinvait:—

24 bales cotton piecegoods— Essa and Bros. 33 cases Kuwait castor oil— F. S. Kehela 150 bags turmeric and 5 cases rubber ballons— K. I. Chhotala and Co. 20 bags turmeric: J.M. Mandit 187 chest blacktea— Someshcandra and Co. 223 chest blacktea— R. Maganlal and Co.

To Beberin:—

56 cases vegetable ghe— B. Medn aram and Co. 10 bales cotton piecegoods— C. F. Canarawara and Co. 28 bags manufactured tobacco— T. Shikabhai.

To Karachi:—

15 barrels lubricating oil— Hardcastlewand and Co. Ltd. 28 cases cotton hosiery— Mahalaxmi Hosiery factory 150 bdls rubber rings— Thomas Koral. 232 cases leather shippers —Habib Bank Ltd.

To Buarah:—

25 bales cotton waste— David Sassoon and Co. Ltd. 11 bales cotton piecegoods— A. R. Bussan Bros. 102 bags tamarind E. Ani and Bros. 100 bags tamarind E. Aikaji and Co. 55 casks mango pickles— A. G. Yusuf 5 bales cotton piecegoods— Yarafkhan and Co.

S. S. RIZWANI

TO ADEN—60 bales cotton piecegoods—Manilal & Sons, 16 bales cotton piecegoods—S. P. Shah, 15 bales cotton piecegoods—P. Jayantilal, 27 bales cotton piecegoods — Central Trading Co., 15 bales cotton piecegoods—K. Talukchand, 6 cases mangoes—P. Ochhawlal & Bros. 100 bags dry fish—Y. H. S. Husain & Bros.

TO PORT SUDAN—6 bales cotton piecegoods—Eastern Trading Co., 45 bales cotton piecegoods—T. Nemchand & Co. 6 bales cotton piecegoods—S. P. Devidas.

TO JEDDAH—5 bags cumin seer—A. A. Kadar, 28 cases aluminium ware —L. Amichand

S. S TUNGSHA

TO ROTTERDAM—212 drums groundnut oil—K. R Setty, 136 drums groundnut oil—Eastern Oil Mills & Co.

TO ANTWERP—600 bdls anti gas bags—L. Govindji 50 bags fennel seeds—C. Gokchand, 50 bales cotton waste—A. B. Intertex, 89 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

TO GENOA—270 drums groundnut oil—Shree Narayan Oil Mills, 138 drums groundnut oil—Kamani Oil Mill 271 drums groundnut oil—Baroda Oil Mill.

TO GOTHENBURG—75 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co. 50 bales cotton waste—A. B. Intertex, 50 bales cotton waste—G. M. Vyas & Co., 28 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

TO COPENHAGEN—160 bales cotton waste—A. B Intertext 3434 bales cotton waste—Sapt Trading Products (India) Ltd

TO BARCELONA—544 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Prods. (India) Ltd.

S S. CILICIA

TO LIVERPOOL—400 bales raw cotton—Rali Bros. Ltd., 75 bales cotton waste—Y. A. Save & Co., 278 bales cotton waste—G. M. Vyas & Co., 100 yellow vickings—Eastern Cotton Co.

TO GLASGOW—1154 bags linseed—Eastern Imp & Exp Co

CITY OF SWANSEA

TO PHILADELPHIA—50 bales raw wool—H. S. Chowada & Son.

S. S. PRESIDENT BUCHANAN

114 bags gum karya—D. Mavji & Co., 934 bags gum karaya—K. M. Nathoo, 150 bales jute rugs—Chunilal & Co., 4,000 bags myrabollams—H. Bhagwandas & Co., 1,600 bags myrabollams—R. Ba.

TO PORT SAID—40 bags hunea powder—The Hina Export Co.

TO SYDNEY—10 bdls. sandle wood —M. C. Mehta & Co.

TO MARSEILLES—41 bales goat skins—Indian Industrial Development Trust.

TO BOSTON—16 bales cotton raw—Bombay Cotton Export Import Co.

S. S. JALDURGA

TO KARACHI—50 pkgs. beetle leaves—G. Ratansee 50 pkgs. mangoes—G. Ratansee, 5 pkgs. beetle leaves—I. K. Shamji, 15 cases chewing sticks and 70 cases toilet requisite—Lever Bros. (India) Ltd., 14 cases cotton hosiery—A H Esmail & Co., 20 bales absorbent cotton wool—S. Mohmed & Sons. 150 bags glass bottles—I. G. Kassamdas, 350 drums silicate of soda—H. K Sinadha.

S S INCHMAL

To Colombo:—84 cases castor oil—The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

To Rangoon:—5 bales cotton piecegoods—A. A. M Motiwalla Ltd., 10 bags gum karaya, 10 bags gum alibanum, 7 bales cotton piecegoods—C. E. Surtee and Sons, 155 bales cotton waste—C. M. Vyas and Co.

S.S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi —25 baskets tamarind—A. S. H. A. Mohmed, 116 bags myrabollams—M. N A H Sarif, 30 baskets beedis—M H. A Karim, 5 bags hirakashi and 37 bags calcium—A. S. M. H. Mohmed. 10 bags alum—A. G. Abdulla Bros. 300 baskets bettle leaves—N. B. Kakad.

CITY OF DELHI

To Liverpool.—21 bales raw wool—H. A. Panji. 129 drums castor oil—Bombay Oil Chemical Works.

S.S. JALVEERA

To Liverpool.—25 bales cotton piecegoods—Chellson Ltd. 300 bales raw cotton—S. R. Tulchan and Co. Ltd.

To Rotterdam:—245 drums paint—The Bombay Oil Mills

S.S. PERCEPTER

To Rangoon—27 (casks sulphuric acid—B. C. Bhat and Co. 6 cases paint—Peninsula J and P. Works.

S.S. AKBAR

To Karachi:—45 jottas bettle leaves—V. Cockman, 25 jottas bettle leaves—M. O A. Jani, 50 jottas bettle—P [illegible] and Co. 40 barrels pappyshell A. G. Hamed. 150 pkgs bettle leaves—A. Alimahomed, 40 cases mangoes—M. A. Sumad, 100 jottas mangoes—I. Abdulla.

S.S. PURNTAK

To Hongkong:—10 cases kashew karnels Tawari and Bros. 10 edls sandal wood.

S.S. PIRCE PHONE

To Rangoon:—10 cases hanging lamps—A. Mohmed, 50 bdls dry fish bombles—D. T. Dalabhan and Co. 40 bags glass bottles—A Gulamhusain.

To Colombo:—130 bags stell meats. —H. E. Dosa.

S.S. FATIMA

To Karachi:—36 bags soap gol—M. and H. Khamisa.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"STEELDESIGNER" arrived from New York, on April 21, with some General Cargo (M.M.)

"FATIMA" arrived from Colombo, on April 21, with 605 tons of General Cargo (Mackintosh).

"JAYHIND" arrived from Tuticorin, on April 22 with 600 tons of General Cargo (New Dholera).

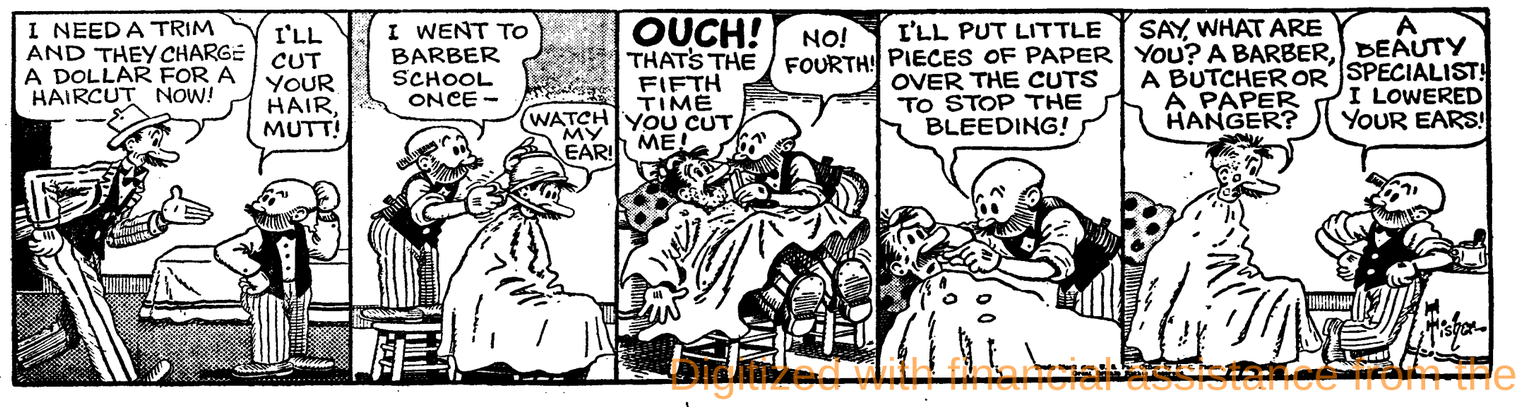
"TALISSE" arrived from Rotterdam, on April 22, with 95 passengers on saloon, for other ports and 4,500 tons of General Cargo (Volkert).

SAILINGS

"PORT STANWIX" sailed for Bahrein, on April 21, in ballast.

"COSSIPORE" sailed for Cochin, on April 21, with 825 tons of General Cargo.

MUTT AND JEFF—That was A Haircut With All The Trimmings By BUD FISHER


I NEED A TRIM AND THEY CHARGE A DOLLAR FOR A HAIRCUT NOW!
I'LL CUT YOUR HAIR, MUTT!
I WENT TO BARBER SCHOOL ONCE—
WATCH MY EAR!
OUCH! THAT'S THE FIFTH TIME YOU CUT ME!
NO! FOURTH!
I'LL PUT LITTLE PIECES OF PAPER OVER THE CUTS TO STOP THE BLEEDING!
SAY, WHAT ARE YOU? A BARBER, A BUTCHER OR A PAPER HANGER?
A BEAUTY SPECIALIST! I LOWERED YOUR EARS!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Highly educated foreign returned Gujarati of rich family wants to marry with cultured educated accomplished girl. Correspondence Box No. 8617 "Bombay Chronicle".

Ashtasahasram Graduate settled Bombay wants bride any subject. Fair educated girl, family chief consideration. Apply early Box No. 8614, "Bombay Chronicle."

PERSONAL ADLETS

Wanted a newly born fair Male Child for adoption by a lady. Guarantees a comfortable home. Write to Box No. 8616, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Teachers for the Gokhale Education Society's National High School, Shirgaon, Bhilad, Dt. Thana, as under (1) One B.A., B.T. with languages, (2) One B.Sc. B.T., with Mathematics and Science, (3) One Drawing Teacher D.T. Pay according to Ghate-Parulekar Report.—Principal. 8596

Women's College, Aligarh University. Applications are invited for the posts of lady lecturers in Botany, Chemistry, Domestic Science, Economics, Education, English, European and Indian History, Geography, Mathematics, Physical Culture, Physics, Political Science, Philosophy, Urdu and Zoology in Grades I and II on 300-20-500 and 150-15-300, respectively. For grade I candidates must possess either foreign qualifications or a Research Degree of an Indian University; for grade II at least a Second Class M.A. Higher starting salary may be given for teaching experience. Librarian in the grade 100-; Lady Doctor an M.B.B.S. with some hospital experience on 100-10-150; Nurse on 75-5-100. Applications must reach the Honorary Secy. before 30th April, 1948. 8591

Wanted experienced men in Banking and Insurance, at least ten years experience, to audit books, secure business Banking and Insurance, Cash Security Rs 5,000/- salary and allowances according to qualifications. Write to Box No 8705 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted L.E.E. Apply Kalpana Engineering Co., Abid Road, Hyderabad-Dn. (8606)

Wanted experienced Linotype Operators for a leading Daily Newspaper. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 3030 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus. 51, Esplanade Road. (8610)

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

Doctor's Insurance Examination register and insurist's Business Register: Indispensable record books for doctors and Life Insurance Agents respectively, compiled by B. N. Vani, B.A., A.C.I.I. Available from Narendra N. Shah, 132-D, Bhagatwadi, Bhuleshwar, Bombay. 8598

MEDICAL ADLETS

Specific for Hysteria and Epilepsy cures radically the diseases by killing and emitting their black germs through sneezing, if only one dose is entered into his nostrils when the patient is in the state of fit. Apply in English or Hindi. Mahatma Avadhut Baba, Dandak Ban, P. O. Chitrakot, U. P. (8605)

God's Gift Medicine for Asthma Rs. 1/5/- including V P. charges. Menaka Debi, 19, S N Banerji Rd., Calcutta 5462B

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale Running Cloth Shop with Goodwill, contact Mills Cloth Depot, Govalia Tank Road, Shop No. 131 Nana Chowk. 8589

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale—Renault and Skoda Cars 1936 Model, in good working order Apply: Raval Tiles and Marble 97-A, Queen's Road, Bombay. 8225

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Stockists for high quality and cheap foreign cigarettes. Complete sample case of eight varieties sent by V. P against a nominal deposit of Rs. 7/8/- (refundable if not approved or deducted with first order) Price list free. American Tobacco Corporation. Ghaziabad (U.P.) (8016)

Wanted:—Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith and Co., Dacca (Bengal). 8528

MACHINERY FOR SALE

40 Tons Inclinable Power Presses, for cutting, punching, Drawing Presses, Capstain—Turret Lathes, 3¾" Radial Drill, 8" Slotting, 24" Boring, 40" Band Saw for Steel Cutting, Woodworking Machinery, Hydro Centrifugals, Air Vacuum Pumps, all English. Dinshaw 105 Apollo Street, Bombay. 8567

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF HEALTH.
MEDICAL SCHOLARSHIPS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the grant of Government Scholarships and travel fellowships from medical and science graduates with experience of post-graduate, teaching and research work for higher training abroad in the following medical and allied subjects: Special branches in Medicine, Special branches in surgery, obstetrical and Gynaecological Surgery, Maternity and Child Welfare, Bacteriology, Pathology and its branches, Industrial Health and Medicine, Tuberculosis, Public Health Administration, Pharmacology, Anaesthesia, Venereal Diseases, Dermatology, Epidemiological and Communicable diseases, Radiology, School Hygiene, ANATOMY INCLUDING EMBRYOLOGY, PHYSIOLOGY, HEALTH EDUCATION (MEDICAL), PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING, BIOCHEMISTRY AND NUTRITION, FOOD CHEMISTRY AND BACTERIOLOGY, DRUG ANALYSIS, MANUFACTURE AND CONTROL OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, MANUFACTURE AND FITTING OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, MEDICAL ZOOLOGY, AND MEDICAL STATISTICS. The Medical Graduates in Science can also apply for the last eleven subjects. For all other subjects candidates should have medical degrees. Candidates for travel fellowships should be senior officers holding responsible posts such as Professors, Assistant Professors, etc., in Medical Colleges, Teaching Hospitals, etc. Application in quadruplicate in the prescribed form obtainable from the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Health, New Delhi should reach the Provincial Government concerned in the case of candidates residing in the Provinces not later than the 15th May, 1948. Applications from candidates residing in Centrally Administered Areas should reach the Chief Commissioner concerned before the 15th May, 1948. Applications from War Service candidates who are not employed under Provincial Governments or Chief Commissioners of Centrally Administered Areas should reach the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Health, New Delhi, by the 15th May, 1948.

(8226)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

TENDERS

TENDERS are hereby invited from approved C.P.W.D. contractors for the work "Development of Southern Operational Area at Santa Cruz Aerodrome (Constructing of roads, car parks and concrete pavements for taxi tracks aprons etc.) at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,81,800/-.

Tender will be received by the undersigned upto 12 noon on 27-4-48 and opened on the same day at 12-30 p.m.

Tender forms can be purchased during the Office hours from the Office of undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/4/- upto 26-4-48.

Tenders containing any additional condition shall not be considered.

(Sd.) I. S. CHOPRA,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Division No. 1.
Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

8201

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO. LIMITED.
JAMSHEDPUR.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Medical Graduates for the post of Assistant Medical Officer for the Medical Department, Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur.

The post carries a salary of Rs. 200/- in the scale of Rs. 200-20-300 with free unfurnished quarters or 10 per cent of salary in lieu thereof.

The selected candidates will be eligible for leave, provident fund, profit-sharing bonus and dearness allowances. Private practice will be allowed provided it does not interfere with official duties.

Applications stating age, medical registration number etc., with copies of three recent testimonials, should reach the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employment), Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before THE 5TH MAY, 1948.

(8189)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Chief Draftsmen to the scale of Rs. 400-50-650/- per month for the General Drawing Office of the Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur. Dearness allowance of Rs. 74/14/- (minimum) also payable.

The post is for a period of three years in the first instance, and the selected candidate will be on probation for six months. Candidates must possess a degree or diploma in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised university, plus at least 5 years experience in design and in supervising work of a large Drawing Office dealing with both Mechanical and Structural work. Preference will be given to candidates possessing additional qualifications in structural engineering and experience in Steel Works. Applications stating age, etc: should reach the Chief Engineer of the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, by not later than 7TH MAY, 1948.

(8206)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

SEPARATE APPLICATIONS are invited, before 15TH MAY, 1948, preferably from the natives of the Province of Bombay and Non-Muslim refugees, for the following posts at the school of Industry, Satara, Bijapur and Hubli under the Department of Industries, Bombay:—

No.	Designation of the post	No. of posts	Scale of pay Rs.	Qualifications.
1	2	3	4	5
	1. Superintendent.	2	130-10-200	Degree or Diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University of Institute with practical and/or teaching experience of at least 5 years.
*	2. Technical Draughtsman	2	70-3-130	Degree or Diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University or Institute. Candidates with practical and/or teaching experience will be given preference.
	3. Fitter.	3	72-4-100	
*	4. Turner and Machinist.	3	60-3-75	Candidates with practical and/or teaching experience in the line for at least one year will be preferred.
	5. Smith.	2	50-2-60	
*	6. Moulder.	3	35-2-45	
	7. Carpentry Instructor.	2	72-4-100	Certificate of the Board of Technical and Industrial Training in Carpentry a Course with at least 3 years practical and/or teaching experience.
	8. Assistant Carpentry Instructor.	2	50-2-60	Candidate with practical and/or teaching experience in the line for at least one year will be preferred.
*	9. Agricultural Smith and Carpenter.	3	60-3-75	Certificate of the Board of Technical and Industrial Training in Agriculture Carpentry and Smithy, with at least 3 years practical and/or teaching experience.
*	10. Assistant Handloom Instructor.	1	35-2-45	Candidate with practical and/or teaching experience in Handloom Industry for at least one year will be preferred.
*	11. Fibre Instructor (Theoretical)	1	70-3-130	Candidate should possess at least five years practical and/or teaching experience in fibre Industries.
*	12. Fibre Instructor (Practical).	1	70-3-130	
*	13. Assistant Fibre Instructor.	1	60-3-75	Candidate should possess at least three years practical and/or teaching experience in fibre Industries.
*	14. Stitching Master.	1	35-2-45	Certificate of the Board of Technical and Industrial Training in Tailoring and Cutting. Candidates with practical experience in the line will be preferred.
*	15. Mechanic.	1	60-3-75	Certificate of the Board of Technical and Industrial Training in Mechanical Apprentice. Candidates with practical experience in the line will be preferred.
	16. Clerk.	2	46-3-85-E.B. 4-125-5-130	Candidates should have passed the Matriculation examination of any recognised University. Knowledge of accounts is an additional qualification.

*(The Scales of pay of these posts are subject to revision).

Candidates for the above posts will be entitled to the Dearness Allowance as may be sanctioned by Government from time to time.

Candidates for the above posts, except, for those for the posts of clerks, should be not more than 30 years of age on the date of appointment. Candidates for the posts of clerks should not be more than 25 years in the case of Advanced Communities and 28 years in the case of Intermediate and Backward Communities, on the date of appointment.

The posts are temporary but are likely to be made permanent and pensionable.

For detailed conditions of appointment and form of application write to the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay. 8198

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership business, lately carried on by the undersigned at 29, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, in the firm name of S. NARAEN & CO., as dealers in Saffron and Piece Goods, etc. has been DISSOLVED as from the 31st day of March, 1948, and the name and the Goodwill of the business has been taken over by Bal Rajaram as from that Day.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1948.

(1.) Mukundrao S. Kambli.
(2) Burjorji Nasarvanji Fitter
(3.) Sushilabai Kambli.

8601

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO. LIMITED.
JAMSHEDPUR.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Time Study Men in the newly formed Industrial Engineering Department of Messrs. The Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur. Starting rate Rs 300/- per month. Essential qualifications required are—University Graduate with a Degree in Engineering—First or Second Class only. Candidates with two years or more practical experience in an Industrial concern are preferred. Selected candidates will be trained in the following branches of Industrial Engineering. (a) Work Measurement (b) Job Evalution, (c) Methods Analysis (d) Incentive Plans and (e) Work simplification. Promotion will be by merit with excellent possibility for advancement for qualified men.

Selected candidates will be on probation for a period of six months. They will be entitled to dearness and other allowances, the profit-sharing bonus, benefits of provident fund, leave etc, according to the rules and regulations of the Steel Company, as applicable from time to time to the employees of the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd.

Applicants should submit, to the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employments) BY THE 30TH APRIL, 1948, the following information:—

1. Name in full.
2. Age.
3. Education commencing from Matriculation—give class obtained and year.
4. Single or married.
5. Experience — give complete description of duties including supervisory experiences.
6. Present salary.
7. Technical Interest.

(8190)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).
LOST: SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 17804 in respect of 5 Preference Shares Nos. 59445 to 59449 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd., (in Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the names of Mrs. Kisanabai Bankatlal Bhayya and Mr. Bankatlal Fulchand has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Share Certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 23rd April 1948.
KISANABAI BANKATLAL BHAYYA.
BANKATLAL FULCHND.

8607

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF HEALTH.
(DENTAL SCHOLARSHIPS)

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the grant of Government Scholarships from the dental licentiates and graduates, with experience of post graduate teaching and research work for higher training in dentistry in United Kingdom and United States of America. Applications in quadruplicate in the prescribed form obtainable from the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Health, New Delhi, should reach the Provincial Government concerned in the case of candidates residing in the Provinces not later than the 15th May, 1948. Applications from candidates residing in Centrally Administered Areas should reach the Chief Commissioner concerned before the 15th May, 1948. Applications from War service candidates, who are not employed under Provincial Governments or Chief Commissioners of Centrally Administered areas should reach the Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Health Government of India, New Delhi by the 15th May, 1948.

(8227)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard) from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 4 Mill, and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Friday the 30th April 1948, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department E.D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 8222

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. & TRADING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates for 60 Shares Nos. 21245, 51718,21, 245989, 027, 52775 of the above company standing in the name of Mr. Antonio Santanna Fernandes have been lost or mislaid. Any person having any claim over the said shares should notify to the Company at its registered office at "Scindia House", Ballard Estate, Bombay No. 1 within 14 days from the date hereof. Otherwise, steps will be taken to obtain the duplicate certificates from the company.

ANTONIO SANTANNA, FERNANDES,
Signature of Shareholder.
Bombay.

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

SEALED TENDERS are again invited from registered C.P.W.D. contractors and also from firms of standing on the line for the work of "Installation of obstruction lights on Mill Chimneys in the vicinity of Ahmedabad Aerodrome" consisting of the following work:

(a) Structural work for the fabrication and erection of steel ladders and platform for seven Mill Chimneys and one Hospital Chimney at an approximate cost of Rs. 32,000/-
(b) Provision of obstruction lights on Mill Chimneys and Hospital Chimney (Electrical portion) at an approximate cost of Rs. 26,000/-

Copies of Tender documents can be had from the undersigned on any working day between 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. and from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. on Saturdays from 26th April 1948. The last date for the receipt of tenders is 14th May 1948 (up to 12 noon on that day). Copies of tender for each work can be had on a payment of Rs. 5/- per copy.

(Sd.) A. J. RAJU,
Electrical Engineer,
Aviation Electrical Division,
CPWD., Bombay.
R.A.F. Barracks, Vile Parle P.O., Bombay 24.

(8185)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. CHATURBHAI MANGALBHAI PATEL, Mr. SHANTILAL NAGINDAS MARFATIA & GOSWAMINI SHRI RATNAPRABHAVAHUJI and SHRI HARIPRIYA BETIJI, the Trustees appointed under the Scheme framed in High Court Suit No. 1423 of 1935 have contracted to sell to our client the property described below free from all encumbrances. All persons having any claims against the said property are hereby required to communicate the same to the undersigned at Nos. 41/45 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground (Pension Tax redeemed), containing by admeasurement 140 Square Yards bearing New Survey No. 612 Cadastral Survey No. 2851 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the building standing thereon, bearing Municipal C Ward Nos. 5138(2) and 5139 and Old Street Nos. 233, 239 and New Street Nos. 182, 184, situate at Panjrapole Street, on the North side of Bhuleshwar Road and bounded on the West by property of the late Sadanand Shrikrishna, on the East by the Panjrapole Street and partly by the property formerly of Moolji Bhagwandas Barbhaya and now of Mr. Matubhai Kasanbhai, on the North by a range of Chawls belonging to Mr. Matubhai Kasanbhai and on the South by the said Bhuleshwar Road.

Dated this 21st day of April, 1948.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys

(3238)

AUCTION SALES

SALE TO-DAY

IMPORTANT TO COPPER AND BRASS MERCHANTS, SHIPCHANDLERS AND MILL-OWNERS.

AUCTION SALE of one big lot of Brass Pipes 3/4" about 12 ft. length TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 23rd inst., at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms, No. 72, Medows Street, under instructions from the Party concerned. Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

PRIZE OF Rs. 500/-
to best male and female writers on
"IS MARRIAGE A NECESSITY?"
LADY MANAGER
MARRIAGE GAZETTE
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